GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

VOL. XXXIV, NO. 8

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, June 19th, 1907.

WANT COLUMN.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be published in this column at the rate of 1 cent a word; no ad taken for less than 10 cents. If you want to buy, sell or trade anything, try the want column.

MEN WANTED By the Grand Rapids Pulp & Paper Co. at Biron. Can also use a number of boys.

FOUND—A folding 32in rule. Owner may have same by calling at the Tribune office and paying for this notice.

FOR SALE Wood sawing outfit, rips, one wanting a house power gasoline engine. Good working order. Inquire of Peter Godon.

FOR SALE 80 acre cranberry marsh at very low price. 15 acres scalped and planted with marsh and fancy vines. Good water supply and drainage. Description SE SE and NW SE sec. 1, Town 21, R. 6 east, Wood County. For further information inquire at this office.

FOR RENT Two 8 room houses, one on East and one on West side. Taylor & Scott

FOR TRADE A good farm of 180 acres under cultivation, build nps and stock, 6½ miles from Grand Rapids for property in city of Grand Rapids. Will accept residence valued at $2,500 as part trade. Price of my farm is $30 per acre and is well worth $35. Address C. F. care Tribune office.

FOR SALE 80 120 160 and larger acre farms with stock and all implements. Fred Brown & Co., Office Marconi Hotel, Nekoosa, Wisconsin. mo

OFFICE ROOMS TO RENT—Inquire Dr. Chas. Pomainville.

WANTED—A girl at the Commercial Hotel.

MEN WANTED.

—Men Wanted by the Port Ewards Fibre Co., to work in the pulp and paper mill and yard at Port Edwards, Wis. Good board at 3.50 per week at Port Edwards or Grand Rapids. Train service between Grand Rapids and Port Edwards at 5c fare.

Rural Carriers Increased.

The pay of rural carriers has been increased from $720 to $900 per year, the increase to go into effect on the first of July. The rural carriers have probably done more work for the money than any other class of government employes, and are certainly entitled to the raise.



SINCERITY CLOTHES

THERE are plenty of young men's clothes sold that look good at the start, but the appearance doesn't always last. The inside of a garment is something like the works of a watch: you can't tell from the looks of the case how long it will run or what kind of time it will keep. So if you get genuine young men's clothes you've got to get them from an authority on this kind. That means buying of us.

Specimen Values

in Fashionable New Suits.

Brown silk striped worsted suits, new shape, with dip, handsome..... $25

Gray Diagonal, Gray Club Check and Gray striped Worsted suits..... $20

Silk Mixed Worsted, Silk Mixed Cheviot, Silk Mixed Scotch suits..... $15

Striped Mixed Color and Fancy Plaid Suits newest fashionable ideas..... $15

Self Striped Plaids, Blue, Gray and Black Worsted suits..... $15

Pure Indigo Dye Blue Serge Heavy Weight suits..... $15

Australian Worsted Thibet Suits, authentic fashionable models..... $15

Sampson & Halvorsen

The Home of Sincerity Clothes.

CONNECTIONS MADE

Wood County Telephone Company now Connected with the Wisconsin Company.

On Monday connections were made between the Wood County Telephone company and the Wisconsin telephone company, and since that time it has been possible for our people to talk with almost any city in the state or out of it right in their homes.

When it was first proposed to make connections with the Wisconsin Telephone company there was considerable opposition to the scheme, and some of our citizens were of the opinion that the local company was going to lose its independence if any connections were made with the trust. As the demand became stronger and stronger for the service, however, those in charge of the matter came to the conclusion that it would be the best way out of the difficulty, so it was decided that the connection be made.

There are a large number of people in the city who desire long distance connections, and some of them desire it very much. Those most in need of it are the factories and similar places that do a considerable amount of long distance talking, and who are located a long way from the down town offices. In some instances it required a walk of a mile to reach the telephone, which was anything but pleasant to a man whose time is occupied much of the time.

Another matter that the local company has been wrestling with for some time past is that of changing over the exchange at this point to central energy. This change has been decided upon and a new switchboard has been ordered, which it is expected will be here and ready for installation in the near future, and inside of a few days from its arrival the change will be made to central energy.

The new plan will do away with the ringing for central, as all that will be necessary will be to take down the receiver and central will answer and ask for the number that is wanted and the connection will be made at once. The new system is much more rapid than the one we are now working under, and wherever it has been tried it gives excellent satisfaction. It is expected that the change will be made without any interruption of the service.

Band Concert.

The following is the program for the band concert which will be given on the west side on Thursday evening:

March—Satsuma.....C. D Williamson
Serenade—Summer Night..O. Sutton
Waltz—Janice Meredith...L. Gaston
Cornet Solo—The Holy City..... Adams
G. D. Fritzsinger
Two Thomas Cats.....L. C. Smith
Back Among the Clover and the Bees .....M. Colter
Selection from Martha.....Tobani
March—Wedding Feast.....Taylor

Orson and William Cochran left on Tuesday for Janesville to attend the alumni meeting of the school for blind.

Hurt in a Runaway.

Mrs. Wm. Nash was quite painfully injured on Friday afternoon by being thrown from a buggy on the bridge, while the horse was running away.

Mrs. Nash, in company with Mrs. VerBunker, of Port Edwards, was out riding that afternoon and they stopped at Landry's harness shop to have some work done on the bridle. When the bridle was taken off the horse, a rope was put about its neck and Mrs. VerBunker was about to tie it to the hitching post in front of the harness shop, when it broke away and started across the bridge.

Mrs. Nash was sitting in the rig and was holding Mrs. VerBunker's baby when the horse started to run, and she held onto the little one until she was thrown from the rig near the center of the bridge and the baby was not hurt in the least.

The running horse collided with a rig belonging to Dr. V. P. Norton and demolished the buggy, threw Mrs. Nash out and was later stopped. Mrs. Nash was rendered assistance at once and it was thought at first that she was seriously injured, as she fainted from her injuries, and was unconscious when picked up, but a careful examination failed to locate any broken bones, and she has since been rapidly recovering, and will soon be as well as ever. Taken altogether it was a most lucky escape for all that were mixed up in the matter.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

The Methodist parsonage is receiving a new coat of paint.

Mrs. E. A. Stoddard visited her husband at Merrill Sunday.

J. T. Gormley of Portland, Oregon, was the guest of Earle Pense over Sunday.

Miss Ida Fisher was called to her home near Marshfield on Tuesday by the death of her father.

Mrs. Dave Lutz Jr. and father left on Saturday for a few weeks visit with relatives at West Superior.

A. L. Gross visited relatives at Nekoosa during the past week, going down on Friday and returning Tuesday.

Rev. Baun left this morning for Fond du Lac where he will attend the meeting of the Lutheran Senate of Wisconsin.

Miss Luella Jackson returned to her home in this city on Monday, after completing a successful course at the Milwaukee Normal.

Mrs. John Schwenk, who has been visiting relatives in the east for the past three months, returned to this city this morning.

Mesdames E. J. Whitney, D. J. Arpin and Wm. Scott left on Tuesday for a short visit with relatives and friends at Chicago.

Mrs. E. W. Ellis returned on Monday from Merrill, where she had been visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Stange.

Rev. Maack left on Tuesday for Milwaukee to attend the convention of the Lutheran Minister's Senate. He expects to be gone about a week.

Miss Mattie Bronson arrived home Saturday from Auburndale, where she has been teaching during the past ten months, to spend her vacation in this city.

Mrs. Louisa Jehlon and son Malcom of LaCrosse arrived in the city on Tuesday to spend a couple of weeks at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Henry McCann.

Misses Mabel Querle, Elsie Baruch and Cassie Canning went down to Nekoosa Friday to attend a young people's dance given at that place Friday evening.

Messrs. James Hamilton, Charles Briere, John Hildner and Misses Anna Reeves and Bernice Johnson were in Marshfield Friday evening to attend the Junior Prom.

Mr. Schueler and John Planke of this city and Herman Hoisor of Seneca left this morning for Milwaukee to attend the convention of the Lutheran Senate of Wisconsin.

Manager Crawford of the Stevens Point exchange has been in the city several days past assisting in making the connection between the local company and the Wisconsin Telephone Co.

John Hamm, one of the substantial farmers of the town of Rudolph, was a pleasant caller at this office yesterday. Mr. Hamm says the hay crop will be rather light out his way this year.

Anton L. Peickard, a seventeen year old lad of Stevens Point lost his life on Saturday in the Wisconsin river by the capsizing of a skiff, while out fishing with a companion.

Mr. and Mrs J. S Thompson left on Tuesday for Milwaukee and Chicago on a pleasure trip. Mrs. Thompson will join a party of friends at Chicago and visit the Jamestown exposition before her return.

Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Fraser of Chicago arrived here the past week and have taken charge of the culinary department of the Hotel Dixon. Both are experts in their line, Mrs. Fraser taking charge of the pastry department.

—Most of the streets are completed and are in fine condition in the new Outlook addition on Grand Avenue, West side. Get in on the ground floor, make an early selection of the choice lots at $60.00 to $80.00. Let us show you the lots. Geo. N. and Guy R. Wood. tf.

This office is informed that negotiations are in progress, which if carried out will see the old Central House on the east side reopened. It is understood that if the deal goes thru the place will be entirely remodeled, making it a first class hotel to be run on the European plan.

WE WILL CELEBRATE.

Money has been Subscribed and Program Prepared for the Grand Event.

The firemen report that they have been getting along in fine shape in the matter of getting money for the celebration on the Fourth, and with what will be subscribed hereafter there will be plenty of the necessary funds to give the people a day of unceasing pleasure.

There will be two ball games during the day, one in the forenoon and one in the afternoon, the opposing teams being Grand Rapids and Merrill, and there will also be minor events during the day to take up the time and amuse those who do not care for baseball. The following committees have charge of the different matters pertaining to the day:

Arrangements J. Lutz, R. L. Nash, C. A. Dixon.

Finance—A. N. Palmer, G. Schuman and R. L. Nash.

Fire Works—S. Rowson, Bert Nason, Ed Phillco, Otto Bein and Wm. Barchell.

Dance—R. L. Nash, Clark Lynn, Matt Carey, Wm. Prihbanow, Frank Wagner, Herman Abel and B Metzger.

Races—G. Schuman, O. Stratton, C. Gibson, Walter Dixon, Geo. Krieger. Entries for the races should be left with Charles Dixon.

The following program has been prepared for the occasion:

Forty-five guns at sunrise.

8:30 to 9:30—Band Concert, East Side.

9 to 10:30—Farmers' Tug of war, East Side market square. Catching grease pig on Second St.

10:30 to 11:30—Band concert, West Side. During band concert sack and wheelbarrow and other races on Grand Avenue.

11 a. m.—Fire run, West Side.

1:30 to 2:00—Concert on West Side.

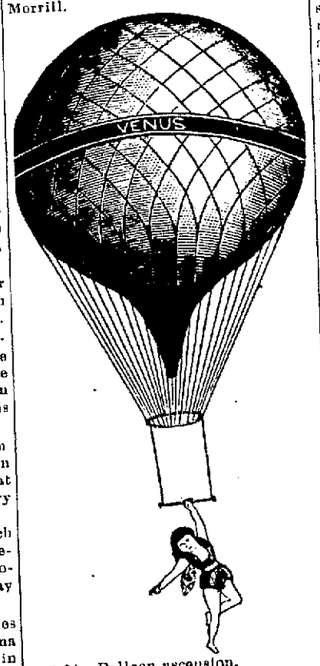
2 p. m.—Bicyle race starting from Dixon House to St. Paul depot back across bridge, down First Street to Library back on Second Street across bridge to Dixon House.

2:15—Band parade to East Side

2:30—Fire run, East Side.

3:00—Band parade to ball ground.

3:15—Ball game Grand Rapids vs. Morrill.



5.00—Balloon ascension.

7 to 8:30—Band concert on streets. Swimming contests, tub races, etc., near Grand Ave. bridge.

8:30—Fire works, William's Island.

9:30—Grand ball and concert. Ten piece orchestra. Tickets 1.00, spectators 25c.

Lovers of the National Game of "base ball" may witness a game at ball park from 10 to 12 between Grand Rapids and Merrill. Don't fail to see the final game commencing at 3:15 Grand Rapids vs Merrill. Admission 25cts. Ladies free. Seats, 10 cts.

Will Have a Vaudeville.

Grand Rapids is indeed becoming a sure-enough metropolis. Not satisfied with an electric theater, the like of which cannot be found this side of Kalamazoo, we are now going to have a vaudeville. Now a town may have all kinds of theaters, but there is only one kind, the vaudeville, that can be taken as a true criterion of the progressiveness of a burg.

The new vaudeville will be in the upper story of the Silber building, over Levin's store. A stairway, large and capacious, is being constructed on the outside, and it is stated that the hall in the upper story will be converted into a theater, and here there will be displayed all the alluring features of the up-to-date vaudeville. They expect to be in operation in the near future.

Death of D. J. Cole.

D. J. Cole of Rhinelander died on Friday at his home in that city, after an illness of some time from bright's disease. Deceased was formerly a resident of Grand Rapids and is known by all of our older residents being a member of the firm of Spafford Cole & Co. He is survived by a wife and one daughter, who have the sympathy of their many friends in Grand Rapids.

The funeral was held at Rhinelander on Monday.

The New School.

The school board at its meeting on Monday evening opened the bids for the construction of the new manual training and domestic science school. There were several bids in for the general construction work, the amounts ranging from $30,000 to $36,000. None of these were accepted, but the building committee recommended that the matter be taken up with the George Smith Construction Co. of Kaukauna, whose bid was considered to be one of the most favorable.

The plans of the new building, which were prepared by Chandler & Park, show the exterior to be almost a duplicate of the Lincoln school, although the smaller in size. The building will be located 60 feet south of the Lincoln building and will be connected with the latter by an elevated passage way. This passage way will be heated, so that during the cold weather scholars may go from one building to the other without any inconvenience whatever. The name of the new school will be "Witter School."

When finished and equipped, the school will be second to none in the state, and the school board expect to have something that the people can point to with pride.

The committee also opened the bids on Tuesday for the heating and plumbing, but they were all on the vacuum system and were all rejected.

Death of E. J. Fuller.

E. J. Fuller, one of the pioneer residents of the town of Rudolph, died on Monday morning from the effects of a kick which he received the day before.

Mr. Fuller was seventy-six years of age and had been a resident of Rudolph for many years and was well known to most of the residents of this city. He leaves a wife and several grown up children, among the latter being Mrs. George Moulton of this city.

The funeral will be held tomorrow morning from the home, services by Rev. Fred Staff, and the remains will be brought to this city and interred in Forest Hill cemetery.

Hurt His Shoulder.

Fred Roenius is suffering from a badly injured shoulder, which caused him to spend ten days in the hospital at Windsor, Canada. Fred was assisting in getting a wagon out of a rut, and the vehicle had been moved a short distance, when the horses suddenly backed, allowing the wagon to settle back with such violence that Fred's arm was wrenched in a violent manner, tearing the ligaments loose in his shoulder. It is probable that he will be unable to use the arm for some time.

Some Summer Weather.

This section of the country enjoyed its first touch of summer weather on Sunday and Monday, when the mercury soared up to the nineties and stayed there for about two days while the citizens sweltered and at the same time tried to look happy, because everybody knew that we needed the hot weather, and if we did not have it that there would be very little doing on the farms in this vicinity. A light shower visited this section on Monday evening which was most welcome, as it cooled the atmosphere somewhat and helped vegetation.

Moving the Barn

The city barn is being removed from the park on the east side and will be placed on the market square for the present, or until a fire engine house is constructed that will take the place of it. This will give the park commissioners a chance to get this little park on the east side in some kind of shape.

The Trouble Has Been Discovered.

At last the cause of the deficit in the postal system has been discovered. It is all brought about because the postal clerks have been using too much jute twine in tying up the packages of letters. We do not know who made the discovery, but suppose it was Postmaster General von Meyer, who has issued an order to the effect that clerks shall use "twine only sufficient for security, and its removal at points of destination should be made in such a manner as to render possible its further use." Who would have suspected that the shortage of several million dollars per annum could be attributed to such a small cause as using too much string in tying up the letters. The postmaster general in his search for the shortage seems to have entirely overlooked the printing of envelopes below cost and the shipment to their destination by mail, deadhead. He also probably never heard of the thousands of tons of mail matter that are sent out deadhead by congressmen and senators, all of which has to be transported at an enormous rate. But then he may hear of it some day, or if he don't, one of his successors in office may when of course the evil will be remedied at once.

Miss Ruby Natwick, who has been studying music in Baltimore for sometime past, returned to her home in this city this morning. Miss Natwick has spent the past few weeks visiting with relatives at different points in the east.

Miss Bell Quinn, who is attending Milwaukee Normal, arrived in the city this morning to spend the summer with her mother, Mrs. Nellie Quinn.

At a depth of sixty-six feet the water of the Dead sea is twice as salt as it is on the surface and at 1,000 feet three times as salt.

EIGHTEENGRADUATE

Commencement of the Wood County Teachers' Training School in Progress.

The commencement exercises of the Wood County training school are now on, the class day exercises occurring this afternoon at the Howe building. Following is the program for class day:

Music.....Training School
Presidents Address.....Sadie Rector
Class History.....Anna Wegenson
Class Prophecy.....Emma Halverson
Music.....Lilly M Johnson
"Hither, Fairies, Trip".....
.....Girls Chorus
Essay.....Children's Literature.....
.....Dora G Johnson
Talk.....Use of the Library in a ...
District School...Mildred Wingate
Music.....Piano Solo...Anna F White
Presentation of Memorial.....
.....Mary A Kaye
Acceptance of Memorial.....
.....Iva Humphrey
Music.....Group of Children.....
Songs.....Girls' Chorus
Class Memorians.....
.....Charlotte V. Pullen
Class Will.....Pearl Barton
Music.....Class Song.....Class of '07
Laying of Corner Stone of New Training School Building

The following is the commencement program which will occur at the Lincoln building on Thursday evening:

Invocation.....Rev C. A. Mesicke
Vocal Solo.....Miss Ruby Natwick
Essay.....Production of New Plants
.....Sadie E. Rector
Essay.....Forestry Question in.....
Wisconsin.....Marie B. Evenson
Violin Solo "Elegia Appassionata"
(Kettenhaus).....Mrs. Edgar Kellogg
Address.....The Real Boy.....
Pres. R. C. Hughes, Ripon College
Vocal Solo.....Miss Ruby Natwick
Presentation of Diplomas.....
.....Supt. Robert Morris

Following are the names of the graduates:

A. Pearl Barton, Nora A. Brovald, Georgia A. Conklin, Marie B. Evenson, Amanda Franz, Emma Halverson, Dora G. Johnson, Lilly M. Johnson, Mary A. Kaye, Adeline E. Koch, Mary B. LaVigne, Alice L. Merrick, Charlotte V. Pullen, Sadie E. Rector, Annie F. White, Mildred Wingate, Anna Wegenson.

Was a Tame One.

The game between Iola and Grand Rapids on Sunday afternoon was rather a tame affair. The Iola team seemed to go into the game with the idea that they were outclassed and were sure to be beaten, and the whole game was played along that line. The weather was hot and the boys played as if they felt it and had barely enough energy to finish the game. Brennan pitched for the Tigers and threw a pretty good game. The score was six to two in favor of the Tigers.

Won from Rudolph

An aggregation known as the "Factory Boys" went to Rudolph on Sunday and played the team up there and the score was 24 to 6 in favor of the Factory Boys. Roberts and Wilson as the battery for the home boys and Omhult and Marcenu for the Rudolph team.

The Wausau Box & Lumber Co's mill and three warehouses were destroyed by fire on Monday afternoon. The plant was valued at $65,000, partly insured.

A GOOD GAME.

Grand Rapids and Wausau Play Nine Innings with a Total of One Score.

One of the best games of ball that has been seen on the home grounds this year occurred on Tuesday when the Wausau League team played with the Tigers of this city. The score at the end of the ninth inning stood one to nothing in favor of the Wausau boys, but it had been such a good game from start to finish that every body was more than pleased with the exhibition that was put up.

Our boys made a very few errors in the contest, and it was on account of this that the one run was made by Wausau in the second inning, as the rest of the innings were played in the same all of the time.

McConnell pitched a fine game for the Tigers, only two hits being secured off of him by the visitors. Both catchers were in first class trim and never allowed a ball to pass them or a man to steal second. The work along this line was something out of the ordinary, as whenever a man started for second he was sure to be caught. Taken altogether, it was a most entertaining game, and was enjoyed by all of the spectators.

Grand Rapids Athletics Beaten at Nekoosa.

It took Nekoosa 14 innings Sunday to take the Athletics into camp. It was a fast and pretty contest, many sensational plays being made. The feature of the game was a fast double play made by our boys in the 11th inning, Nekoosa batting three men on bases, and only one man out.

The Athletics started in from the first to win the game, bringing in two scores. Nekoosa tied the score in the 6th, and in the 9th brought in 3 more. Our boys tied the score in the 8th inning. No more scoring was done until the 14th, each side getting one score. Then came the unlucky 13th, Nekoosa bringing in the winning run. Nekoosa had the best lineup they have had this year. Below are the scores by innings.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Nekoosa	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Athletics	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Battery Nekoosa Crowne, Pehl O'Brien. Athletics Palmer, Knecht er, Odegard.

The Athletics will play the Merrimen city team here next Sunday, June 23rd.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

H Kratzfeldt of the town of Rome to Olivie J. Ball of the town of Grand Rapids.

Frank A Howe of Chempo to Emelie Manske of Nekoosa.

Clarence R. Edwards to Carola Rebekah Forest, both of Marshfield.

Leo P. Pults to Anna Benhard, both of Marshfield.

Albert Gross to Emma Buss, both of this city.

William Withers of the town of Grant to Olivie L. York of this city.

Eugene Crulleau to Dora Alex, both of Biron.

Remains Brought Here.

The remains of Peter Zabawa were brought to this city from Babcock on Monday. Mr. Zabawa has been interred at Babcock about three years ago, and the remains were taken up by Undertaker Regan and brought to this city.

A son to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Jacobson last week.

Johnson & Hill Co.

GRAND RAPIDS, : : : : WISCONSIN

Are You Prepared?

Hot weather days are here at last, the unusual activity in our summer wear section testify to the fact abundantly. The large stocks we are showing in light weight suits, wash dresses, costumes, skirts, etc., are keeping this section well filled with eager and appreciative buyers. We have diminished the stock considerably the past week, but we are still able to show you a splendid assortment at a very moderate price.

Join the busy shoppers in this popular store this week and secure some of the many desirable things shown.





Summer Shirt Waists

She who wears a becoming shirt waist has the consolation of knowing that she outshines many gowned in richer fabrics and spends little in attaining that end.

We are showing shirt waists in lawn, lingene, batiste, etc., long or short sleeves, plain and lace trimmed, as pretty as anyone could desire.

Just drop in and prove it to your own satisfaction.

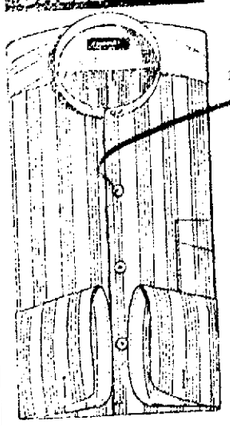
In every department, with every purchase we give you "Profit Sharing Bonds." These bonds will net you as much interest as bank deposits. During the year the saving on these bonds alone will mean "DOLLARS" to you. We believe in reciprocity, don't you?

Kruger & Warner Co's. Primer.

LESSON NO. TWO.

--THE SHIRT--

EAGLE SHIRT



Here is a shirt.

Is it a good shirt?

Nay, it is a very weak specimen of a shirt.

Why is it so weak a specimen

Because it does not fit the neck

Has the man got it in the neck?

Yes; the man got it in the neck very hard when he bought the poor specimen of a shirt.

What can the poor man do to relieve himself of the bad shirt?

The best thing he can do is to buy the good shirts that bear the "Kruger & Warner" label.

White and Fancy
Plain and Pleated
50 cts. to $2.00

Kruger & Warner,

On the Corner,

3rd door from Post Office.

MURDERERS' SCHEME NOW IS INSANITY

The Practice Might Almost Be Classed as a Fine Art--How It Has Been Successfully Done, with Legal Assistance, in Some Celebrated New York Cases.

New York.—"It's a shame! Here I was ready to go to trial with my murder case this morning, and that fool of a client of mine had to go to work and get a shave and a haircut. Now I can't have him tried for two months. He's got to wait now until the vacation season is over. I'll make sure that he does not shave any more while I have anything to do with his defense."

I was coming out of the criminal courts building when I ran into a lawyer, an old acquaintance, he is one of the best-known criminal lawyers in this country, who appeared to me as though he was about mad enough to jump out of his skin, writes Gus Roeder in the New York World.

"What's the matter this morning?" I inquired.

"Nothing the matter," he replied, "only here I was ready for the trial of that man I was assigned to look after on the charge of homicide, and that fool has spoiled my defense."

The lawyer explained: The case was one of cold-blooded murder. It was a homicide committed while in the act of committing a burglary. The defendant was an old-timer. The district attorney was looking for a conviction of murder in the first degree, the punishment of which is death in the electric chair. The lawyer who had been assigned to defend the man surely was "up against it."

"My man was insane at the time of the shooting," said the attorney. The district attorney laughed when he heard about the kind of defense that was to be offered.

Two months later the prisoner was brought to court again. What a change! I was unable to identify the man. His hair was long and looked as though a comb had never passed through it. There was a two months' growth of reddish beard on his face. His eyes were stary. Altogether the defendant appeared more like a monster than a human being.

The Ruse That Worked.

"No use trying him; he's not right in his upper story," said the lawyer to the assistant district attorney in charge. The prosecutor seemed to have his doubts. In order to go to trial in the case it was necessary to get a jury, and then there was some doubt as to whether, after all, a conviction of murder in the first degree could be secured.

"Will you take a plea of guilty of murder in the second degree?" asked the lawyer.

The prosecutor consulted the judge on the bench. He said he was willing. The prisoner was arraigned once more.

"Defendant at the bar," called out Clerk Penney, "you say you change your plea of not guilty of murder in the first degree, heretofore interposed in your case, and now plead guilty to murder in the second degree. Is that your plea?"

"It is," came the response from the prisoner at the bar.

Two months before that—right after the shave and hair cut—no such plea would have been accepted. Death in the electric chair was then the only solution of the case. But two months under the guidance of the experienced attorney-at-law had made an absolutely positive change for the better. The miserable life of the prisoner was saved by a method that is only too often applied in cases which are considered desirable. The defendant, instead of being put to death, is now serving a life sentence in Sing Sing. There are others of his kind there. Nobody knows that better than does the shrewd Connaughton, the principal keeper of the prison, or, as he is often called, the "P. K."

It is not always that the murderer succeeds in carrying his shamming game to a successful termination. I recall well the case of Policeman William H. Ennis. His is considered the most remarkable of all the shamming cases that ever came under the observation of the officials in Sing Sing.

Ennis was a Brooklyn policeman. He was a married man, and as far as his police record went a good policeman. But he would get drunk, and when he was in his cups there was no telling what he would not do.

The bluecoat and his wife did not get along well. Some said it was a case of "too much mother-in-law. Whether that be true or not, Ennis shot and killed his wife, and then shot his mother-in-law, who recovered. When arrested Ennis shammed suicidal mania. He was put on trial, nevertheless. His defense was insanity. He was convicted. Throughout the entire trial the fellow sat beside his counsel as though in a trance. His lawyer pleaded and pleaded with great earnestness. Alienists swore the policeman was surely mad. His friends also testified that in their opinion he was of unsound mind. Ennis never said a word. There were many in that crowded courtroom who, after looking at the man, insisted that he was surely a fit subject for an insane asylum. They called him the "crazy cop."

But the district attorney won his point. The jury found the policeman guilty of murder in the first degree.

There was nothing else for the judge to do than to sentence the man to be electrocuted at Sing Sing. Ennis heard the sentence and acted as though he did not know what was happening. They took him to Sing Sing. He was weak and broken in health. He was placed in one of the steel cages in the death house and there the man sat, in almost utter silence, for nearly two years, while his case was being passed upon by the highest court in the state.

During all these days and months while Ennis was confined in the death house he never spoke to one of the other condemned men. Although they tried their best to entertain the convicted policeman he never spoke to them. When the warden and the keepers attempted to draw him into a conversation Ennis would mumble something that they could not understand. He would sit all day and long into the night, always in a crouching position. When once a week they would open his cell door and tell him to step outside that he might be bathed and shaved, he would hobble about as if he was a wild beast. But never a word did he utter. At first he refused to taste food. After a while he ate, but sparingly only. He wasted away terribly.

The Chloroform Test.

Dr. Irvine, the expert physician of the prison, was among the few who seemed to be in doubt as to whether Ennis' mind was really affected or not. His case was widely discussed among experts, but here was a kind of insanity that was up to that time practically unknown.

One day there came word from Albany that the court of appeals had confirmed the sentence and conviction of the lower court, and that the death sentence must be carried out according to law. Warden Johnson was puzzled.

Warden Johnson, who is a very conscientious man, reported to the governor and the latter, in order that no injustice should be done and an insane man made to suffer the death penalty, appointed a commission composed of leading experts in insanity, and they went to Sing Sing and looked at Ennis. They questioned the warden and the keepers and from them learned the story I have narrated here.

"If we can only get his mind off the subject," said the doctors. "If he is shamming we can find it out only by getting his mind off the subject."

They carried Ennis out of the death house and up to the operating room in the hospital inside of the prison walls. There they placed him on an operating table and the chloroform was administered. They gave him a small dose only, just enough to make him unconscious for a short while. As the chloroform was beginning to wear off Dr. Irvine suddenly pushed the man off the operating table so that he struck the floor with a thud. This awakened the "crazy cop" in a jiffy.

"Get up and hurry over to that door!" commanded Mr. Connaughton, who was present during the experiment.

Ennis walked to the door, just as you or I would, in a natural way. He had forgotten all about the hobbling and the crouching—and that was his undoing.

"Oh, you fakir!" yelled the experts and Connaughton. "You fakir! We found you out!"

The moment Ennis realized that he had been caught "with the goods on," as "Big Bill" Devery would have said had he been on hand, he turned as white as a sheet. Nobody realized better than he did that his end was at hand.

"Gentlemen," he stammered, "yes, you have found me out. But you would not have done so had you not put me under chloroform. Now I'm glad it's over and I am ready to take my medicine. You cannot imagine what I have suffered during all these long months while I was trying to 'beat' the chair. Now I am glad the end is at hand."

I well remember the case of Martin Thorn, the barber, who, together with Augusta Nack, a midwife, killed William Guldensuppe, a rubber in a Turkish bath. William F. Howe, the veteran criminal lawyer, was his senior counsel. Joseph Moss, now a magistrate, and at that time also connected with the firm of Howe & Hummel, was also of counsel. I sat next to Thorn during his trial, which took place in Long Island City, and later on I saw him electrocuted in Sing Sing.

There was nobody at that time who understood more about putting up the right king of defense than did the veteran Howe. I remember going to him just as the trial was about to start and asking him what kind of a defense Thorn would put up.

"Ah, my boy," said Mr. Howe to me, "I don't know myself. That is, it all depends upon circumstances. In the first place we" (he always spoke of his client as we) "did not commit the crime. Therefore, you see—and quite readily too—that we are innocent of this most awful charge that a grand jury, guided by a misinformed district attorney, has declared against us."

A short time after the commencement of the trial Mrs. Nack announced that she would turn state's evidence. She confessed all and swore that Thorn had committed the murder.

I was assigned that night to notify Mr. Howe of what had occurred. I found him in an up-town hotel. He had retired when the bellboy took up my card. I was asked to "Come right in, my boy."

I told him that the woman in the case had confessed that Thorn had killed Guldensuppe and that she had helped the man to dispose of the body of the victim.

"What are you going to do now about the defense?" I inquired.

"I have it! I have it!" all at once shouted Mr. Howe, looking as happy as a schoolboy with a new toy. "What do you think of it?"

"The only thing left you is insanity," I suggested.

"And that is where you are wrong," replied Mr. Howe. "I told you I had it. Here is our new defense. I knew it all the while. Now, please, don't think that I just manufactured it. Why, of course, we knew all the time that this was the body of Guldensuppe, although the head was missing. We know, too, who killed the man. We did not. She did. Yes, she did. All we had to do with the case was to help her, out of pure gallantry, to dispose of the body. That is no crime. She did the killing, nothing else. That is our defense!"

Thorn went on the witness stand and told the story just as Mr. Howe had outlined it to me. But the jury did not believe him, and convicted the barber of murder in the first degree.

The Reason.

F. A. Busse, Chicago's new mayor, had been complimented by a reporter on the direct, terse quality of a statement he had given out.

"I am a believer in brevity," said Mr. Busse, smiling. "The fewer words you say a thing in, the stronger and more striking is that thing's effect.

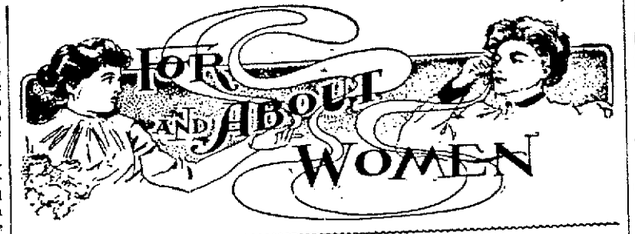
"Once I knew a man who hated the Swiss.

"'Why, Jake,' I said to him one day, 'you astound me. You hate the Swiss, yet here you are married to a Swiss wife.'

"'Yes, said Jake; 'that's the reason.'"



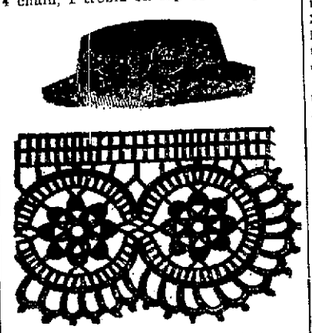




DESIGN FOR COLLAR

OR IT IS EQUALLY AS SUITABLE FOR TIE ENDS.

Something New in Lace Work That Is Not Hard to Work—Directions for Making It.



This design, although specially arranged for a collar, is equally suitable for tie-ends, or as a trimming.

Work 8 chain and join round. a double crochet into the ring just made, *, 5 chain, 2 more double crochets into the the same ring, repeat from * until there are 8 loops.

2nd Round: 3 chain from loop to loop all round.

3rd Round: Under the nearest loop work 1 double crochet, 1 half treble, 1 treble, 1 double treble, 1 treble, 1 half treble, 1 double crochet; repeat this group of stitches under each of the other loops. This completes one center or star. Work as many of these centers as will be required for the work in hand.

1st Long Row: Work a treble on the top of one of the points of a star, 4 chain, 1 treble on top of next point, 4 chain, 1 treble on next, 4 chain, another treble on same stitch as last, 4 chain, 1 treble on next point, 4 chain, 1 treble on the next (or 5th) point, 5 chain, 1 treble on point of another star, work half round this star like the first, continue in this manner until all the stars are joined, work all round the last one: on reaching the 5 chain make 2 chain, and catch to the middle stitch of the 5, 2 more chain and work round the second half of the other stars in the same manner.

2nd Long Row: A treble in every stitch with 1 chain between each as far as the last treble before the join, a treble on the first treble of the next star, and continue, working all round the end and along the other side of the stars.

3rd Long Row: Commence from where the loops of the edging will be joined to the heading (see illustration). Work 2 double crochets under each of the two spaces between the trebles, 12 chain back on the first double crochet, 9 double crochets under the loop just made, 5 chain, 9 more double crochets under the same loop, *, 2 double crochets in each of the next two spaces between the trebles in the previous row, 9 chain back into the fourth stitch from the picot in the previous loop, 3 double crochets under the chain just made, 5 chain, 9 more double crochets under same chain, and repeat from * until there are 12 loops round the scallop, 2 double crochets between each of the other spaces to the join, and each of the first 4 of the next scallop, 5 chain, catch to the fourth stitch from the last made picot, 9 double crochets under this chain, and proceed as before along the lower edge of the trimming, 6 loops to each scallop, except the end ones, and working double crochets only along the upper side.

For the Heading.—Work a row of chain, joining it to the scallops with longer or shorter stitches as required to make the work level (see illustration); for the stitch which connects the scallops put the cotton 4 times over the hook, catch to the scallop, work off 2 loops, cotton twice over again, catch to the next scallop and work off all the loops in the usual way. Upon this chain work two rows of double trebles in every other stitch, with 1 chain between each.

As colored lace is much in favor as a trimming this season, this design worked with cotton to match would make a very pretty up-to-date finish for colored linen dresses; it would have the advantage of washing with the dress itself, and would, moreover, be very durable. Another practical use to which this lace may be put is an edging for toilet covers. A piece of rather coarse linen hem-stitched at the edge and finished with this pattern, makes an extremely nice cover.

Shampoo.

Take one egg and beat light; add one pint and a half of luke warm water and then beat again until the foam reaches the top of a two quart bowl. Wash the hair with this and rinse with two waters, the first warm, and second quite cool, and the hair will be soft and silky, and the scalp as white as snow. Do not use on blonde heads.

Satin Duchesse.

Although much is heard of satin duchesse as a trimming that gives weight to thin skirts, this material appears this season in a suppleness unknown to fabrics of which our grandmothers were so proud. It is also used for separate coats and entire costumes, sharing honors with chiffon taffetas, liberty satin, faille, etc. Naturally it is combined with quantities of lace and embroidery and the luster of the material makes it specially suitable to the fashionable shades of brown, blue, gray, green and lavender.

Summer Underwear of Linen.

Linen underwear is, if possible, thinner and of finer texture, more transparent and more costly than hitherto. Pocket handkerchiefs are exceedingly small. Chemises, for night and for daytime, are nearly similar in shape and cut. They are in square decolette, and lace trimmings are in favor. They are of great length and are frequently embroidered with small wreaths and flowers around the edges in juxtaposition with the Brussels lace trimmings.

THICKER FABRICS COMING IN.

Smart Novelty Material Is Known as Bengalinette.

Great appreciation is being shown this spring for a novelty material known as bengalinette, a new edition of Bengaline—in other words, a silk fabric with a ribbed surface. The marquisette has been a la mode two years and continues in popularity. But courtiers are on the lookout for a material a trifle stiffer than these chiffon goods and bengalinette meets the requirements.

The new fabric is in evidence in all colors, but it is particularly seductive in pale green and old pink. Green was a big factor in the '60's of the last century and the second empire modes now being revived are an example of how much in vogue all styles of the last 50 years are and will be. The empire as brought forth a year and a half ago is seen no more except for evening wear in light transparent goods, and the drapery is particularly adaptable to that class of goods.

There is quite a change in the quality of goods used this spring from that in vogue for a very long time past. Now the makers and drapers are showing goods that have decided body to them. In other words, the chiffon no-character stuffs are passe.

The handwriting on the wall points to less coquettish modes, for certainly stiff materials will not take all the fullness in drapery and elaboration in handiwork that frocks have received the past years.

HAIR TIPS.

Before dressing the hair rub a little brilliantine into the roots with the tips of the finger, and brush with a baby brush. This makes the hair beautifully glossy and keeps it approximately tidy.

Don't forget to have the hair thoroughly cut and singed every three months; it is not sufficient to have long hair clipped. Special attention should be paid to the weak new hairs that spring up all along the central parting.

Don't forget to brush the hair for ten minutes with a flexible brush. This may make the head a little tender at first, but tenderness soon wears off.

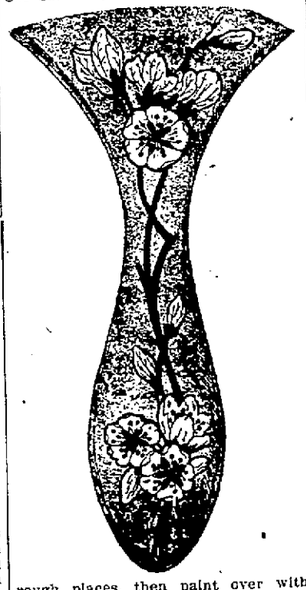
Don't wear pads or additional tails of hair and curls unless absolutely necessary. Anything that prevents light and air getting at the roots of the hair is extremely bad.

Don't attempt to restore gray or faded hair yourself; it is best to leave it entirely alone. If dyeing is desirable have it done by skilled hands.

Don't use cheap hairpins or combs; they are so liable to drag and break the hair.

THE HAND MIRROR.

A shabby hand-mirror may be made quite beautiful, and fit for the daintiest toilet table with a little trouble. Scrub the woodwork thoroughly in soda and hot water, rinse, and let it get quite dry. Sand paper any little rough places, then paint over with cream enamel, let it dry, then give another coat, then dry again.



With oil colors paint the pretty apple blossom design on the handle, and a most charming effect will be obtained.

The Rose Garden Hat.

Roses of all colors and kinds are lavishly used upon the new little long-back brimmed hats that rejoice in the name of garden hats. These tilt down slightly over the face and are best of rough straw in natural or burnt color, although green is also coming to the fore as a favorite.

His Limited Knowledge.

Fuller: He knows little who tells his wife all he knows.

Curious, But True.

An old time seamstress is responsible for a piece of information, the truth of which has been proved. She says that in the sewing room should be kept a piece of smooth walnut board, such as a table-leaf, for pressing purposes. If the pressing be done on this, rather than on that usually provided, no dampening will be necessary, as walnut wood absorbs sufficient moisture for the purpose, which is given out again under the influence of the heat of the iron. And no matter how much one's board is used today, the next day the moisture will be there again just the same. Of curse if one uses a discarded table-leaf, one must be very careful to avoid the varnished side.

The Frank Person.

We all know—and respect—and avoid—such persons; the world is full of them—too full for the general comfort of its other inhabitants. And frequently what they call the truth is not abstract truth at all, but is merely the expression of their own particular (and frequently erroneous) opinions.—Woman's Life.

HORTICULTURE



MARKING ROWS.

Unique Method Followed by an Ohio Gardener.

The old saying, "More crops grow in crooked than in straight rows," may find favor with some growers, but celery growers get best results from straight rows. Straight rows look more workmanlike and in cultivating, blanching, and harvesting straight celery rows are a necessity. To enable one man to mark out straight rows in the quickest possible way, we stretch two strong cotton lines, which costs us about 25 cents apiece, where the first two rows are to be, say three feet apart.

From a garden drill we remove all the seeding attachments and run the drill wheels over the first line from a to a. Before running back on second line (b to b) we put the stake of line one from a to c. When we arrive at b, stake of line one is moved from a to c, which puts the line in position for marking the third row. Before running the wheel on the third row from c to c, stake of line two at b is moved to d. When arriving at c, stake at b is moved to d, which puts line two in position for the fourth row, etc.

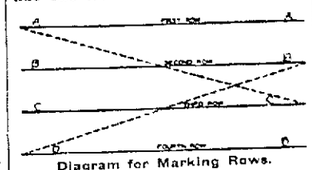


Diagram for Marking Rows.

For long rows, continues the writer in Orange Judd Farmer, we use one measuring stick at each end of the rows and one in the middle. The middle stick is pushed in the ground against the line to prevent the wind from displacing the line. When we plant day after day we do not take up the lines at night, but simply loosen one end to prevent their breaking from shrinkage. The time to wind up the lines would cost far more than they are worth. We can better afford to buy new lines, say every two years.

BLACK LOCUST.

It Supplies the Best-Lasting Post Timber to Be Found.

Black locust is one of the most persistent deciduous trees that we have to reproduce itself from the roots, and hence it is essential that one study this particular variety so as to know the right time to cut it if it is to be killed at the root. Grubbing out the trees and cutting them down at different seasons of the year has been tried. If you want the timber to last long in the ground locust should be cut in August or September, but if you desire to kill the trees they should be cut in July and then in September the stumps should be peeled. The next spring an occasional sprout will show from the roots. These will have to be treated the same as you would weeds to get rid of them. The black locust, says, Farmers' Tribune, is one of the best lasting post timbers we have and should be planted out on the prairie farms more than it is, for this one item of post timber. We do not think it will last equal to the osage orange, but it is equal to red cedar and can be produced on ground at a much lower price than we have to pay for posts at the lumber yard.

ORCHARD NOTES.

Study improved methods of picking and packing and practice them at harvest.

Quality, not quantity, is becoming more and more the factor in successful fruit growing.

Wash all the young trees in the spring and fall with soapsuds. After the spring washing, they should be given a thorough coat of whitewash.

Do not set the new orchard where the old one stood. Orchard soils need rotation as well as soils in other crops, even if that rotation is only once in 25 years.

Owing to the lateness of spring, the sprayings will have to be done about a week to ten days later than the time suggested on the calendars by the different stations.

Care of Spruce Plantation.

The trees require no cultivation after planting. Their great tolerance enables them to survive the shade of brush and weeds and eventually to overtop them. The greatest enemy of the spruce is fire, which should be carefully excluded from plantations. Spruce stands should never be severely thinned, as the shallow root system renders the trees liable to be thrown by the wind. This damage is especially great in exposed situations. In case such destructive agencies as insects or fungi appear, specimens, accompanied by an account of the character of the injury, should be sent to the department of agriculture for identification and recommendations for their control.—U. S. Forestry Bureau.

Peanuts in the Northern Garden.

Remove the outside shell, but handle the nut carefully. Plant two to a hill, two inches deep, and hills a half-yard apart in a dry, rich, sandy soil. Keep weeded and soil loose. When an inch high draw soil slightly up around them. When ripened by frost take up and dry the plants, then pick off the nuts and dry them near the stove.

Eating More Fruit.

Speaking of the future possibilities of orchard products an old nurseryman says: "Where a dollars' worth of fruit was consumed ten years ago, ten dollars' worth is wanted now. Unless all signs fail, one hundred dollars' worth will be required in ten years from now."

We talk about educating the patrons of a creamery community and then expect the buttermaker there to do the job. We are often mistaken as to which needs the educating.

An Illinois fruit grower says he has saved girdled trees many times by putting the sides of an old box around the base of the tree and filling it with dirt above the cut.

With all your planning for the work of spring and summer don't forget to plan for the harvest.

DO YOU SPRAY?

It's the Only Protection Against Disease and Insects.

Plant diseases and insects are doing so much damage to the orchards and gardens in Oklahoma that it has become necessary to protect the plants by some artificial means, says a communication from the Oklahoma station. The method of destroying the diseased and wormy fruit and foliage is of great value if persistently carried out. This cannot be done in so thorough a manner, however, as to destroy all the diseases and insects present, and a few left over and those that will come from neighboring farms will produce a dangerous number next year. The cheapest and most practical method of protecting plants from diseases and insects is spraying. The ideal method is to spray thoroughly and then destroy all diseased fruit, leaves and trash about the orchard and garden. Either method is good when used alone and the value of each is greatly increased when used together.

Spraying solutions are divided into two general classes. Those designed to prevent the attacks of fungus diseases are called fungicides, and those designed to destroy or prevent the attacks of insects are called insecticides.

Fungicides protect the plants by preventing the fungus diseases from gaining a foothold on the plants. The solutions are composed of materials that destroy the germinating spores where it comes in contact with them. The copper and sulphur compounds are the most effective materials used in these solutions. Most of the fungus diseases of plants that can be prevented by spraying reproduce by means of two kinds of spores. One kind of spore is produced in the spring and summer and germinates soon after maturity. If the spore finds lodgment on tender growing parts of the plant and a favorable amount of heat and moisture are present germination and growth immediately follow. If these spores do not soon germinate they lose their vitality. This process of germination, growth and fruiting goes on during the spring and summer. Late in the season another kind of spore is produced, which is capable of passing through the winter and germinating the following spring. The germinating spore sends the roots directly into the tissue of the plant unless it is a surface growing fungus, in which case the roots spread over the surface of the plant. If the plants are covered with a good fungicide when the spores germinate the spores will be killed.

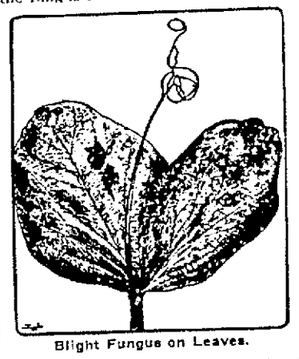
BLIGHT OF PEAS.

The Green Varieties Are Most Strikingly Affected.

In 1901 the damage in Ohio from this blight was apparently greater than in previous years. It was first noticed on French June peas which had been sown with oats as a forage crop on the experiment station farm. A close examination of the diseased plants showed that the stems had been attacked at many points, frequently as high as one and one-half feet from the ground, though most severely near the ground, where the disease starts.

On the leaves were orbicular or oval dead spots one-eighth to one-half inch in diameter.

Perhaps the most important thing in connection with the life history of the fungus is that the vegetative part, or mycellum, infecting these spots of the pods grows through the husk into the seed. Frequently it grows entirely through the pod, forming similar spots on both sides. When the fungus grows into the seed, brown spots may be formed on the surface. In the worst cases half the surface is frequently discolored and the seed adheres to the pod. These areas are much more striking on green colored peas, such as the Market Garden variety, than on the yellowish varieties, such as the Admiral.



Blight Fungus on Leaves.

PRUNE NOW.

June Is an Excellent Month to Trim the Trees.

It may be all right to advise pruning whenever your knife is sharp, but really the best time is during May and June, for during these months trees make their quickest and most vigorous growth, and the wounds made by pruning will heal quicker now than at any other season of the year. The quicker the wound heals the better for the tree. Many old horticulturists say, prune when the leaves are as big as squirrels' ears. If pruning is done before this time the wound is apt to "bleed," and will not heal so readily. If large limbs are taken off paint the stubs so that they will not dry out and crack open. Here is where many make a blunder, says Indiana Farmer. They leave too much stub in the first place, and it is probably split down one side. Before the wound is healed over this stump is cracked and decay sets in. While you are at it do a good, clean job, and sharp knives and sharp saws will help you do it.

Do Good Work.

A word about spraying. Be particular about it. Do good work. Know what you are going after, and then use the stuff that kills. To do a good job of spraying one must know all about insects and fungus diseases, their habits and then know what remedies to use and when to do the work.

Protein in the Feed.

It takes a certain amount of protein to make a given amount of milk. If that amount of protein is not supplied in the feed it is as unreasonable to suppose that the cow will give the desired amount of milk as it is to suppose that one ton of fodder put into the shredder will produce two tons of shredded fodder.

We have it from the empress dowager of Russia that the czar loves his people. He has a cold way of showing it—in fact, a cold lead way.

BRIDE COSTS TWO OXEN.

Zulu Warriors Have as Many as They Can Buy, Up to Six.

Every grown-up native of Zululand who has the 12 oxen necessary to buy them, has six wives.

Zululand occupies an area about the size of California and sustains about 150,000 population. When the women are about 12 years of age they are purchased as wives at two oxen apiece.

There is no ceremony and no minister; the man who is charmed by the beauty of the maiden pays the price and gets the wife. Of course, not every man has more than one wife; only the more prosperous men and the chiefs are able to maintain six.

In that country there are no laws and no judges. Primitive methods and customs prevail, and the highest authority is the local chief.

The people live near to nature. The dress of the men is confined to a girdle about the waist, and that of the women is not noticeable. Physically they are fine specimens of manhood and womanhood, having much the same characteristics as the native Hawaiians.

They worship the sun and snakes, and it is a peculiar fact that the snakes seem to reciprocate this kindly feeling on the part of the black people, for they have never been known to bite them. When I killed a boa constrictor once it cost me several bags of tobacco to square myself with a local chief.

Whenever a native kills a lion or a leopard he has to cut off the head and tail and present them to the chief of the tribe. This enables every tribal potentate to have several lion heads as head-dresses.

The food is mostly confined to game and maize. Funerals are long-drawn-out journeys, numerously accompanied, over the land to a far-away place.

I once met one in the moonlight. The train of mourners were singing in deep musical tones and the body was being borne in a blanket between two sticks.

The Zulus like to kill white men by way of revenge for the way they were treated when they first met the English. I did not have very much trouble because they threw bottles in the air and found I usually hit them and because I wore a bracelet given me by a local chief.

But I once saved the life of a young Englishman whom I found defending himself against nine Zulus armed with assagais. Rushing in on my horse I felled the chief, though not before gaining a scar in the forehead which I carry to this day, and helped to kill or drive off the others.—Washington Post.

Some Animals Really Weep.

Animals are said to weep from various causes. Grief at the loss of young ones and mates makes the dog, horse, elephant, rat, bear, deer, monkey, donkey, mule, cattle, camel and giraffe shed tears.

Sobbing has been proved in the parrot, though this may be mimicry. The stag at bay, and the caged rat have been seen to weep, while monkeys have wept when pitied or from terror.

The elephant has wept at the loss of its liberty, and in some cases also from vexation. The dread of punishment has caused captive chimpanzees and other apes to weep.

Joy, pain, fatigue, thirst, ill usage, sympathy, old age, approaching death and pettishness have all drawn tears from animals or at least driven them to a tearful state.—Little Folks.

Sex of the National Bird.

It has been declared by a lecturer to the Mothers' club of New York city that the official eagle of this country, as shown in authorized designs, is female. The proof offered is the white tufts of feather on head and breast. The female is larger and stronger than the male. Most persons imagine the metaphorical bird as a male.

Ornithologists say that the conventional design does not indicate the sex. But the law is plain. In the description of the seal accepted by the continental congress, June 20, 1782, the masculine pronoun "his" is used three times with reference to the bird.—Youth's Companion.

The Human Shield.

The advent of Decoration day caused Admiral Dewey, at a recent dinner, to praise the bravery of the American troops during the civil war.

"Both sides alike were brave," he said. "North and south, soldiers and sailors. And the bravery of the raw recruit was a thing to be seen to be believed.

"There used to be circulated, though, a good story about a Connecticut recruit. This young man, after he had gotten initiated, fought heroically; but in his first engagement he was very nervous.

"A chum of his was in the line ahead of him, and when the bullets began to fly, the chum began to dodge.

"Thereupon the recruit shouted excitedly:

"'Hey, Jim, don't duck. I'm behind ye.'"

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Defiance Starch—all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

Not to Be So Judged.

Mr. Watt Manners—See that old man ahead of us? That's Cashburn. He's worth a million, and just look at his umbrella.

Mrs. Watt Manners—Oh, but you mustn't judge him by that, dear; it may not be his own, you know.—Town and Country.

That an article may be good as well as cheap, and give entire satisfaction, is proven by the extraordinary sale of Defiance Starch, each package containing one-third more Starch than can be had of any other brand for the same money.

Whole Outfit In Harmony.

"You've seen that new dress of mine," said Miss Dewdey, "now that I want to get a hat to match what would you suggest?"

"Why not get a slouch?" remarked Miss Knox.

AFRAID OF PARALYSIS

A NERVOUS SUFFERER CURED BY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

The Medicine That Makes Rich, Red Blood and Performs Wonders as a Tonic for the Nerves.

Why are nervous people invariably pale people?

The answer to that question explains why a remedy that acts on the blood can cure nervous troubles.

It explains why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are also for nervous people.

It is because of the intimate relation between the red corpuscles in the blood and the health of the nerves. The nervous system receives its nourishment through the blood. Let the blood become thin, weak and colorless and the nerves are starved—the victim is started on the road that leads to nervous wreck. Nervous people are pale people—but the pallor comes first. Enrich the blood and the nerves are stimulated and toned up to do their part of the work of the body. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make red blood and transform nervous, irritable, ailing people into strong, energetic, forceful men and women.

Mrs. Harriet E. Porter, of 20 Liberty avenue, South Medford, Mass., says:

"I had never been well from childhood and a few years ago I began to have dizzy spells. At such times I could not walk straight. I was afraid of paralysis and was on the verge of nervous prostration. Then neuralgia set in and affected the side of my face. The pains in my forehead were excruciating and my heart pained me so that my doctor feared neuralgia of the heart. I tried several different kinds of treatment but they did me no good.

"One day my son brought me some of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I found that they strengthened my nerves. I took several boxes and felt better in every way. There were no more dizzy attacks, the neuralgia left me and I have been a well woman ever since."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are invaluable in anæmia, rheumatism, after-effects of the grip and fevers and in sick headaches, nervousness, neuralgia, and even partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia.

Our booklet "Nervous Disorders, a Method of Home Treatment" will be sent free on request to anyone interested. Write for it today.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

68, BUT PERFECTLY WELL.

The Happy Experience of a New Castle, Pa., Woman.



Mrs. John Mansell, 614 So. Jefferson St., New Castle, Pa., says: "For years I was running down with kidney trouble without knowing what it was, and finally got so bad I was given up. The urinary passages were painful, sometimes scanty and again very profuse. My limbs, feet and ankles bloated dreadfully, and sometimes my whole body. My heart palpitated and I had smothering spells. A week's treatment with Doan's Kidney Pills helped me and a few boxes cured me. At 68 I am strong and well."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Senator Morgan a Model.

Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama, occasionally writes magazine articles which involve a great deal of research, but he uniformly refuses to accept pay for them. In the course of his career many railroad passes have been offered him, but he never accepted any either for himself or any member of his family. Though over 80 years old, he thinks nothing of working half the night. The senator never haunts the departments looking for jobs for constituents. Of moderate means when he entered the senate, he is now a poor man, having little or nothing but his salary.

With a smooth iron and Defiance Starch, you can launder your shirtwaist just as well at home as the steam laundry can; it will have the proper stiffness and finish, there will be less wear and tear of the goods, and it will be a positive pleasure to use a Starch that does not stick to the iron.

Figures of Lumber Cutting.

Since 1880 more than 700,000,000,000 feet of timber have been cut in the United States for lumber alone, including 80,000,000,000 feet of coniferous stumpage estimate of the census in 1880.

A Good Charger.

Client—Didn't you make a mistake in going into law instead of the army?

Lawyer—Why?

Client—By the way you charge, there would be little left of the enemy.

It Cures While You Walk.

Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for hot, sweating, callous, and swollen, aching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Rev. Andrew Murray Honored.

At its graduation ceremony in March the University of Cape of Good Hope, South Africa, conferred the degree of LL. D. upon Rev. Andrew Murray.

The greatest cause of worry on ironing day can be removed by using Defiance Starch, which will not stick to the iron. Sold everywhere, 16 oz. for 10c.

We should do everything we can for others, if only to dissipate the thought of what they omit to do for us.—Madame Swetchine.

FITS, St. Vitus Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

He that has the energy and will to uproot a fault has also the energy, and ought to will to plant a virtue in its place.—Lacon.

Defiance Starch—Sixteen ounces for ten cents, all other brands contain only 12 ounces for same money.

No, Cordelia, it isn't necessary for a man to know how to sew to enable him to mend his ways.

Krause's Cold Cure.

For cold in head, throat, chest or back. Best remedy for La Grippe. Druggists, 25c.

Discretion may be the better part of valor because it can run faster.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c cigar made of rich, mellow tobacco. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

A wise woman never quarrels with her husband till after pay day.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Most men like to be jollied and are willing to pay for it.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Is acknowledged to be the most successful remedy in the country for those painful ailments peculiar to women.

For more than 30 years it has been curing Female Complaints, such as Inflammation, and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and consequent Spinal Weakness, Backache, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life.

Records show that it has cured more cases of Female Ills than any other one remedy known.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound dissolves and expels Tumors at an early stage of development. Dragging Sensations causing pain, weight, and headache are relieved and permanently cured by its use.

It corrects Irregularities or Painful Functions, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility; also, Dizziness, Faintness Extreme Lassitude, "Don't care and want to be left alone" feeling, Irritability, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Flatulency, Melancholia or the "Blues." These are sure indications of female weakness or some organic derangement.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a most excellent remedy.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice. She is the Mrs. Pinkham who has been advising sick women free of charge for more than twenty years, and before that she assisted her mother-in-law Lydia E. Pinkham in advising. Thus she is well qualified to guide sick women back to health. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Dont Miss This Opportunity

When forty-eight hours travel will bring you to it. You can go and investigate, and discover for yourself that you can be rich in a few years. I have 14,000 acres of Rice land in Chambers County, Texas, that I will sell 5000 acres of, in tracts to suit, at $25.00 per acre on easy payments. This land will produce from $30.00 to $100.00 worth of Rice per acre, and then if you wish you can produce some other product on the same land, the same year, to again net you that much. Don't delay, write at once.

A. G. BLANKE,

803 Chestnut Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

ON THE TRAIL OF THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS

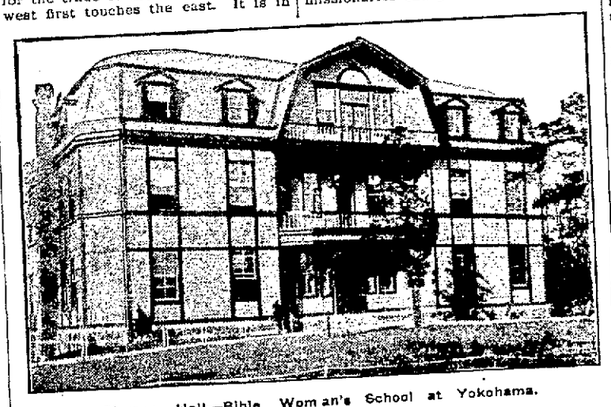
This Distinguished American Journalist Is Traveling Around the World for the Purpose of Investigating the American Foreign Missionary from a Purely Disinterested, Secular and Non-Sectarian Standpoint. Illustrated with Drawings and from Photographs.

CHRISTIANITY AT THE GATEWAY TO THE ORIENT

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Yokohama.—This mongrel city is the most that many travelers see of Japan, yet is it neither Japanese nor foreign, and is spoken of disparagingly by everybody throughout the empire except those whose business interests lie here. The city is a comparatively recent creature of foreign trade. It is not characteristically Japanese even in its speech. The "Yokohama dialect" is a byword throughout Japan. Nor is the city Chinese, though it has a large colony of pigtails. Still less can it be called European, although its 600 European residents make it the most foreign city in Japan.

The importance of Yokohama lies in the fact that it is the first gateway for the trade of the orient. Here the west first touches the east. It is in the big hybrid hotels along the Yokohama bund, which neither the east nor the west would own, which charge Waldorf-Astoria prices for Oshkosh accommodations, where the tourists hear the stories concerning missionaries that are retailed around the world as the first-hand knowledge of those who have been on the scene and really know.



Pierson Hall—Bible Woman's School at Yokohama.

The Devil and the Cannon.

A curious story illustrates the composite character of this important city and shows, not only the commingling of the old and the new here, but also of the chaotic state of the Japanese mind at present with respect to religion. Upon Yokohama's famous bluff a rich American has built an elaborate home, which so greatly resembles a Buddhist temple that the Japanese were at first angry at what they thought to be mockery. Fearing that for this reason the building might be burned, the insurance companies for a long time declined to accept it as a risk.

At one end of the gable of this curious structure is the grinning head of a huge wooden devil. A short distance away from this particular home is the residence of a wealthy Englishman, whose servants one day fell ill. They consulted the Buddhist priest near by, who told them that their illness was caused by the malignant influence of the devil on the American's house. It would be impossible for them to recover so long as that hideous creature shot its baneful glances in their direction.

Straightway the servants reported to their employer that they must leave. Now the servant problem is a problem the world over, and the merchant viewed with consternation the loss of his present servants and his probable inability to replace them, for the same reason. He urged them to see the priest again, to consider some other remedy, since it was impossible to have the image removed. Whether the Englishman saw the priest at the same time or not does not appear in the story.

The revised verdict was, however, that if a large cannon were placed on the gable of the Englishman's house, pointing directly at the wooden devil, the power of the latter would be counteracted. So, whoever visits Yokohama may see a new brass cannon about three feet in length and of three-inch bore mounted on the top of a modern Englishman's residence, with its muzzle pointed threateningly toward the house of the next door neighbor. All this, mark you, is not a tale of old Japan, but a happening of recent months.

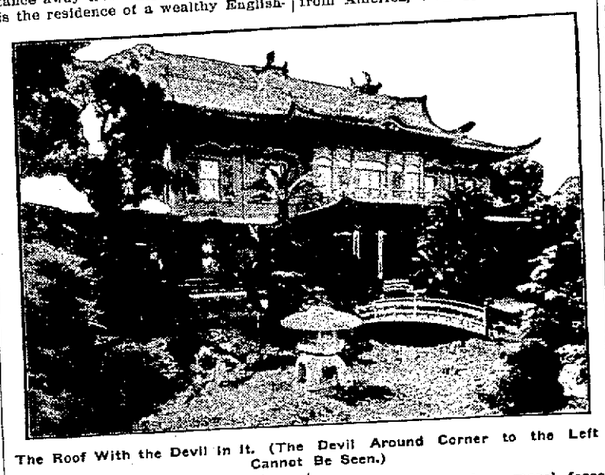
Where Missionaries Are Criticised.

Perhaps the incident (for which I myself can vouch, having seen the cannon and the wooden devil on opposite gable ends) illustrates the catholicity of Yokohama, yet the city is scarcely hospitable toward Christian missionary enterprise. It is perhaps the center of the criticism of foreign missions. Here it is that the traveler hears that missions are only "a bluff." It is asserted that nobody here knows anything about missions and that the missionary is chiefly engaged in the profitable task of shutting up the eye of the church at home.

Looking After Americans Abroad.

The stories one hears concerning Europeans (as all white people are called) in the port cities of the orient are not pretty. The criticism of missionaries pales into insignificance besides the criticism of the American business man. In fact the two are said to have a relation. I have heard missionaries charge that it is because Christianity rebukes the lax moral code of the foreign community that the latter so strongly condemn missions. This is rather too sweeping, and too easy an answer to the charges laid at the door of the missionaries.

First, it is worth finding out just what the churches are doing for the English-speaking settlement. There is in Yokohama a prosperous and well-attended Church of England, supported by individuals and by English business firms, who follow the old English custom of renting a number of sittings for their employes. In a sense, this Church of England is the center of the social life of the community. There is also a French Roman Catholic church, well established and successful. For Americans there is a Union church, which every Sunday morning holds services in the building of one of the Japanese congregations, and in the evening a vesper service in the attractive auditorium of the Dutch Reformed girls' school on the bluff. These services are supplied by different missionaries each Sunday. An effort is afoot on the part of American residents here to build a church for this congregation and to call a pastor from America, thus centering in the church an aggressive moral force which will be able to reach the foreign young men of Yokohama, who constitute the city's greatest religious problem.



The Roof With the Devil in It. (The Devil Around Corner to the Left Cannot Be Seen.)

I cannot find that conditions among the latter are as bad as reported, although they are bad enough, as might be expected when a host of single young men go half a world away from home and its restraints, and find themselves in a community where there is no public sentiment. The number of Eurasian children to be seen in Yokohama are a more eloquent argument for the improvement of moral conditions here than any abstract preachments. The tourist who comes here to see sights is not always exactly a moral influence. Indeed, there are many forces at work to cultivate the worst side of American manhood, with the result that one views some pitiable wrecks of once promising lives. Yet Yokohama has many clean, strong, able American gentlemen, both young and old. Any sweeping condemnation of this American community must be declared false.

When Jack Tar Gets Shore Leave.

A more acute religious problem is indicated by a ride through certain sections of the city where sailors are wont to resort. This reveals the side of Yokohama life which Jack Tar sees when he gets shore leave. Some streets have lines of saloons and dives, blazoned forth as "Old Glory Saloon," "Red, White and Blue Saloon," "American Sailors' Resort." The flags of America, Britain and France are flown ostentatiously. The sailor is fair prey for certain classes of natives. He has money, and the orient knows well the art of fatteaing on such. Up in Tokio I met a couple of American sailors who explained their presence there with the remark, "There is nothing doing in Yokohama for a man unless he is drinking hard."

For the sailors' comfort the American Seamen's Friend society maintains a mission in Yokohama, which attempts to care for the diversified needs of Jack ashore. There is a reading room, a game room and an auditorium, where entertainments are given. A lodging house is maintained and the missionary pays regular visits to the warships that may be in port. This mission, however, is largely for the men of war's men. For the common man before the mast who is ashore from the merchant vessels that crowd this harbor there is only the Salvation Army and its rescue work. Here, as in America, this organization does splendid service, no man being too low to be worthy of its kindly offices.

When Hawaii Helped Japan.

Other signs of the presence of mission work here are to be seen on many sides. In addition to the imposing edifices of the Roman Catholic and Protestant Episcopal churches, there are a number of native church buildings. The oldest of these has a chapel that was built nearly 50 years ago by money sent from the native Christians of Hawaii for the help of the heathen Japanese!

Up on the bluff, where most European residents dwell, one would have to shade his eyes to escape seeing the large buildings of the mission schools. Most impressive, perhaps, is Ferris seminary, of the Dutch Reformed church, although large institutions are maintained, with liberally equipped class rooms and big dormitories, by the Presbyterians, Baptists and Methodists. The Women's Missionary Union runs a school for Bible women. The Baptists have an important theological seminary. This educational work of the missionaries is beyond question creditable and a success. The schools are filled with girls from all grades of Japanese homes, and the quality of the work done is guaranteed by the government, which will not permit the maintenance of an inefficient school. In addition to having received an education most of the graduates have become Christians.

What They Say of Missionaries.

From the foregoing it is plain that the sweeping statement that nothing is to be seen of missionaries or their work in Yokohama is without foundation. Just what those best qualified to speak think of the missionaries and their work is another matter. I have been asking various types of Yokohama business men their opinion upon this point. At the Yokohama United club, which is the leading social organization of the city, I asked an American whom I chanced to meet what he thought of the missionaries. He has been a resident here for 30 years, and, I later learned, is not a churchgoing man himself. He is a Missourian, plain and outspoken, the type of man who says what he thinks. His opinion was as follows: "Oh, I think the missionaries are all right. Of course, I believe that missions are a business with them. It is their way of making a living. Some few of them are of no account, just as there are men in every other kind of business, in Yokohama or anywhere else, who are of no account. Most of them are men of real ability. I never heard a whisper against the morality of any of them. You will hear some people say that they are rich, but that is all nonsense. They do not live as well as the business men here. One reason that they do not go into society, I suppose, is that they can't afford it. As for their work, whatever one thinks of religion, there is no denying that their educational institutions are a success."

Another man said that the only definite criticism he had to make, or had heard made of the missionaries, was against their tendency to sanctimoniousness and offishness. They are inclined to draw apart from the other foreigners in the community. He and others with whom I talked made an exception in the case of Rev. Dr. J. L. Dearing, president of the Baptist Theological Seminary upon the bluff, who, it appears, mingles socially with the leading European families and, I take it, exercises considerable influence over young Americans as well as over the Japanese.

Still another man said that his only criticism was that while the missionaries worked during most of the year, they had longer vacations than any other white men in the east. The man who is said to be the bitterest antagonist of missions, in the east, himself formerly a Unitarian missionary, is a newspaper editor here. As his objection was chiefly to Christianity itself I shall not quote him here.

Summing up a number of interviews, I would say that the missionary is criticised most sweepingly by those who know practically nothing of Yokohama outside of its foreign hotels, and who are not near enough to the native life to be aware of the large number of Japanese Christians in the city. There is manifest to the most casual observer many evidences of long established, important and successful missionary work in the city. The simple fact that were it not for the missionary, there would be no Christian services here for the American community is itself of considerable weight. To the missionary's character not a whisper of blame attaches. He is a gentleman and a useful member of the community.

Japan's Great Festival.

On February 11 is celebrated in Japan the great annual festival of Kigensetsu, the anniversary of the foundation of the empire by the first emperor, Jimmutenno, B. C. 660. The Japanese reckon their present era as from this date, and it was on February 11, 1889, that Mutsuhito, the one hundred and twenty-first of the dynasty, promulgated the present constitution of the empire of Japan, the fundamental principle of which is clearly stated in its first article: "The empire of Japan shall be reigned over and governed by a line of emperors unbroken from ages eternal." The organization of a parliament took place in 1890, which, in the Japanese reckoning, would be 2550 from Jimmu's setting up his capital at Kashiwara, in the province of Yamato, which is regarded by Japanese historians as the beginning of the empire.—London Chronicle.

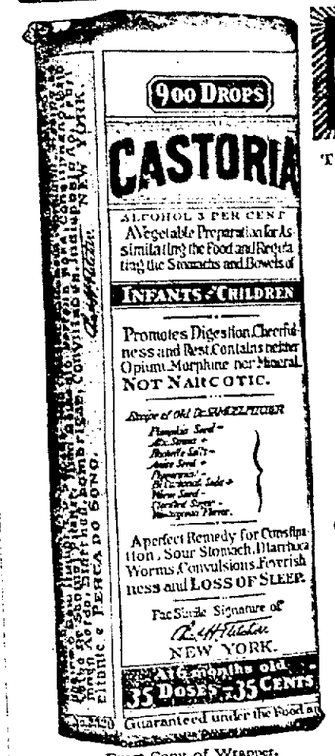
The largest church is in Rome.

Find Ruins of Old Palace.

A Reuter telegram from Athens announces that excavations at Thebes have brought to light the ruins of what is believed to have been the palace of King Cadmus, the legendary founder of Thebes.

Tuberculosis Patients Do Well.

Of the tuberculous patients treated in Pennsylvania's "Camp Sanatorium," which was established with the aid of the state, 75 per cent. have either recovered or been greatly improved.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What Is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The Same Species.

"Did you ship that load of elephants' ears to the florist on the suburban express?"

"No; I thought it would be more in order to send them on the trunk line."

Give Defiance Starch a fair trial—try it for both hot and cold starching, and if you don't think you do better work, in less time and at smaller cost, return it and your grocer will give you back your money.

Amendment Not Accepted.

Mrs. Jagaway—I wish I knew where my husband was.

Mrs. Kawler—You mean, I presume, that you wish you knew where your husband is?

Mrs. Jagaway—No, I don't. I know where he is. He's up in his room, sleeping off a headache.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Business Instinct.

A party of tourists were visiting the ancient landmarks of England, according to a writer in the New Orleans Times-Democrat, and their guide was supplying them with valuable historic facts.

"This tower," he remarked, "goes back to William the Conqueror."

"Why, what's the matter?" inquired one of his listeners. "Isn't it satisfactory?"

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

Our Queer Sense of Humor.

"Americans have a strange sense of humor, don't you know," began the Englishman. "The othah day, for example, I went into a restaurant with a friend and he awsked for sinkahs. I was surprised to see them bring him three biscuit of some sort or othah. Again at anothah time I dined with him at a table d'hote cafe. He said to the waiter, 'Bring us a couple of bottles of pink ink.' What the waiter brought him, don't you know, was two bottles of red wine.

"Really, it is very strange, the American sense of humor. You catch onto my meaning?"—N. Y. Press.

Made for Fat Men.

One of the narrow arches in the gallery of the chapel at Columbia university is not exactly symmetrical, although the defect is not noticeable to the casual observer, says the New York Globe. The reason for the widening of the arch after its original construction had rise in a somewhat humorous occurrence. One of the early visitors was a remarkably fat man, who found himself wedged into the arch when he tried to squeeze through and was extricated with difficulty. The builders, recognizing the possibility of other fat people being numbered among the future visitors, decided to widen the arch, sacrificing symmetry and harmony to practical need, as the pier was so constructed as to bear no loss of width on one of its sides.

AN OLD EDITOR

Found $2000 Worth of Food.

The editor of a paper out in Okla., said: "Yes, it is true when I got hold of Grape-Nuts food, it was worth more than a $2000 doctor bill to me, for it made me a well man. I have gained 25 pounds in weight, my strength has returned tenfold, my brain power has been given back to me, and that is an absolute essential, for I am an editor and have been for 35 years.

"My pen shall always be ready to speak a good word for this powerful nutritive food. I had of course often read the advertisements regarding Grape-Nuts, but never thought to apply the food to my own use, until, in my extremity and sickness the thought came to me that it might fit my case. The statements in regard to the food are absolutely correct, as I have proven in my own case. One very fortunate thing about the food is that while it is the most scientifically made and highly nourishing, concentrated food I have ever known, it has so delicious a taste that it wins and holds friends." "There's a Reason." Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

PAT SET ONLY ONE LIMIT.

Would Quit When He Was Done With All Things Earthly.

A rich man out in the suburbs who owns a large place has among the many people employed to keep it in shape an Irishman of whom he is fearfully fond on account of his unconscious wit, says Harper's Weekly. This Irishman is something of a hard drinker and, as his income is limited, he is more particular as regards the quantity than the quality of his liquids. The other day the employer, who had been awaiting a good opportunity, remarked in a kind tone, as the closing sentence of a friendly lecture:

"Now, Pat, how long do you think you can keep on drinking that cheap whiskey?"

To which Pat instantly replied

"All my life, if it doesn't kill me."

ECZEMA COVERED BABY.

Worst Case Doctors Ever Saw—Suffered Untold Misery—Perfect Cure by Cuticura Remedies.

"My son, who is now twenty-two years of age, when four months old began to have eczema on his face, spreading quite rapidly until he was nearly covered. The eczema was something terrible, and the doctors said it was the worst case they ever saw. At times his whole body and face were covered, all but his feet. I used many kinds of patent medicines, to no avail. A friend teased me to try Cuticura. At last I decided to try Cuticura when my boy was three years and four months old, having had eczema all that time and suffering untold misery. I began to use all three of the Cuticura Remedies. He was better in two months; in six months he was well. Mrs. R. L. Ridley, Piermont, N. H., Oct. 24, 1905."

An Artistic Idea.

"I don't mind paying for a picture if it's a good, natural likeness," said the rich man to the fashionable artist, to whom he was to sit for his portrait.

"O, it is quite characteristic and natural, I assure you," replied the artist. "I flatter myself that easy attitude with your hand in your pocket is quite a neat touch."

And so it proved when the bill came in.

Sheer white goods, in fact, any fine wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, this being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good Starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try Defiance Starch and you will be pleasantly surprised at the improved appearance of your work.

Stingy.

Bill—And is he of a forgiving nature?

Jill—For giving? Say, you couldn't wring a cent out of him with a monkey wrench!

Defiance Starch—Never sticks to the iron—no blotches—no blisters, makes ironing easy and does not injure the goods.

Glass mirrors were known in A. D. 23, but the art of making them was lost and not recovered until 1300 in Venice.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c. Many smokers prefer them to 10c cigars. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

All men are equal—till they are found out.

FARMS THAT GROW "NO. 1 HARD" WHEAT



New Wheat Growing Territory

C. J. BROUGHTON, Room 430 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; W. H. ROGERS, Third Floor, Traction Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.; or T. O. CURRIE, Room 12 B, Callahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

Mention this paper

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

NORTHWEST AND RETURN

Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Bellingham, Everett, Vancouver, Victoria and New Westminster

$62.50

For the round trip

FROM CHICAGO

Tickets on sale June 30 to July 15, 1907. Also on sale daily from June 15 to Sept. 15 to Spokane and California common points at slightly higher rates

VIA

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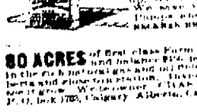
of this paper desiring to buy any thing advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

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Easy to Wear! Easy to Fit! Easy to Get!

THE EASY TRUSS CO., Kalamazoo, Mich.

PIT & PITLESS SCALES.



80 ACRES

of first class Farm Land for sale in the rich Saskatchewan and Alberta districts, Canada. Write for literature and particulars. THOS. HUGHES, Wetaskiwin, Alberta, Canada.

WE SELL

Southwest Texas lands. We invite the personal investigation of those who have investments to make or wish to locate in the United States. Write for free booklet and particulars. MOLNAT BROS., San Antonio, Texas.

EVERY FAMILY

needs a Perfect Coffee Percolator. Agents wanted. Catalog FREE. W. Spice & Co., 115 N. Broadway, Oklahoma City, Okla.

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For starching fine linens.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

A Positive CURE FOR CATARRH

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Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once. 50c. Ely Bros., 56 Warren St., N. Y.



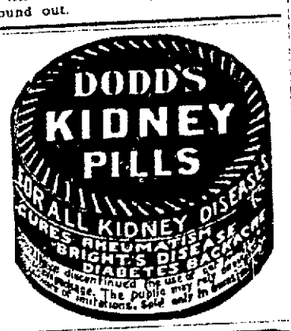
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makes laundry work a pleasure.

160 ACRES

of good land FREE to Old Soldier and Spanish War Soldiers. Address A. W. Grimm, Enid, Okla.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS



Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Jun. 19, 1907

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....$1.50
Six Months.....75

Advertising Rates.—For display matter a flat rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The column in The Tribune are 24 inches long, making a one column advertisement cost $2.40 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.

Judge Gaynor on Tainted Money

Judge W. J. Gaynor of the appellate division of the supreme court of New York addressed the Knife and Fork club of Kansas City May 22. Judge Gaynor spoke on freight rate abuses. The Associated Press gives extracts from Judge Gaynor's speech as follows:

"There is no prejudice in this country against honestly acquired wealth, however large. It is wealth acquired infamously which is under the ban of the splendid intelligence and integrity of the people of this country. The prime object of government is to promote distributive justice to all. Without this object being fulfilled there can be no true prosperity. Prosperity is the highest production which community is capable of consistent with the physical and mental welfare of its members, accompanied by a just distribution of the total product among the producers. This does not mean share and share alike, but according to the productive capacity, physical or mental, or both, of each. If a few are getting each year, and constantly, by hook or by crook, the total product of all who work, then the condition is not one of prosperity.

"If certain individuals in a short lifetime become possessed of so much property that they can make abnormal gifts to charity; if one man can give away, for instance, the vast sum of $39,000,000 in one gift without feeling it any more than you would miss $5, we make a fatal mistake if we ascribe such a condition to prosperity. If we find the railroads being used to allow a few to acquire such fortunes at the expense of their fellowmen by having their freight carried at a rate lower than others have to pay, so that they are able to create monopolies in themselves, our condition is not one of prosperity, but it is dangerous to the perpetuity of our free government.

"From the beginning of the world the public highways always had been built by the government. In the same way the government could have built our iron highways the railroads. And even though privately built, the railroads of the country are still public highways.

"This is the decision of all the courts in the land. The corporations, nor the individuals who control them, can not do with them as they will. They are mere trustees, or agencies of the government to run them as public highways for the benefit of all, and without any favoritism or discrimination to anyone. Every free pass issued, every favor in freight rates granted, is in defiance of the law. Some people are under the delusion that recent statutes made these things unlawful. Not at all; they were unlawful from the beginning. We only needed statutes to make it a criminal offense to grant them, and to jail those who should grant them. That these public highways should be used to enable a few men to destroy their business rivals is the basest crime of our day and generation.

If I give an illustration, it is not for holding any one man up for reproach above others. In 1870 I went through the oil regions of Pennsylvania and saw a wilderness of derricks spread out over the country over engines pumping oil from wells. Hundreds of people owned such wells, and were producing oil. Five years later all these wells had passed into the control of one man, or set of men. All the other producers had failed and joined those unfortunates who fall by the wayside in the struggle for existence. And why and how? Because this one man and his few companions went to the low powerful individuals who controlled the railroads and conspired with them, and got them to carry their oil to market for, say $1 a barrel, while everyone else was charged $2 and more a barrel. Of course this favoritism in freight rates enabled them to undersell by that much, and destroy all their rivals.

"Just think of a debate being got up, even by ministers of the gospel, whether money thus acquired is tainted! This same thing has been done in all our principal products. And let no one be under the delusion that it is to cease. You can't stop an evil by merely passing a law against it. Every week, even now, reveals a new case of this railroad favoritism and discrimination. Some have come to the conclusion that the government should take the railroads and run them, in order to end the abuse. For my part, I would not see the government do it. Private enterprise is too valuable to be eliminated from railroad building and management, if it can be avoided.

"My own view is that it is only necessary for the government to appoint the general freight agent of every railroad, for he could stop all rate favoritism at once. It would not be for his office to fix the schedule of rates, but only to see that everyone paid the schedule rate no more and no less. The actual payments of rebates back to shippers is now seldom done but favoritism is done in many ways. One way is to give favoritism in freight rates by billing goods at one-half their weight. Another way is by means of the private switches or tracks which connect many business places with the railroads. One of these little railroads a quarter of a mile long may get 25, or even 50, per cent of the freight money charged by the railroad it connects, and which carries the freight hundreds of thousands of miles. Private freight cars leased to the railroad at exhorbitant rates are another means, and still another is the giving of large commissions to a go-between for getting the freight.

"This favoritism in freight rates is also used to defeat the national tariff by giving foreign goods a freight rate low enough to enable them to come in and be sold at a profit, in spite of the protective tariff. Goods are carried from England and Germany to Denver, for example, for a less rate than the same domestic goods have to pay from Chicago to Denver. This favoritism in freight rates and passenger rates is also a wrong to the railroad stockholders. There are roads now paying three or four per cent dividends which would be paying ooe-rer ten per cent if the favoritism in freight rates was stopped.

"No wonder a growing number of people want the government to take the railroads."—The Commoner.

May be a Good Suggestion.

One thing that was suggested by the ladies of the Federated clubs during their talk before the city council last week that might be a good matter for the city fathers to ponder over, was that of buying a portion of the Lyon property down the river for a park. We have heard a lot about parks of late, some of which has been worth hearing and some of which has not been so interesting, but there is no question but what the site suggested by the ladies down the river is much nicer and more appropriate than the piece of land that the city fathers have been discussing up the river. Of course the excuse is being made that the place up the river will be excellent for manufacturing sites in case the city does not care to use it as a park, which may be true. In fact, we think it would be better for manufacturing sites than anything else, and if bought at all it should be bought expressly for this purpose, so that if at any future time it should be desirable to turn it over to some manufacturing plant there would be no question as to whether it could be done or not.

The city is now involved in litigation over the matter of whether it has a right to build a public building on its property or not, the complainants in the case claiming that as the ground had been taken originally for a market square it could not be used for a public building. The same question might come up in case the city bought a piece of land for a park and then wanted to donate it to a manufacturing plant. If the city is going into the real estate business, we say, make it real estate. If we are going to establish a system of parks, make it parks, and have no question about the matter.

Give the Boy a Chance.

We want to talk to you about your boy.

We will assume that he is, apparently, an everyday, ordinary boy, with the usual amount of spirits, mischief and hard-headedness. We will take for granted that he has not always been as good as he might have been, and that you have been fortunate enough to find this out. We will also suppose that he is occasionally just about as big a handful as either you or his mother cares to contend with, and that, he has his share of ignorance and wisdom, affection and temper, good and bad.

We will agree that he seems to have in him the making of a good average man.

But what else has he? What else is inside of that head? What else is hidden in the personality that looks out of those eyes? What else is hidden is there locked deep in that undeveloped brain? What else can those hands do some day, those eyes perceive, that brain create?

All the human ability that there is, or ever has been, or ever will be, may be sleeping in the soul of that everyday boy. We like to think of this as the miracle of childhood.

There are infinite possibilities in every child.

Yours may have it in him to be as eloquent as Cicero, as strategic as Hannibal, as poetic as Milton, or as melodious as Beethoven. He may be as great a patriot as Washington, as profound a thinker as Darwin, or as magnetic a leader as Mahomet. If there are to be any great men and women of tomorrow they must develope from the boys and girls of today.

You do not want to take the chance of robbing yours of what belongs to them.

Suppose they had made a notion clerk of Roosevelt, or a doctor of Moody, or a stable-boy of Shakespeare?

The great men became great because they discovered in time what was hidden away inside of them.

But think how many more greater men and women the world has lost because neither parents nor early training nor circumstances encouraged them to find and use the talents with which they were born.

Surely, as the poet Gray put it, there are Hampdens and Miltons and Cromwells in every country churchyard!

There is some one thing that your boy and your girl will be able to do better than anything else.

Find out what it is. If you lay brick, your boy may build bridges. If you care only for society, your girl may have monuments erected to her memory as one who gave up her life for nobler things. If you heal the sick in body, your boy may heal the sick in soul. If you follow he may lead.

Give the boy a chance.—Milwaukee Journal.

Will Cure Consumption.

A. A. Herren, Finch, Ark., writes: "Foley's Honey and Tar is the best preparation for coughs, colds and lung trouble. I know that it has cured consumption in the first stages." You never heard of any one using Foley's Honey and Tar and not being satisfied. Daily Drug & Jewelry Co.

Condimental Stock Foods.

Investigations made by the University of Wisconsin Agricultural Experimental Station during the past year show that $300,000 is spent annually by Wisconsin farmers upon condimental stock foods that have practically no feeding or medicinal value. The results of the investigation are now being published in a bulletin entitled "Condimental Stock Foods" by Professor F. W. Woll, chemist of the experiment station. Statistics taken in three representative counties of the state,—Walworth, Fond du Lac, and Trempealeau,—were used as a basis for the computation of the amount and quality of those "patent medicines for farm animals" sold in the state. It was found that Walworth county farmers pay annually $1,214.50 of those feeds from regular dealers, while farmers in Fond du Lac county spend $3,744.60, and Trempealeau county men invest $3,273.60 similarly. Taking the total rural population of the three counties as 7,500 and that of the state as 2,238,000 (according to the census of 1900), it is computed that the aggregate amount of condimental stock feeds sold annually in the state by dealers is $181,000. Half as much more is sold by peddlers who go from farm to farm, which makes a total of $300,000 invested annually by farmers of the state in these feeds. At the average price of ten cents a pound, this expenditure represents 3,000,000 pounds, or 1,500 tons of the feeds consumed in Wisconsin each year. A careful chemical analysis has been made of samples of all those stock feeds sold in the state, and tests were made upon animals on the experimental farm. Results show positively that the condimental feeds are of no benefit to healthy animals, either in aiding digestion or in adding to the animals' production of flesh, milk, or wool; and that they are of no benefit to diseased animals, either when used as a cure-all, or in specific diseases. The prices charged are exhorbitant, since but a small proportion of the ingredients are medicinal, the remainder consisting of some filler, as wheat screenings or cereal hulls. The farmer who considers special stock foods necessary at times can obtain better results at less cost by buying the ingredients at the drug store and mixing his feed himself. The new bulletin also gives the results of similar investigation by other important experiment stations and authorities on animal husbandry, and all agree with the conclusions drawn by Wisconsin investigators.

Every Man His Own Doctor.

The average man cannot afford to employ a physician for every slight ailment or injury that may occur in his family, nor can he afford to neglect them, as so slight an injury as the scratch of a pin has been known to cause the loss of a limb. Hence every man must from necessity be his own doctor for this class of ailments. Success often depends upon prompt treatment, which can only be had when suitable medicines are kept at hand. Chamberlains Remedies have been in the market for many years and enjoy a good reputation.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm (an antiseptic liniment) for cuts, bruises, burns, sprains, swellings, lame back and rheumatic pain.

Chamberlain's Stomach and liver Tablets for constipation, biliousness and stomach troubles.

Chamberlain's Salve for diseases of the skin.

One bottle of each of these five preparations costs but $1.25. For sale by Daly Drug and Jewelry Co.

Making Pickle Contracts.

Nekoosa Times:—The H. J. Heinz Co. has made pickle contracts for 200 acres in the vicinity of Pittsville for this season, being about 50 acres more than last year when the farmers were paid about $8,000 for pickles. With the larger acreage this year and as many of the farmers will have better success because of their experience last year, probably about $12,000 will be paid out to them this season. The company has men carefully supervising the planting and instructing the growers in regard to the care of the vines and the picking of the cucumbers during the growing season, reports being made every day to the company. Very few of the farmers who raised pickles last year refused to make contracts this year, but a number of them contracted for smaller acreage having found that the amount they had last year was more than could be properly attended to. Everything points to a successful season and if the weather is favorable Pittsville will benefit greatly by the excellent salting station there.

High Price for State Lands.

The sale of state lands conducted by State Treasurer A. H. Dahl at Merrill Wednesday was the most profitable sale ever held in the state. The total amount received was $77,990 for 4,120 acres, the appraised value of which was $72,631, making a total gain of $5,359 over the appraisal. One forty appraised at $1,070 sold for $1,600. Another appraised at $1,340 sold for $1,955 due to the spirited bidding of real estate men from Austin, Tomahawk and Merrill.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Ladies. Brooke, Miss Ferny; Olney, Miss Luella; Cole, Miss Anna L. D.; Emmons, Miss Lydia; Getz toff, Miss Lillie; Martinson, Miss Bessie; Martinson, Miss Flov; Mokoskie, Adela; Sager, Mrs. John; Searls, Miss Pearl; Smith, Miss Clara; Young, Mrs. Ella O. Young.

Gentlemen. Emery, B. F.; Mansfield, Eugene C.; Nonan, Andrew; Pratt, W. E.; Sheppard, Dr. W. A.; Webb, A. M.; Yost, Fred Mr. and Mrs.

Free, for Catarrh, just to prove merit, a Trial size Box of Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Let me send it now. It is a snow-white, creamy, healing, antiseptic balm. Containing such healing ingredients as Oil Eucaliptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., it gives instant and lasting relief to Catarrh of the nose and throat. Make the free test and see for yourself what this preparation can and will accomplish. Address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large jars 50 cents. Sold by Wood Co. Drug Co.

OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENTS

SIGEL

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Martinski and four children were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sedall several days last week. Mr. Martinski has sold his farm near the Point and has purchased a residence in the above city.

Felix Walloch is employed as stone mason in your city, building the wall for the Reiland Packing Co.

At the Catholic church on Monday morning, Rev. Korczyk united in marriage Anton Walloch and Miss Josie Rick, two of the popular young people of this town. After the wedding ceremony a big dinner and dance was given in the John Jagodzinski's grove to about fifty families. Their friends around here extend congratulations.

Don't forget the big picnic on the picnic grounds, Sunday June 23. All are invited. There will be a good time for all who attend.

I'll stop your pain free. To show you first—before you spend a penny—what my Pink Pain Tablets can do, I will mail you free, a Trial Package of them—Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets. Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Period pains, etc., are due alone to blood congestion. Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets simply kill pain by coaxing away the unnatural blood pressure. That is all. Address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Sold by Wood Co Drug Co.

VANDRIESSEN

Andrew Ingram visited at H. Slack's recently.

W. J. Smith, Will and Ned Hewitt attended the fair at your city Tuesday.

Mrs. Sam Coggins is a guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rous.

The exercises held at the Baptist church Children's Day were very good. As was the preaching by Rev. Woodward of Wild Rose, morning and evening.

R. Harvey of Plainfield attended services here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Apps of Wild Rose were callers at their old home here recently.

Melvin Garish was a Sunday caller at John Gunsley's.

George Kings and Ward Weldon drove to Mr. Tesser's at Saratoga, fishing one night recently and brought home a fine catch.

Harry Rous graduated from the school at Hancock June 7th and has returned home.

A letter from Mr. Mulkin's family, locates them near Atkins, Minn. They were about to leave there for N. Dakota thinking they had found one place worse than Wisconsin at last.

I will mail you free, to prove merit, samples of my Dr. Shoop's Restorative, and my Book on either Dyspepsia, The Heart or The Kidneys. Troubles of the Stomach, Heart or Kidneys, are merely symptoms of a deeper ailment. Don't make the common error of treating symptoms only. Symptom treatment is treating the Result of your ailment and not The Cause. Weak Stomach nerves—the inside nerves—mean Stomach weakness, always. And the Heart, and Kidneys as well, have their controlling or inside nerves. Weaken these nerves, and you inevitably have weak vital organs. Here is where Dr. Shoop's Restortive has made its fame. No other remedy even claims to treat the "inside nerves". Also for bloating, biliousness, bad breath or coming, biliousness, bad breath or complexion, use Dr. Shoop's Restorative Write me to-day for sample and free Book. Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. The Restorative is sold by Wood Co. Drug Co.

NEKOOSA.

(From the Times.)

The home of Mike Brown and family on Wood's Farm, was reduced to ashes last Saturday forenoon the fire originating from a chimney burning out. Most of the household goods and clothing was saved, among the contents destroyed with the building being two bedsteads, a barrelful of clothing and twenty dollars tied up in a handkerchief.

A movement for a Fourth of July celebration has been started and liberal subscriptions for that purpose have been made by our business men and public spirited citizens who want to see something doing here on that day. No doubt sufficient money will be raised to enable the committee to offer substantial prizes for a good variety of races and athletic contests.

One of the largest classes in the history of Sacred Heart of Jesus church, of Nekoosa, will be confirmed by Bishop Schwebach here on Tuesday, July 2. Some of the young folks of the class are from Babcock, of which parish, Rev. Jos. Feldmann is also pastor.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Douglas, in this city occurred the wedding of Mr. Frank Fischer and Miss Emma Douglas, the ceremony taking place last evening, Rev. W. H. Short being the officiating clergyman.

The farm house on Tony Gavre's farm adjoining the village of Nekoosa was burned to the ground last Thursday evening, the fire starting from a defective chimney which burned out just before supper time.

Unknown Friends.

There are many people who have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with splendid results, but who are unknown because they have hesitated about giving a testimonial of their experience for publication. These people, however, are none the less friends of this remedy. They have done much toward making it a household word by their personal recommendations to friends and neighbors. It is a good medicine to have in the home and is widely known for its cures of diarrhoea and all forms of bowel trouble. For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

—Low rates to Pacific coast via Chicago, Union Pacific & North Western Line. Very low rates for the round trip will be in effect to San Francisco and Los Angeles daily June 8th to 15th and June 22nd to July 5th ($20. additional for N. E. A. membership fee.) Also to Portland, Tacoma, Seattle and North Pacific Coast points June 20th to July 12th. June 20th to July 12th to Spokane. Liberal return limits. Variable routes. Favorable stop-over arrangements. For tickets and full information apply to any ticket agent of the North-Western Line. 5t.

RUDOLPH.

The monthly stock fair will be held on July 11th next month on account of the 4th coming on the regular day. A big fair is looked for and it is hoped that the farmers will all bring in some stock.

Rudolph is going to celebrate the 4th in the good old fashioned way. A big crowd is expected and they will not be disappointed as the committee in charge have arranged a fine program. There will be a big dance in Marcean's hall.

Mrs. Josephine Sigman died Thursday at her home in Carson after an illness of four months with tuberculosis. She was 62 years of age. The funeral was held on Saturday from the Catholic church at Junction City, after which the remains were taken to Stevens Point for burial in St. Peter's cemetery.

Geo. Piltz and Wm. Slattery drove a herd of cattle to Grand Rapids which were sold to a butcher.

Misses Annie and Mary Blair are home for a visit of several weeks.

B. Sharkey raised a new barn one day last week.

Emmett Slattery has commenced the erection of a new barn on his farm in this burg.

Miss Mary Redmond of Milwaukee is a guest of Peter Redmond and family.

Harry Brys is working at the carpenter trade with John Jacobson.

Mrs. Rood, formerly Inga Jacobson, and little boy of Atlanta, are guests at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jacobson.

The Grandshaw hotel has been newly painted, which adds much to the appearance.

Charley Alberts erected a fine building last week, to be used as a granary and machine shed.

Thursday June 6th, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Zimmerman of Carson, occurred the marriage of their daughter, Miss Josie, to August Haybach of Wausau. Miss Ida Zimmerman acted as bridesmaid and a brother of the groom acted as groomsman. Many guests were present who were served with a fine wedding dinner and supper, after which the guests indulged in dancing until the wee small hours. The bride and groom received many pretty and useful presents. Mr. and Mrs. Haybach will reside in Wausau, and will take with them to their new home the best wishes of many friends in this community.

You can't tell a woman's age after she takes Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Her complexion is fine. She is round, plump, and handsome; in fact she is young again. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Miss Grace and Ada Fox closed successful terms of school last Friday in Dists. No. 9 and 10 in Carson.

Mrs. Albert Scott and son of Star Lake are visiting with relatives here.

Mrs. Delight Livermash of Star Lake is visiting friends and relatives here.

Miss Grace Fox has accepted the position as clerk in A. J. Kujawa's store.

Do Not Neglect the Children.

at this season of the year the first unnatural looseness of a child's bowel should have immediate attention. The best thing that can be given is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy followed by castor oil as directed with each bottle of the remedy. For sale by Daly Drug and Jewelry Co

MEEHAN.

John Clausier is helping Orin Clendenning break for potatoes.

Henry Blood bought a pony of John Smart last week.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Warner, June 15th.

Henry Lutz is breaking some new ground on the river bottom to plant potatoes.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wolosik were Stevens Point visitors last Saturday.

John Smart of Stevens Point visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Smart, last week.

If your stomach troubles you do not conclude that there is no cure, for a great many have been permanently cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Get a free sample at John E. Daly's drug store and give them a trial. They also cure constipation and biliousness.

M. H. Monger is canvassing for books for the P. W. Zeigler Co. of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Cline Cradle, who has been quite sick, is a little better.

William Clussman, who is working in your city, spent Sunday at home.

Richard and Gillman Green of Stevens Point were seen on our streets Sunday.

The Very Best Remedy for Bowel Trouble.

Mr. M. F. Borroughs, an old and well-known resident of Bluffton, Ind., says: "I regard Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as the very best remedy for bowel trouble. I make this statement after having used the remedy in my family for several years. I am never without it." This remedy is almost sure to be needed before the summer is over. Why not buy it now and be prepared for such an emergency? For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

SARATOGA.

Last Thursday at the German Lutheran church at Kellner occurred the marriage of Albert Koch and Miss Minnie Voight.

A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. P. Peterson last Wednesday.

There is no school in Dist. No 5 this week as the teacher, Miss LaVigne is attending the exercises of commencement week of the Training School. She is one of the graduates this year.

Miss Katherine Johnson of Grand Rapids visited at home over Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Lottie Peterson, who is clerking at Rowland's, spent Sunday at home.

Henry Hansen of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at home.

Piles get quick and certain relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Please note it is made alone for Piles, and its action is positive and certain. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large nickel-capped glass jars 50 cents. Sold by Wood Co. Drug Co.

Cured Hemorrhages of the Lungs.

"Several years since my lungs were so badly affected that I had many hemorrhages," writes A. M. Ake, of Wood, Ind. "I took treatment with several physicians without any benefit. I then started to take Foley's Honey and Tar, and my lungs are now as sound as a bullet. I recommend it in advanced stages of lung trouble." Foley's Honey and Tar stops the cough and heals the lungs, and prevents serious results from a cold. Refuse substitutes. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

??? ???

Isn't it strange how some people keep putting their money in speculations—wild cat schemes—money they have worked hard for—money they can ill afford to lose?

Better indeed, would it be have been had they put their money in the Savings Department of the Bank of Grand Rapids where it would have been safe and the interest sure.

Bank of Grand Rapids
WEST SIDE

For Sale

Lots 1 and 8, block 19, containing residence and barn now occupied by myself.

Lots 2 and 3, block 19 with house.

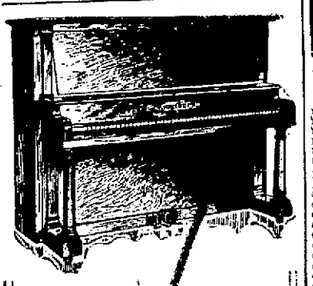
Lots 1, 2, 3, 6, 7 and 8, Block 24.

Lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, Block 25.

Will be sold separately or in one bunch.

Also my Hardware Store and stock for sale.

Robert Farrish,
Grand Rapids, Wis.



A Nice Piano

does a wholelot toward furnishing a house, besides being an instrument that is more universally played than any other. I can furnish you with almost any grade of instrument you may want, and they are all good. Do not be afraid to ask about them as it won't cost you a cent for information.

Mrs. F. P. Daly,
Grand Rapids, Wis.

WOOD COUNTY
NATIONAL BANK
Capital and Surplus $1,000,000.00

It is an advantage to have established business relations with a strong successful banking institution, and on this principle the Wood County National Bank respectfully solicits your banking business whether large or small.

One Dollar Starts a Savings Account.

FOR AGENTS—AN OPPORTUNITY!
"THE OLD WORLD AND ITS WAYS"
BY
William Jennings Bryan
NOW READY FOR SOLICITORS.
576 Imperial Octavo Pages 200 Superb Engravings from photographs taken by Mr. Bryan

Recounts his trip around the world and his visits to all nations. The greatest book of travel ever written. The people are waiting for it. The agent's harvest. OUTFIT FREE—Send fifty cents to cover mailing and handling.

The Thompson Publishing Co., St. Louis, Mo

Heart Strength

Heart Strength, or Heart Weakness, means Nerve Strength, or Nerve Weakness—nothing more. Positively, not one weak heart in a hundred is, in itself, actually diseased. It is almost always a self, actually diseased. It is almost always a hidden tiny little nerve that really is all at fault. This obscure nerve—the Cardiac, or Heart Nerve—simply needs, and must have, more power, more stability, more controlling, more governing strength. Without that the heart must continue to fail, and the stomach and kidneys also have these same controlling nerves.

This clearly explains why, as a medicine, Dr. Shoop's Restorative has in the past done so much for weak and ailing Hearts. Dr. Shoop first sought the cause of all this painful, palpitating, suffocating heart distress. Dr. Shoop's Restorative—this popular prescription—is alone directed to these weak and wasting nerve centers. It builds; it strengthens; it offers real, genuine heart help. If you would have strong Hearts, strong digestion, strengthen these nerves—re-establish them as needed, with

Dr. Shoop's Restorative
WOOD COUNTY DRUG CO.

The Time, The Place and The Events.

The Time is Now, the Month of June and July

The place is Grand Rapids and the surrounding country.

The events are the terrible cyclones, tornadoes, windstorms and electrical storms you are reading of in every day's paper.

Thousands of dollars worth of property are being destroyed and hundreds of lives lost almost daily.

You cannot afford to risk losing your property without protection.

I will protect your city property against tornadoes and windstorms for the small sum of 40c per $100.00 for a term of 3 years.

Farmers I will protect your farm buildings against these same storms for 75c per $100.00 for three years. Or I will insure your buildings, stock, machinery, etc., against fire, lightning, tornadoes and windstorms for $1.75 per $100.00, for three years. No assessments. Can you afford to take the risk of losing your property without protection when good protection costs so little?

I also buy and sell Real Estate, loan money and make Abstracts of Title.

C. E. BOLES,

Phone 322 — Lyon Block



A LUMBER YARD

where you can obtain promptly the best grades of Lumber and other

Building Material

at all times, is commendable. We can supply you with anything and everything required, for which to build a fence, house, barn, store or factory. Get our figures on your next bill.

Parkinson-Marling Lbr. Co.
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

H. J. GIESE. Mgr. East Side Yard. Phone 377
M. G. GORDON, Mgr. West Side Yard. Phone 169

T. A. TAYLOR. WM. SCOTT.

TAYLOR & SCOTT

Abstracts, Loans, INSURANCE and Real Estate.

Telephone No. 364.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

THE BEER THAT IS BEST
GRAND RAPIDS BEER
TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

WEEKS & WEEKS



PRODUCERS OF
HIGH GRADE CEMETERY MEMORIALS, CUT STONE, ETC.

In buying a family monument, remember it is for all time, therefore the best is none too good. Quality is better than Quantity. An ARTISTIC memorial is rather more to be desired than a meaningless pile of stone that has no beauty. Our designs are up-to-date, and our prices as low as any legitimate dealer in the state considering the quality of work produced. Give us a call and we will guarantee satisfaction.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.



MASURY'S HOUSE PAINT
THE PAINT WITH THE LONGEST LIFE

There is no question about it.

Masury's House Paints have been submitted to every possible test during the past sixty-five years. They have withstood the attacks of extreme heat, extreme cold, moisture and time. When properly applied on the proper surface they invariably give good accounts of themselves. Painters praise them because of their endurance and preservative qualities. Consumers endorse them because, by their use, they are spared the expense of repainting for the longest possible period. The wonderful success of the house of John W. Masury & Son for more than half a century is due to the care with which they select the ingredients used in the manufacture of their paints. Many substances could be used to lessen cost, but they are unhesitatingly rejected.

PURE LINSEED OIL

is used on account of its superior preservative qualities. The pigments ground with it are selected because experience has proved them to be best. In deciding upon paints for original painting or repainting you must remember it costs just as much to spread poor paints as it does to spread the best paints, and that in the interests of economy you should choose Masury's House Paints for the reason that they live the longest and retain their brilliancy of finish long after inferior paints have completely vanished. They are manufactured only by

JOHN W. MASURY & SON,
New York — Chicago — St. Louis — Minneapolis
LOCAL AGENTS:

Centralia Hardware Co.

BRIEF LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Mrs Arthur Holmes spent Sunday at Bethel

J. R. Ragan was a business visitor in Babcock Monday.

Miss Frances Ehmke visited friends in this city on Saturday.

A. Decker transacted business in Merrill on Monday.

Atty. D. D. Conway was in Minneapolis Saturday on business.

Louis Blenker of Blenker spent Sunday with friends in the city.

A. J. Freund returned Saturday from a few days visit at Appleton.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Church were Sunday guests of friends at Wausau.

Miss Isabel Dunitz is employed at the Register of Deeds office this week.

John O'Day and Ed King of Merrill transacted business here on Thursday.

Misses Emma and Louise Noetzel were Sunday visitors at New London.

Miss Ella Kallman was a New Rome visitor a few hours on Saturday.

Miss Bernice Johnson is spending this week with relatives at Medford.

Miss Mary Kirkland has accepted a position at the Guy Gotts Ice Cream parlors.

John Farrish expects to leave next week for an extended trip thru the west.

Seth Jones was in Fond du Lac several days last week visiting with friends.

Deputy Sheriff O. Ludwig of Pittsville transacted business here on Thursday.

Mrs Geo. Hambrecht visited with relatives in Tomah several days the past week.

Warren Fisher spent a few days with friends at Hariean during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Whitlosey of Grammoor were in the city shopping on Friday.

Dr. Russell Lyon of Wausau spent Tuesday in the city visiting with relatives.

Mrs. S. H Smart left today for a few weeks visit with relatives at Monona, Iowa.

Mrs. John Maxwell of Park Falls was a guest of Mrs. Frank Otto several days last week.

Al Englebergar of Stevens Point has accepted a position in the marble works of W. L. Boyce.

Attv. B. R. Goggins and City Atty. J. J. Jaffrey transacted legal business in Appleton on Friday.

Prof. M. H Jackson went to Lindsey on Friday where he was to speak at the commencement exercises.

E. O Veyer leaves this week for the west where he expects to move his family if he finds it to his liking.

Frank Stahl left on Saturday for a few weeks visit with his daughter, Mrs. John Rice, at West Superior.

Mrs. Peter Doyle of Medford arrived in the city on Monday for a short visit with relatives and friends.

Walter Sherman, who is a student of the State University, is home to spend the summer with his parents

Charley Nash is home from the University to spend the vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Nash.

Mrs. Earle Pease departed on Friday for Milwaukee to spend a week visiting with relatives and friends.

Miss Alta Shermer returned to her home in this city on Thursday after a weeks visit with friends at Ashland.

Mr. and Mrs Dennis McCarthy and Miss Nora Slattery spent Sunday at the John Collins home at Stevens Point.

Bert McDonald has accepted a position as salesman in the dry goods department of the Johnson & Hill Co's. store.

Louis Henke of Wauzeka was a guest of his brother, Will Henke last week, returning to his home on Monday.

Miss Beryl Thompson returned to her home in this city Monday after spending a week with relatives at Merrill.

Mrs. John Cupress and daughter Genevieve spent Sunday and Monday with Mrs. Cupress's parents at Stevens Point.

James Canning left on Saturday for a short vist at the home of his daughter, Mrs. H. P. Corriveau, at Sartell.

Mr. and Mrs. William Scott of Port Arthur, Canada, were in the city the past week visiting with friends and relatives.

Miss Carrie Morrison of Marshfield, who has been a guest at the Rev. Stalf home, left on Saturday for Wautoma.

E. B. Gottrill, general manager of the Wisconsin Telephone Company of Milwaukee, was in the city Thursday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. F. MacKinnon expect to leave next week for Harshaw, where they will remain some time at their cottage.

Fred Ebert is quite sick at the home of his parents in this city. His many friends hope to hear of his early recovery.

Miss Maude Tibbitts of Milwaukee has been in the city the past week the guest of Miss Carolyn Briere and other friends

A. N. Palmer was at Marshfield on Friday where he purchased two fine saddle horses for the Wheir & Palmer livery.

A. P. Hirzy, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gonger, went to Stevens Point Tuesday morning in Mr. Hirzy's auto.

John Severance has commenced the erection of new house on his lot on Maple St. V. A Baldwin is doing the carpenter work.

James Carrington and family departed on Monday for Lewiston, Idaho, where they will make their home in the future.

Henry W. Boyer died at Merrill on Friday after a year's illness with bright's disease. Mr. Boyer resided here many years ago and is remembered by many of our older residents.

Miss Floy Quinn expects to leave on Friday for Madison, where she will attend summer school.

Peter Diedrich, who is engaged in putting in the dam at Kilbourn, was in the city several days the past week looking for men.

Mrs. Frank Cameron of Milwaukee spent several days in the city last week visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Tennant.

Miss Lizzie Herschleb was in Appleton a few days last week to attend the graduating exercises at the Lawrence University.

Beginning on Monday, June 17, the time of the afternoon train going east on the Green Bay & Western has been changed to 2:42.

Garry Mason attended the state shoot in Milwaukee last week but did not take part in the event. He reports a pleasant time.

Mrs. Anton Hartl and children of the west side departed last week for Antigo where they will spend several weeks with relatives.

Miss Ada Funk of Janesville returned to her home on Monday after spending a week at the Wm. Henke home on the east side.

Henry Carlson went to Duluth Saturday to be gone a couple of weeks. Henry will go to camp with the company from that place.

Otto Roenius returned on Saturday from a business trip to Eau Claire and Menominie in the interest of the Grand Rapids Foundry Co.

Al Voss, who has been in Milwaukee for some time past, arrived in the city on Monday and has taken charge of the Wood County Drug store.

O. G. Malde, who has charge of the experimental station at Grandmoor, was in the city on Saturday attending to some business matters.

Miss Edith Rablin has sold her fine saddle horse to W. H. Doe of Houghton, Mich., the animal being shipped to that place this morning.

Mrs. T. P. Pearonboom left on Monday for Holland and Grand Rapids, Mich., where she will visit with relatives and friends for a short time.

Mrs H. P Panter of Cripplecreek, Colorado, arrived in the city on Friday to make an extended visit at the F. G. Carrington home on the west side.

Miss Mabel Lynn, graduate of the commercial course in the Lincoln school, has accepted a position in the office of the Oberback Bros. Mfg. Co.

A bouncing baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sibley of New London last week. Mrs. Sibley was formerly Miss Marie Parisean of this city.

Roy Farrish and Ed Wheelan returned to this city last week from Michigan, where they had been engaged in estimating a large tract of timber.

Mrs. J. A. Gaynor and son James went to Madison last week to attend the commencement exercises, Miss Bessie Gaynor being among the graduates.

Mrs. Charles Ratelle and two daughters of Loyal arrived in the city to spend a few weeks at the home of Mrs. Ratelle's parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. Dudley.

Among the graduates of the Silver Cross Hospital Training School of Joliet, Ill , this year are Misses Della Jones and Bessie Huntington, both of this city.

Ted Payne has been nursing a very sore hand the past few days, having pinched a couple of his fingers in the calendar rolls at the South Side paper mill on Thursday.

Ray Johnson of Sartell, Minn., spent several days in the city during the past week visiting with his mother, Mrs. N. Johnson, and other relatives and friends.

Hans Hanson is the latest addition to the Grand Rapids band. Mr. Hanson is a cigar maker and plays trombone and is employed by the Grand Rapids Cigar Co.

C. A. Ludewig and Atty. F. S. Woodworth of Pittsville were in the city on Thursday on business in connection with the transfer of the Pittsville telephone exchange.

Miss Ethel Farrish arrived home from Minneapolis last week, having been in very poor health for some time past, and she hopes to recuperate by remaining here for a time.

Mrs. Jane Granger and daughter, Marguerite, left on Thursday for Minneapolis where they will spend a month at the home of the former's daughter, Mrs. W. O. Bradley.

Miss Carolyn Briere entertained a few friends at her High St., home on Wednesday evening of last week, in honor of Miss Maude Tibbits and Mrs. Frank Cameron of Milwaukee.

Miss Lyda Lessig, who has been teaching in the public schools at Madison, arrived here the past week and will spend her vacation with her parents in the town of Rudolph.

If the party who stole the harness and neck strap from John Wheir's place on the Sigel road last week will bring same back, and replace it no questions will be asked.—John Wheir.

Matthew McRaith Jr. was in the city a couple of days last week during which time he packed his household goods and shipped same to Eau Claire where they will make their home.

J. Herbert Snider, the defeated candidate for County Superintendent of public schools, has secured the principalship of the High school at Glenbeulah, Wis., at a remunerative salary.

Matt Bloomer of Vesper, cheese maker and farmer, was in the city on business on Saturday. Mr. Bloomer favored this office with a pleasant call. He reports crops out his way very backward.

Miss Ruby St. Amour visited friends in the city a few days during the past week, being on her way home from Appleton where she was a student of St. Lawrence University during the past year.

Last Friday while fishing up river near the head of Long Island Prof. F. L. Bliss succeeded in capturing two large carp, one of which weighed ten pounds. Mr. Bliss reports that he saw a large number of carp in that vicinity. This explodes the theory that there are no carp above the Nekoosa dam and may, to a certain extent, explain the scarcity of other fish in this vicinity.

The Wisconsin Central depot at Marshfield was burned on Sunday the fire catching from a rubbish heap near by. There was a lot of freight and baggage in the building which was burned, and the loss is said to be $20,000. The people at Marshfield has been wanting the Central to build a new depot at that point for some time past, and this will hurry matters very materially.

No greater mistake can be made than to consider lightly the evidence of disease in your system. Don't take desperate chances on ordinary medicines. Use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Fred Roenius, who has been in Canada during the past spring, returned to this city last week. Fred had been looking after the interests of the Grand Rapids Foundry Co. up there, where they had been selling quite a number of their coal chutes, but arrangements have been made for the manufacture of the chutes in Canada which, schome will save long distance costly shipments, and probably prove beneficial to both parties.

During the Civil war Wisconsin furnished 53 infantry regiments, four cavalry regiments, 13 batteries of field artillery, one battery of heavy artillery and one company of sharpshooters, a total in round numbers, with the recruit that afterwards joined the different organizations, of about 100,000 men. Of this number, according to the census of 1905, only 9,521 were at that time residing in the state. The number of soldiers serving in other states, but living in Wisconsin in 1905, was 5,343.

If you will make inquiry it will be a revelation to you how many succumb to kidney or bladder troubles in one form or another. If the patient is not beyond medical aid, Foley's Kidney Cure will cure. It never disappoints. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Stevens Point Journal:—Grand Rapids is having trouble with people stealing flowers off the graves in the cemeteries. That some of the Grand Rapids people are inordinately fond of flowers and equally unscrupulous as to how they obtain them was shown in this city last Sunday when some of the baseball excursionists raided private gardens and plucked every flower in sight. One lady put a stop to the raid on her yard by stepping to the door gun in hand and threatening to let a little sunlight into their souls if they didn't "git" at once. They got.

Civil Service Examination.

Clerk Carrier.

An examination for the position of clerk (male and female) and carrier (male) will be held at the post-office in this city on June 29, 1907.

For application blanks, and for full information relative to the examination, qualifications, duties, salaries, vacations, promotions, etc., address Secretary, Board of Civil Service Examiners, Post-Office, City.

Death of Mrs. Crawford.

Mrs. A. B. Crawford of Marshfield died on Monday evening of last week at Marshfield. Mrs. Crawford had been sick for some time but her friends in this city did not realize that her end was so near.

Deceased was 54 years old and was for many years a resident of Grand Rapids, having left here to make her home at Marshfield.

The funeral was held on Wednesday from the Presbyterian church. The many friends in this city will sympathize with the family in their affliction.

The Ashes of Peleg.

According to a very ancient tradition, it is asserted that in the year 553 A. D., while workmen were engaged in trenching the salt mines in Prussia, they unearthed a triangular building in which was a column of white marble. At the side of the column was a tomb of freestone and over it a slab of agate inscribed with these words, which were in Latin: "Here rest the ashes of Peleg, grand architect of the tower of Babel. The Almighty had pity on him because he became humble."—London Telegraph.

Notice to Dog Owners.

—State of Wisconsin SS. City of Grand Rapids. Notice is hereby given that the dog license for the year 1907-1908 will be due and payable at the office of the city clerk on and after June 1st.

If not paid on or before the fifteenth day of July, 1907, owners of dogs on which license is not paid, will be liable to arrest under ordinance No. 53 of the city of Grand Rapids.

Dated at the office of the city clerk this 29th day of May 1907.

O. E. Boles, City Clerk.

Street Improvements Needed.

The western approach to the bridge has been improved very materially by raising the grade and putting down some new macadam. Our main streets are in a deplorable condition this summer and something should be done to improve them. The city fathers should consider something in the shape of a permanent pavement, the present system having proven only a partial success.

Church Announcement.

Mr. Robt. Kreitlow, who so acceptably filled the pulpit of the First Moravian church on June 9th, will again occupy the same pulpit next Sunday morning and evening. You are cordially invited to hear him.

COAL AND Wood

SEE F. KELLNER For the Best

TELEPHONE 530.

"The Old World and its Ways."

This is the title of a new and profusely illustrated book by Col. William Jennings Bryan, recounting his noted journey around the earth and through Europe, which was so widely heralded through the American Press.

The book is an illustrated and descriptive record of that journey, which is so memorable in current history. The journey embraced a period of a year, and covered practically all the nations of the earth.

Col. Bryan traveled with camera and pencil, and not only described, in brilliant phrase, what he saw, but further illustrated his journey by photographs. The photographs constitute a striking pictorial presentation and lend especial interest to the book. They number 240 and they show in picture the world as he saw it. They constitute just that many striking Object Lessons of the people of all countries in their cities, towns and villages—in their homes and everyday occupations.

The book will interest every reader as a unique presentation of a wonderfully interesting journey. It is sold only through solicitors. The Thompson Publishing Company, St. Louis, Mo., are the fortunate publishers. They advertise for agents in another column of this issue.

Bought Hardware Store.

Merrill Star:—E. T. Bisbee has purchased the hardware business of John Erickson, in the Sixth ward, taking possession last Tuesday. He will put in a complete line of hardware, paints, oils and wall paper, and keep the stock up to the demands of the public. 'Gene has been "sawmilling" for years, but has become tired of it, and having a desire to settle down to some steady business at home, he made the deal. We know of no reason why he should not do a good business over there, and believe he will, for 'Gene will give his entire attention to the matter and see to it that the patrons get what they want, get it when they want it, and get it at right prices.

WANTED A girl at the Commercial Hotel.

GERMS IN THE SKIN SCIENCE IN PURSUIT.

Eczema Sufferers will be Interested in a Pamphlet on Diet, Exercises, etc., which may be had Free at Daly's Drug Store

The eczema germ is a curious parasite. Scientists accustomed to the daily use of the microscope find difficulty in detecting it.

The germ lives only in the skin, and multiplies where the skin is weak and susceptible. It feeds on the oily substances, developing at the rate of thousands and tens of thousands daily. Nature combats them, but if the skin is weak the germs must be destroyed by an external remedy.

Oil of wintergreen properly mixed with other soothing ingredients is the best remedy yet found for all kinds of skin troubles. But oil of wintergreen alone will not suffice, and it is only when properly combined - as in D. D. D. Prescription - that we get a liquid that really cures while INSTANTLY relieving the itch.

"I wish to thank the wonderful cure that the D. D. D. Prescription did for my baby boy that had eczema," says Mrs. A. L. Workman, of No. 3 Wights Add., Trinidad, Col. "We bought only one bottle after using the trial bottle and he has been cured for three months or more and no symptoms of it coming back."

D. D. D. Prescription is a mild soothing liquid made for a number of years by a Chicago company. It is no ordinary patent medicine and we thoroughly investigated the merits of the remedy before recommending it to people in our own town Daly Drug & Jewelry Co. Call at our store and we shall be glad to show you a bottle of the remedy, and no matter whether you buy the remedy, we will be glad to give you a pamphlet free of charge, this pamphlet telling about the diet, exercise, clothing and other treatment required for skin sufferers.

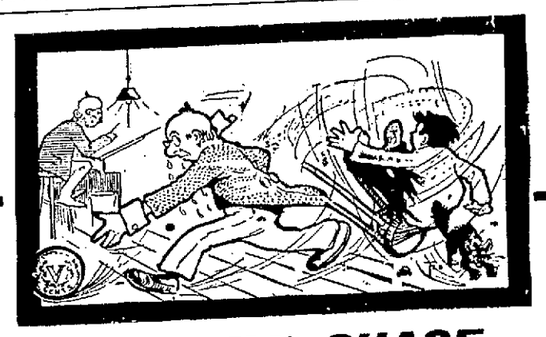
The medicine that sets the whole world thinking.

The remedy on which all doctors agree.

The prescription all your friends are taking is

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea.

Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.



A LIVELY CHASE

After a nickel is avoided when purchasing the material for your new home of us. We save you money. We have everything you need, from cellar to roof---shingles, siding, flooring, lath, etc., and of the best quality, at the lowest prices. Come and see us before going elsewhere or you may regret that you failed to do so.

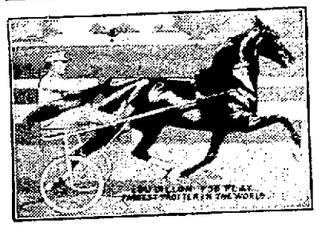
KELLOGG BROS. LBR. CO,

Gold Coin Stock Foods.

SIX FEEDS FOR 1 CENT! ON 30 DAYS TRIAL

Pail Tub or Barrel

The largest stock feeders in the country use Gold Coin Tonics. Many started by taking advantage of this Trial Offer. You can do the same. We guarantee you extra profits. Gold Coin Tonics are scientifically prepared from Roots, Barks, Seeds and Herbs which animals were able to secure in their wild state, but which you must supply them now. These scientific Tonics give your stock a chance to do better. You only put a tablespoonful of these "Tonics" in the regular feed; it sharpens the appetite, purifies the blood, aids digestion, strengthens the kidneys and keeps the animals healthy and growing. These animals increase 15 to 25 per cent over the old methods of feeding.



One of these beautiful pictures of LOU DILLON, 1:58 1-2, will be given FREE to any stock owner who calls at my store and asks for it.

Ex-Governor of Wisconsin Finds Gold Coin Horse Tonic to be as Represented.

GOLD COIN STOCK FOOD CO., St. Paul, Minnesota.

Gentlemen:—I am pleased to inform you that the "Horse Tonic" which I ordered and which was duly received, proves to be most excellent and I heartily recommend its use. Yours truly,

THAD C. POUND, Ex. Gov., Chippewa Falls, Wis.

MY COWS GIVE MORE MILK

GENTLEMEN: I am feeding "Gold Coin Cattle Tonic" as a dairy food to my milk cows with the most gratifying results. All of them are giving more milk than before. If you want a hearty endorsement of your "Gold Coin Cattle Tonics" as a milk producer please use mine. I believe no farmer should be without your "Cattle Tonics." It makes every cow milk to a profit. I beg to remain

Yours very truly,

FRED FRIER, Welsh, Minn.

CLEANS OUT THE WORMS

DENNISON, MINN., June 12, 1906.

Gold Coin Stock Food Co., St. Paul, Minn.—GENTLEMEN: This is to certify that last November I bought 25 lbs. of Gold Coin Hog Tonics and used it according to directions on my ten shoats. Was surprised to find worms in the droppings and found in a week they began to get better appetites, and from that time began to thrive. When I sold them they were only seven months old, were fit for market and weigh 2,293 lbs. I heartily endorse the use of Gold Coin Stock Tonics. Respectfully,

ROBERT HOWIE.

GOLD COIN POULTRY TONICS—What Gold Coin Poultry Tonic is for, 80 Feeds for 1 cent—A stimulating tonic for the egg passages to increase egg formation. It contains Iron, Lime, Sassafras and eleven other Roots and Barks to cure and prevent poultry diseases, as roup, pip pepgrapes, chicken cholera, leg-weakness vertigo, etc.

GOLD COIN GERM KILLER AND DIP—The most practical disinfectant for stables and outbuildings. Destroys all disease germs. Cleanses and purifies filthy places, thus preventing the cause and spread of disease. Prevents hog cholera.

GOLD COIN COLD AND DISTEMPER CURE—A specific for distemper in young or old horses. Quickly cures coughs, colds, etc.

GOLD COIN LOUSE POWDER—Kills Lice, Ticks, Lice on poultry pigeons dogs, cats, stock, also plant lice, moths etc.

GOLD COIN HEAVE POWDERS—The most scientific heave cure known for all cases of short wind, chronic roaring coughs, etc.

GOLD COIN WORM POWDER—Kills all worms and bots in horses, hogs sheep, etc.

All "Gold Coin Goods" are guaranteed under the Pure Food Law. Government Number 4901. This proves their purity and strength. We consider them the best goods of their kind made.

Recommended and Guaranteed by

Wm. Deidrich & Otto's Pharmacy

THE RESULT

of Systematic Saving is Independence

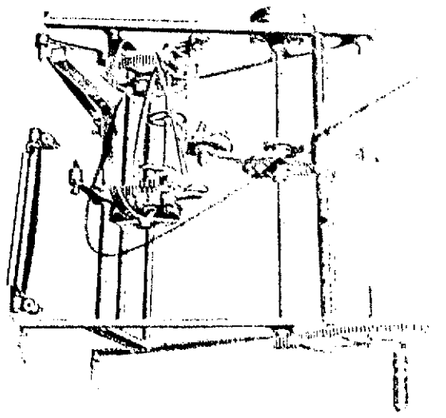
Your money is an ever faithful servant if you pay on savings deposits keeps them at work; this makes saving easy and the result means independence and the comforts

One Dollar is Enough to Start an Account

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

GRAND RAPIDS

Sharpen Your Lawn Mower



I have recently purchased a machine for the sharpening of Lawn mowers which does the work in a manner that could not be done by hand. A Lawn mower sharpened on this machine is absolutely perfect, and will do as much work as a perfectly new mower. It never fails to give satisfaction. Bring in your mower and have it put into first class condition. The first time you mow your lawn with it will more than pay for the job.

F. BEADLE.

The All Around Handy Man.

Small Ice Bills

The size of your ice bill depends on whether you have a refrigerator or not and if you have one—on the kind. We have refrigerators in all the leading makes. Call and let us explain their advantages.

GEO. W. PURNELL.

HARDWARE, East Side.

VICTORIA, DEWEY, SUNBEAM

A WISE WOMAN

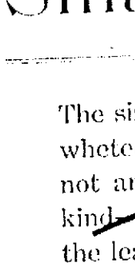
Knows that one of the first requisites in making good bread is to have first-class flour, and she will generally have it if it is obtainable.

A WISE MAN

Will always see to it that his wife has good flour and to make sure of the matter he will order VICTORIA, DEWEY or SUNBEAM.

GRAND RAPIDS MILLING CO.

IN POLITE SOCIETY



Noisy people are not tolerated; and that is one reason why Treadeasy shoes find such favor among well bred women.

Treadeasy shoes have full rubber heels and cork cushion insoles and neither squeak nor clatter.

Treadeasys are made in all the newest shapes and leathers and the price is always $3.50 the pair.



Sold Only By

I. Zimmerman,

.. REPAIRING ..

I do anything in the line of Repairing Sewing Machines, Bicycles, Razors, Shears and Saws sharpened. All my work guaranteed.

The Best Carpenter Tools Can always be found here.

A full line of Fine Cutlery, Guns and Revolvers kept in stock. Give me a call.

D. M. HUNTINGTON.

East Side, near City Hall.

Chamberlain's COLIC, CHOLERA AND Diarrhoea Remedy

Is a reliable, pleasant and safe remedy for bowel complaints for both children and adults. Buy it now; it may save life.

If you would [illegible] Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets together. The [illegible] able laxative effect of the [illegible] cleanse the stomach, [illegible] Samples free at Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

GRAND RAPIDS, - WISCONSIN.

How can a woman be chairman of anything.

New York produces more hops than any other American state.

While the airship races are in progress the wise spectator will stand from under.

Striking bell boys in New York are kicking on their meals, an infringement on the prerogative of the patrons.

Does anyone still imagine that wealth guarantees the happiness of homes? If so, let him read the news a few years.

It will soon be time for Uncle Mark Twain to exchange that winter white suit for a summer fur overcoat. It pays to advertise.

Henry James says he never heard an American woman say "thank you." Then, doubtless, Henry never earned that little reward.

According to a physician, an ugly nose indicates a large brain. Not necessarily. It may indicate lack of skill behind the bat.

Probably that Wabash minister who has dedicated his seven hundredth church has not had time to notice the alleged decline in religion.

We don't know whether it is true or not that the cabinet are beginning to worry for fear the cherries this year won't be ripe as soon as usual.

The next king of Spain will be fortunate in taking hold of a government that has begun to think about the future instead of dwelling in the past.

What a sad waste of money the submarine boats would have represented if it had been discovered at this late date that their crews could not live in them!

Having tried the whipping post, Baltimore does not like it. There are very few cities in the country whose social conditions are so desperate as to demand such a remedy.

Sure enough, there are strained relations among the little republics of Central America. If one of them speaks above a whisper all the rest of them jingle the burglar alarm.

Farmers who were mad because they could not get cars to haul their wheat to market are glad now that they were compelled to keep it till the price went sky-rocketing.

In 1897 the Greek emigrants to the United States numbered only 57. For the three years 1903-4-5 the total was 30,000, and for the fiscal year 1906 the number had risen to 23,000.

The British barmaids will next proceed to storm the house of commons for their preservation. The chances are that they will be less fervently resisted than were the suffragettes.

Manner rides have been made by their inventor much more deadly than before. Possibly he has been grieving over what they didn't do to the Americans during the war with Spain.

St. Paul doubtless requires the women to keep silent in the churches so that there might be one spot where the man might keep his vocal powers from being eliminated through disguise.

If Editor Stead can secure peace by persuading American young men to raise $1,000,000, his method must be credited with being less expensive by far than the old-fashioned method of fighting for it.

One of our cities is cleaner than it used to be. On the waste-barrels which stand on the streets is painted, instead of the bald injunction, "Throw rubbish here," a winning request, "Please help us to keep the city clean." Citizens have been seen to read that sign and walk back half a block to pick up a banana skin.

Most people are not familiar with the sight of a woman smoking a cigar, but the old Indiana woman whose smoking offended the guardians of the St. Louis Union railway station was probably not far wrong in saying that a woman looks better with a cigar in her mouth than when she is chewing gum. Certainly she could not look much worse.

The American government has been keeping house for Cuba while the mistress of the house was sick. Now that the temporary caretaker is preparing to leave, it has been decided that Cuba will have to pay the expenses of the American occupation. Since Cuba is poor, however, there will be no unrighteous haste in collecting the bill, which will amount to $2,000,000 or $3,000,000.

Wonder, Nev., wants a sky pilot who is handy with a gun. Where is the ministerial gent of this community who used to preach, shave, cut hair, shampoo, guarantee to raise a crop on bald heads, talk from both sides of his mouth at one and the same time and occasionally hound into the square circle, jabbing, punching, uppercutting, side-stepping and saying worldly—yea, carnal—things under his breath until roughly jolted into dreamland? He should take his professional kit and hike for Wonder, because the call is for just that sort of a fighting parson.

Women, according to the decision of a Cleveland lady who has investigated the matter, can never be the equals of men as long as they wear fine clothes. There are plenty of men who will gladly do all they can to assist in spreading this doctrine.

W. T. Stead does not go in very strongly for epigrams. They make attractive reading, but are not sufficiently expansive for the purposes of an editor who enjoys Mr. Stead's deserved reputation as a voluminous producer of copy.

Caruso has signed a contract which provides that he shall receive a salary of $200,000 a year for the next four years. Instead of bringing your boy up to be a life insurance president make him a tenor.

What does it really matter that the Queen of Spain has decided not to nurse her baby? Many a child has flourished on nothing but near-human food.

The $5,500,000 found in the grip of a man arrested in Brooklyn was real stage money.

SCHMITZ IS GUILTY

SAN FRANCISCO'S MAYOR IS CONVICTED OF EXTORTION.

SENSATIONAL TRIAL ENDS

Defendant Shows Little Emotion When the Verdict Is Read—Judge Dunne's Charge to the Jury.

San Francisco.—Mayor Schmitz was found guilty of extortion, as charged in the indictment, by the jury which returned its verdict in Judge Dunne's court at 10:20 o'clock Thursday night.

As the foreman read the verdict Schmitz sat unmoved, with his left hand to his chin. He apparently did not understand, and asked Attorney Barrett:

"What is it?"

"Guilty," said Barrett.

Schmitz's hand dropped to the table, but he showed no other signs of emotion.

After the jury had been polled Judge Dunne said the judgment of the court would be pronounced June 27. At the request of the district attorney the court ordered Schmitz taken into custody until that time, and he was taken to his home by the sheriff.

Still Asserts His Innocence.

Before leaving the court room Mayor Schmitz dictated the following statement:

"No matter what the decision of the jury, which was gotten under most adverse circumstances regarding my self, I still maintain and affirm that I am absolutely innocent of the crime charged and will fight the case to the last resort. As I said before my trial, I did not expect nor did I receive fair or even decent treatment at the hands of Judge Dunne and realizing his prejudice I made every effort to have the case transferred to any other judge in the state. I do not take this as a defeat, and the decision makes me all the more determined to seek and secure justice in another court."

The meanlng of the last day of the mayor's trial was taken up with Mr. Campbell's closing address to the jury for the defense, a speech of great vigor. The afternoon from 2:30 o'clock until after five was consumed by Assistant District Attorney Heney in a fierce closing speech for the state.

It was the sentiment, equally expressed at both ends of the long table where the opposing lawyers sat, that Judge Dunne's charge to the jury was as fair and as nicely balanced in the scales of judicial indifference as a judge's charge may be.

Judge Dunne, in defining to the jury what the law means by a threat in connection with extortion, said it must be such a threat as would naturally cause a man of reasonably firm mind to give up his property in fear. He cautioned that a threat in extortion need not be verbal or direct. It may be unspoken and merely implied, and come fully within the meaning of the law. He charged that even if Schmitz received part of the money paid to Ruef by the French restaurant men, but did not know at the time of receiving it that it had been paid under threat, the defendant must be acquitted.

MRS. EDDY TO BE EXAMINED.

Court Will Name Master to Determine Her Competency.

Concord, N. H.—The defendants in the suit brought by the "next friends" of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the aged head of the Christian Science denomination, asking for an accounting of Mrs. Eddy's property, were successful in carrying a point Monday when Judge Robert N. Chamberlin, of the Merrimac superior court, announced that he would within a week appoint a master to conduct hearings and take testimony to determine whether Mrs. Eddy is competent to manage her own affairs.

A feature of the proceedings was the declaration of Gen. Streeter that the suit for an accounting of Mrs. Eddy's property was not brought by her son, George W. Glover, of Lead, S. D., and the others who appear as "next friends," but was instituted "at the instigation of a New York newspaper which has been trying to discredit Mrs. Eddy and her religious teachings."

Rules Against Mrs. Birdsong.

Jackson, Miss.—The supreme court Tuesday delivered its decision in the case of Mrs. Angie Birdsong, charged with the killing of Dr. Thomas Butler, at Monticello, on December 23, 1906, affirming the sentence of five years in the penitentiary. Immediately after the decision of the court was made Gov. Vardaman granted Mrs. Birdsong a respite, which will act as a stay of execution for 30 days, in which time she can arrange and have published her petition for pardon, as the law requires.

Lake Steamers in Collision.

St. Clair, Mich.—The steamer Australia and her tow, the Polynesia, and the steamer Bethlehem were in a collision in the St. Clair river a short distance below this place Thursday, and as a result the two steamers are ashore, badly damaged.

Kills His Wife in Quarrel.

Wausau, Wis.—Henry Wolff, of the town of Easton, in a quarrel with his wife Thursday killed her with a blow of his fist as they were struggling for the possession of a revolver.

Murderer Dies in His Cell.

Bloomington, Ill.—Thomas Baldwin, awaiting trial for the murder of an entire family in this county, was found dead in his cell at the county jail here Wednesday. He had been in poor health since his capture.

Bands Quit G. A. R. Parade.

Canton, O.—Because a nonunion band had been engaged to take a part all the union bands engaged here at the state Grand Army encampment withdrew Wednesday afternoon just as the parade started.

Bad Train Wreck in Texas.

Dallas, Tex.—Eastbound passenger train No. 6 on the Texas Pacific was wrecked near Edgewood, about 40 miles east of here Monday. R. M. Flack, chief mail clerk, was probably fatally injured. Many others are reported to have received minor injuries.

W. H. Hemenover, Canton, Ill., Dies.

Canton, Ill.—William Hart Hemenover, 86 years old, formerly mayor of this city and twice judge of the city court, died Monday.

HARRY ORCHARD IN TEARS

ATTACK ON HIS MOTIVES MAKES WITNESS WEEP.

Declares He Is Seeking to Make Reparation for Crimes Because He Was Converted.

Boise, Idaho.—The men who are battling to save the life of William D. Haywood and the good name of the Western Federation of Miners made their greatest assault upon Harry Orchard Thursday, when, carrying the review by cross-examination of his life down to his confession, they bitterly assailed his guiding motives.

Six days they spent in stripping him before the jury of every shred of morality of character, and then, suddenly turning upon him in final fierce attack, they fought with every means known to the legal craft to convince the jury that Orchard was committing a crime in falsely swearing away the lives of innocent men in the hope of saving his own. They carried their attack to the very language with which the witness answered their questions, and everywhere they alleged by forceful implication that it was put into his mouth by men controlling him.

Orchard broke down when they recited to him the tale of David and Uriah, that Detective McParland related to him when he came seeking a confession. He fought to save himself, but tears filled his eyes and he rocked unevenly like a fainting woman. His voice lowered to huskiness, and he hid his face in a handkerchief. Then he steadied himself and went on strongly to the end. He defended his motives by saying that he had finally experienced conversion and penitence and had resolved to make all possible reparation by freely confessing all. McParland had told him that he was doing a great service for the state, and that states were kind to men who served them; there was no other promise.

For hours the defense hammered away on the motive of saving his own life. It was suggested that Orchard had placed his future in the keeping of McParland; that the Pinkertons had sent money to his family in Canada; that he had been supplied with dates to strengthen his story, and that McParland had trained him as a stage manager would for his appearance on the stand, but all this Orchard denied. Then they tried to show him a pampered, potted, hero-like prisoner, fed from the table of the warden, addressed as "Harry" by Gov. Gooding and Warden Whitney, given freedom and liberties that no other prisoner ever had in the world, and all this consideration implying directly that he would never be hanged for killing Steunenberg.

At the noon recess former Gov. Peabody greeted Orchard pleasantly and he wept again.

Orchard left the stand at 2:30 o'clock, after having occupied it for a total of 32½ hours.

INVADERS ARE DRIVEN BACK.

Salvador's Army Defeats the Nicaraguans and Revolutionists.

Mexico City.—According to a cablegram received in this city late Wednesday afternoon, the Salvadorean army has defeated the invading forces which captured the port of Acajutla Tuesday and has driven them back to the coast.

One of the leaders of the invading army was John Moisant, a former resident of San Francisco and an American citizen. He is reported to have been captured by the forces of President Figueroa.

FATAL EARTHQUAKE IN CHILE.

Five Persons Killed and Buildings Ruined at Valdivia.

Santiago, Chile.—A severe earthquake was experienced Thursday at Valdivia. Several buildings and the railroad bridges were destroyed and five persons were killed.

Kingston, Jamaica.—After an interval of six weeks, an earthquake shock occurred here at 1:20 a. m. Thursday. It lasted four seconds and came from a little west of north. The maximum movement was slight. There was considerable alarm but no damage was done.

Passengers Jump Overboard.

Nome, Alaska. — The steamship Ohio, owned by the White Star Steamship company, struck on ice at Port Safety early Wednesday morning. A huge hole was stove in the ship's bow and she began to fill rapidly. A panic ensued among the passengers. Before the lifeboats could be lowered more than 75 persons had jumped into the watter. Two white men and a Chinaman were drowned.

Horace Greeley's Secretary Insane.

Allegan, Mich.—Don C. Henderson, once private secretary of Horace Greeley, and for many years publisher of the defunct Allegan Journal, has been taken to the insane asylum at Kalamazoo.

Typhoid Prevails in Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Twenty-seven cases of typhoid fever have been reported to the Pittsburg bureau of health in the last 24 hours and a serious epidemic of the disease is feared by the authorities.

Alaska Land for Settlement.

Washington.—By authority of the secretary of the interior there will become subject to settlement on September 30, and to entry on October 30, 1907, about 2,980,000 acres of land in Alaska.

Springfield (Ill.) Mayor Drowned.

Springfield, Ill.—Mayor David S. Griffiths, of this city, drowned at one o'clock Wednesday afternoon endeavoring to ford on horseback a stream of water ten miles southeast of the city.

Carrie Nation Arrested.

Washington.—Carrie Nation, after haranguing a crowd in front of a downtown saloon Wednesday night, was arrested on the charge of disorderly conduct. She was released on $20 collateral.

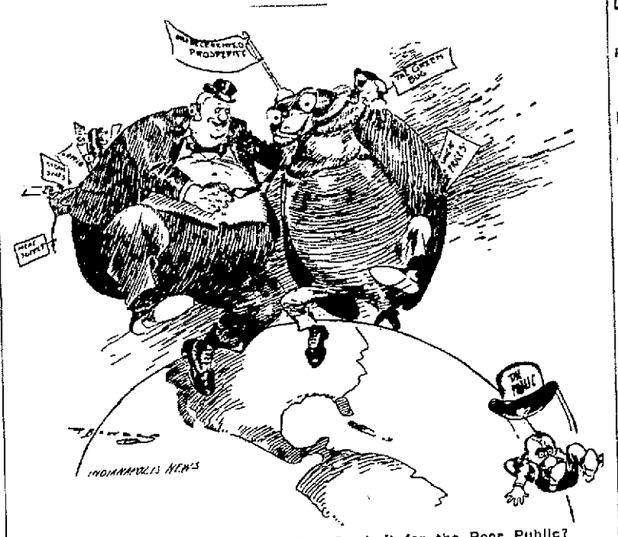
Dies in His King's Presence.

London.—While King Edward and Queen Alexandra were in attendance Tuesday night at a gala performance of the opera, with the king and queen of Denmark as their guests, Maj. Gen. Sir Arthur E. A. Ellis, extra equerry to the king, died suddenly during the performance.

Another Tornado at Duquoin.

Duquoin, Ill.—A tornado passed over this section Tuesday night, doing heavy damage. It is reported that there has been loss of life.

PAIR OF PRICE-HOISTERS.



With Bug Joining Trust, What Will Be Left for the Poor Public?

SIX MIDDIES ARE DROWNED

LADS FRESH FROM ANNAPOLIS DIE IN HAMPTON ROADS.

Crew of Five Also Lost—All Believed to Have Gone Down with Missing Launch.

Washington.—The loss at one time of six bright young midshipmen, fresh from the academy at Annapolis, and a boatswain and four enlisted men attached to the big battleship Minnesota—11 altogether—as reported briefly to the navy department Tuesday, was one of the most severe blows that has fallen upon the personnel of the navy since the Spanish war, in the estimation of the officials.

The first news of the calamity reached the department through dispatches from Norfolk. In the evening Admiral Evans sent the following dispatch:

"A ditty box belonging to fireman of the Minnesota's missing launch has been picked up afloat near berth 27 and I am forced to conclude that launch with all on board is lost. Have ordered board of investigation. Steamer last seen at exposition pier about midnight last night."

Because of their youth and very recent entry into the naval service, the young officers who were lost were not widely known outside of the naval academy. Midshipman Henry C. Murfin, Jr., was a native of Ohio and a member of the second class at the naval academy. Like the others he had been sent aboard the battleship Minnesota for a summer course of instruction, to afford the practical education necessary to supplement the theoretical work at the naval academy. Philip H. Field was a midshipman from Colorado who belonged to the first class of the academy. Midshipman Walter Ulrich, of the second class, was from Wisconsin, W. H. Stevenson, of North Carolina, was a member of the second class and Henry L. Holden, of Wisconsin, was a member of the same class. Midshipman F. P. Hocomb was attached to the Connecticut and is supposed to have taken passage on the Minnesota's missing launch. He was a member of the second class and was appointed to the naval academy from Newcastle, Del. His father, Thomas Holcomb, is employed as a clerk in the comptroller's office at the treasury department in this city and resides at 1619 Nineteenth street northwest.

SHOCKING TRAGEDY IN OHIO.

Man Kills Wife and Son and Shoots Mother-in-Law.

Ironton, O.—One of the most horrible tragedies ever enacted in this section of the state took place on Symes Creek at about noon Thursday, when Charles Shafer shot his wife, her mother, and his eight-year-old boy, the latter being instantly killed, while Mrs. Shafer died about an hour later. Her mother, Mrs. Thacker, will recover. Family trouble is given as the cause of the shooting, and back of that is a long story of cruel and brutal treatment.

Arbitration Offered in Detroit.

Detroit, Mich.—The Detroit United Railway Tuesday afternoon, after receiving the ultimatum of the employes adopted at a stormy meeting, made a formal reply offering to submit to arbitration the entire working agreement between the company and men. The employes desired only the arbitration of their demand for an increase to 28 cents per hour. President Mahon and the other officials of the union will submit the proposition to the upion. It is believed there will be no strike.

Sues to Preserve Indian Graves.

Leavenworth, Kan.—Lydia B. Conley filed a suit in the United States circuit court here Wednesday to enjoin Secretary of the Interior Garfield from disturbing the graves in the Huron cemetery, Kansas City, Kan., an old Indian burying ground. Following an act of congress, Secretary Garfield recently appointed three commissioners to sell the property, and the effect of the suit will be to tie up the sale. Miss Conley is a descendant of the Wyandotte Indians and a lawyer.

Saloons Close in Pittsburg, Kan.

Pittsburg, Kan.—This city was dry Tuesday for the first time in 15 years, every saloon here having closed at midnight upon order from Mayor Fisher, and as a direct result of Attorney General Jackson's crusade.

Three More Deaths from Explosion.

Connelsville, Pa. — Three more deaths have resulted from the natural gas explosion at the home of John J. Monoghan, which occurred early Monday morning, making a total of four fatalities.

Successor to Tams Bixby.

Washington.—Indian Inspector J. George Wright was appointed Monday commissioner to the five civilized tribes in the Indian territory, vice Tams Bixby. His appointment takes effect on July 1.

Six Miners Terribly Burned.

Johnstown, Pa.—Six Slav miners were frightfully burned, three perhaps fatally, as the result of an explosion that took place in a boarding house at Greenwich mine No. 2 near Barnesboro early Monday.

SENATOR MORGAN IS DEAD.

Veteran Statesman of Alabama Succumbs to Angina Pectoris.

Washington. — United States Senator John Tyler Morgan of Alabama, for 30 years a member of the upper house of congress, chairman of the senate committee on the



Senator John T. Morgan.

interoceanic canals, and prominent as a brigadier general in the Confederate army, died at his home here Tuesday night.

Senator Morgan had been in bad health for a number of years but had more or less regularly attended the sessions of congress. He suffered from angina pectoris which was the cause of his death. He passed away at 11:15 o'clock. At the death bed were his daughters, Miss Mary Morgan and Miss Cornelia Morgan, both of this city, and his secretary, J. O. Jones.

Mr. Morgan was born in Athens, Tenn., June 20, 1824. His home in Alabama was at Selma, where the funeral will take place, the body probably being taken from here Thursday.

The senator had held a number of important offices, including membership in the Hawaiian laws commission and arbitrator on the Bering sea fisheries. His chief active interest in the senate in recent years had been in connection with the isthmian canal question. He was a persistent advocate of the Nicaragua route.

PRESIDENT AT SAGAMORE HILL.

Oyster Bay Gives the Roosevelts a Hearty Welcome.

Oyster Bay, N. Y.—President Roosevelt and his family are at home at Sagamore Hill. The trip from Washington, which was begun Wednesday morning in a drizzling rain, ended in sunshine at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

At Jersey City and Long Island City crowds surrounded the car, shouting greetings to the president, and when the train drew in here the station platform was thronged with neighbors, who extended Oyster Bay's usual demonstrative welcome.

After both the president and Mrs. Roosevelt had shaken hands with everyone, the family entered a carriage and were driven to Sagamore Hill. A chorus of cheers followed them.

Tate Confesses Scrip Theft.

Peoria, Ill. — Under promise of immunity from further prosecution and of a pardon from the Joliet penitentiary by Gov. Deneen "Eddie" Tate' the "gentleman burglar," Thursday night for the first time admitted that he helped to blow the school board safe and stole 6,000 pieces of forger scrip being held as evidence against the former superintendent of school, Newton C. Dougherty.

Death Causes a Strike.

St. Louis.—The death of James Stewart, an iron worker, who fell ten stories Wednesday in the new Third National bank building being constructed, resulted in the strike Thursday of about 1,000 iron structural workers to enforce demands that temporary flooring be placed on alternate floors of buildings in course of construction, as required by a city ordinance. Contractors immediately yielded and began putting in temporary floorings to prevent workmen from falling to their deaths.

Green Bug Ruins in Ohio.

Circleville, O.—The green bug of Kansas is at work in this vicinity, having already destroyed many oats fields Stretches of 20 miles have already been destroyed. The bug is apparently moving southeast.

Leavenworth Saloons Closed.

Leavenworth, Kan.—The saloons of Leavenworth county were closed Monday for the first time in 18 years, as a result of the warning of the sheriff, backed up by Attorney General Fred S. Jackson.

Fatal Explosion of Gas.

Connellsville, Pa.—Mary Monoghan, two years old, is dead; Mr. and Mrs. John J. Monoghan, parents of the child, are dying, and three other persons are in a serious condition from burns received in a gas explosion early Monday at the Monoghan home.

Stray Torpedo Hits Steamer.

Kiel, Germany.—A stray torpedo Monday struck and badly damaged the German coasting steamer August while she was passing the practice range here.

DOUMA IS DEFIANT

REFUSES TO SUSPEND SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC MEMBERS.

DISSOLUTION IS AT HAND

Deputies Accused of Many Revolutionary Crimes—General Strike in St. Petersburg May Result.

St. Petersburg.—The dissolution of the lower house of the Russian parliament appeared Friday to be a question of only a few hours or at most of a day or two.

With only 130 opposing votes, the lower house Friday night rejected Premier Stolypin's ultimatum for the immediate suspension of 55 deputies for membership in the social democratic party, and referred the subject to a committee. Although the committee has been instructed to report Saturday evening, it is known in advance that the decision on the main question will be adverse, and that the douma will accept the recommendation.

An extraordinary session of the council of ministers was held Friday night to discuss the decision of the lower house. Up to a late hour no report had been received of the doings of the council, and no decree of dissolution had been issued. The general impression was that no edict would be promulgated pending final action by the lower house.

The session of the St. Petersburg committee of the social democrats was attended by a large number of the accused deputies. The committee discussed a proposal to proclaim a general strike in the capital. This meeting was held in secret, the police having occupied the headquarters of the party.

As soon as the house was called to order Friday the premier submitted an ultimatum saying that unless the demands of the government were granted, and granted immediately, the government would find itself unable to cooperate with parliament.

He then yielded the tribune to M. Kameshansky, the prosecutor of the St. Petersburg courts, who read a long indictment of the social democrats. The prosecutor then read specific charges against M. Alexinsky, Prince Tzeretelli, M. Dzhapardize, Gerus, Ozel, Anulkin, Byolousoff, Anisimoff, Kirienko, Lomatschidze, Lopatkin, Mittreff, Komar, Seyeroff, Salmikoff and Vinagradoff. The charges against the deputies named included almost every crime in the revolutionary calendar.

CONFIRM ORCHARD'S STORY.

Several Witnesses Substantiate Points in His Testimony.

Boise, Idaho.—The prosecution in the Steunenberg murder trial Friday, entering in earnest upon the substantiation and corroboration of Harry Orchard's testimony, showed a continuous thread of evidence connecting George Pettibone's store in Denver with Orchard at San Francisco engaged on the Bradley murder plot, partly another direct line by which it is hoped to show that Haywood engaged and paid Steve Adams for the same desperate work, and added special touches of confirmation to Orchard's general story.

WAIF HEIR TO BIG FORTUNE.

Harry Posner, of Kansas, Left $500,000 by His Father.

Howard, Kan.—Harry Posner, aged 19, a waif brought here from New York in 1899, and now studying at the Normal institute in Howard, Friday received a message from New York city stating that he had fallen heir to half a million dollars left by his father, who died in Cape Town, Africa. The boy's mother died when he was a child. His father disappeared and he had not heard from him in years until to-day.

BOODLERS ARE PARDONED.

Lehmann and Hartman Are Set Free by Gov. Folk.

Jefferson City, Mo.—Julius Lehmann and Emil Hartman, former St. Louis councilmen convicted of boodling and sentenced to the penitentiary over three years ago, were pardoned by Gov. Folk Friday and released after having served about half their sentences.

Eddie Guerin Is Set Free.

London.—"Eddie" Guerin, who escaped to the United States from Devil's Island, then came to England where he was arrested, and ordered to be extradited to France, was set free by the divisional court, which decided that the extradition act did not apply to the case.

Mayor Schmitz Sent to Jail.

San Francisco.—Eugene E. Schmitz, mayor of San Francisco since 1901, convicted Thursday night by a jury of the crime of extorting money from the owners of French restaurants in the issuance of liquor licenses, asked Judge Dunne Friday to release him on bail until sentence is pronounced Thursday, June 27. The request was denied by the judge who directed that Schmitz be taken to jail. The court intimated that the mayor, like any other convicted criminal, should be locked up in jail.

Alton Agreement Abrogated.

New York.—The agreement between the Harriman interests and the Rock Island company, entered into in 1904 for their alternative control of the Chicago & Alton railroad, has been abrogated by mutual consent, according to an authoritative announcement Friday. In the future, it was stated, the Chicago & Alton stockholders will manage the property. The Chicago & Alton officials explained that it was simply an instance of letting stockholders manage their own affairs.

Loses Bank's Funds on Wheat.

Seymour, Wis.—Thomas C. Coghill, cashier of the First National bank, has confessed that he has lost $40,000 of the bank's funds in the wheat pit during the last six months, and the bank is in charge of the national bank examiner.

Women Burned to Death.

Cincinnati, O.—Three women are dead and two seriously injured as the result of the burning of the four principal buildings of the Shaker settlement at Whitewater, O., Friday.

DIVERSITY IN SLEEVES.

As in the Case of Skirts, There Are All Sorts and Conditions.

There is wide diversity in the treatment of fashionable sleeves; in fact, it is a question whether or not they are more varied than skirts, for the best models among the latter are limited to six or seven styles. Not so with sleeves, however, which are as numerous in shape and design almost as the patterns of lace which adorn them. The open bell sleeve is a favorite model for dressy tailored suits, especially as designed for forenoon wear. The opening is usually bound with embroidery, lace or braid and underneath appears the sleeve of the blouse or gulmpe.

One of the very smartest of the new sleeves has a long, tight undersleeve, with a "loop" extension at the inside, the outer sleeve being formed of rows of lace ruffles. The "loop" is a feature of many of the new sleeves on French frocks and makes a charmingly chic effect.

The fancy panamas used for dressy tailor-mades are so designed that they tempt one to the unique in sleeve effects. They combine the newest colorings with the last words in patterns, and, in addition, can be well handled by the average tailor. They are sufficiently cool and dust-resisting for spring and summer, while their cost is by no means extravagant. A gown in black and white striped panama exhibited in the Rue de la Paix this week was sufficiently striking to be picked out from a group of new models for especial admiration. The skirt is cut plain and touches the ground all around; whatever the fashion authorities of New York and London may say about the walking skirt's predominance, it certainly does not go in Paris for dressy occasions. Around the bottom of the skirt in question there is a fold of liberty satin, with a piping of plaited foulard on either side of the satin band.

TO TEMPT THE PALATE.

Raisin Pie—One cup raisins, two cups water, two eggs, three teaspoonfuls cornstarch, one and one-half of ginger, juice of two lemons.

Blanc Mange—A pretty effect may be gained by molding white blanc mange in egg cups (arranging the molds in a circle, raising the center one), and garnishing the dish with strawberries and their leaves.

Cream Pie—Bake under crust when convenient. Put in double boiler one pint milk, three tablespoons sugar, one tablespoon tapioca, yolk of one egg; flavor to taste, when thick as custard, and add well beaten white of one egg. When cool add to your crust.

Mocha Tart—Beat seven eggs separately, add one cup of confectioner's sugar, one cup of pulverized graham crackers and one teaspoonful of vanilla extract, and bake in layers. When cold whip one-half pint of cream, add two tablespoonfuls of coffee extract and the same amount of confectioner's sugar. Place between layers and on top.

Indian Fruit Punch—Boil a pound of sugar, a quart of water and the grated yellow rind of a lemon five minutes and strain. Add a teaspoonful of bitter almond extract, the juice of three lemons, a teaspoonful of vanilla and two cupfuls of strong tea. When very cold add ice and a pint of effervescent or plain water.

Strawberry Pie—Put a good crust on a pie plate and brush it over with the white of an egg. In measuring ingredients allow half as much sugar as berries, and one-fourth as much flour as sugar. Mix sugar and flour together. Arrange berries and sugar in alternate layers on the crust. Cover the top with inch strips of pastry which cross each other and are pressed down where they touch the under crust. Bake in a quick oven.

The White Frock.

White may be worn by both stout and thin women, but while the thin woman may add touches of color to her toilet the one of more generous build should exclude them. Her costume must be entirely white. For evening wear black below the bust will be decidedly the best possible choice, relieved with a flat ivory lace arrangement about the decolletage, while for the slighter figure dove gray, silver blue or rich deep cream, a suit fichu of chiffon or lace trimming the bust, will be most suitable. A touch of pale blue or soft old rose may be the one note of color.

Fried Onions.

As usually served, fried onions are a delusion and a snare, but cooked in the Kenilworth ranch way it will be a rare thing if they go begging. Cut in slices and soak in milk ten minutes. Then dip in flour and immerse in boiling fat, hot enough to brown instantly. You can not keep the slices whole, after they have fried six or seven minutes. Take out with a skimmer, lay on brown paper a few moments to absorb every suspicion of fat and serve with steak or veal cutlets. They will be firm and thoroughly delicious.

Home-Made Perfume.

A pleasant perfume for clothes is made by mixing one ounce each of cloves, caraway seed, nutmeg, cinnamon and Tonquin beans, ground or beaten to a powder. Put this mixture in a number of little bags, and place them among the woolen clothes that are put away for the summer. It is said to be an excellent moth preventive also.

Green Pea Soup.

Press through a colander one can of green peas. Add to this two cups of water, one teaspoonful of salt and one heaping tablespoonful of cocoanut butter. Cook in a double boiler until the butter is melted. Dried peas may be used by first cooking until tender, then pressing through a colander.

Removing Cream Stains.

Milk and cream stains can be removed from linen cloths by washing the stains first with cold water and soap, then in the usual manner. Boil in water in which soda, in the proportion of one tablespoonful to three gallons of water, has been dissolved, and rinse thoroughly.

Lamps.

If a lamp flickers or does not burn brightly, put the burner in a pan of boiling water, to which has been added a half cup of common washing soda. Let boil for 20 minutes, take out, and when thoroughly dry put back on the lamp.

To Iron Embroidery.

This should be done on the wrong side with a thick ironing blanket beneath. In this way the embroidery stands out, and looks as handsome as when new.

JUST ABOUT APRONS

ARTICLE OF APPAREL LONG POPULAR WITH WOMEN.

Fashion Has Found Opportunity to Dictate Here as Well as in Matter of Dress.

Aprons are by no means modern inventions; their pedigree is extremely long and very interesting. There have been fashions in aprons as well as in gowns for at least 600 years, for in illuminated manuscripts of the fourteenth century are obtained pictures showing long, narrow aprons, gathered at the top. These were more for utility than for ornament, but beginning with the reign of Queen Elizabeth the apron became and remained an important accessory to the toilet until late in the last century.

It was Queen Anne, or, rather, during her reign that lace aprons were followed by satin creations marvelously embroidered in colors and bordered with gold or silver fringe or lace.

The grande dame never wore a bib upon her apron; only children and the lower classes did this. The elaborate aprons were very expensive and were often of Oriental workmanship.

They came into wear even for dress occasions, these satin and gold lace affairs, and it was not until the shirt-waisted empire styles came into vogue that the dainty little ornaments, for such they had become, were gradually dispensed with.

In France very large aprons almost entirely hiding the scanty skirt were worn during the Napoleon era, but in other places the apron only appeared for home wear. In the time of our great grandmothers it was made of shiny satin, usually black, but some times of gray hues, embroidered with hideous clusters of flowers and pipings or ruchings of lace.

Today the apron has descended to its proper level, as suited only for home wear, but it is of two distinct classes, the working apron and the sewing apron. The latter are charming little affairs of lace, lawn, muslin, nainsook ran with ribbon and trimmed with ruffles so dainty are they that it is a pity they are not worn more than they are. In the sixties and seventies these pretty aprons, with smart little caps to correspond, were worn in the morning by almost every woman. It was a pretty fashion, and there were rumors of its revival this year—rumors which never materialized. Perhaps in the search for fashion of the past we will at length condescend to take this up.

It certainly has its advantages. The little caps may hide a hastily arranged morning coiffure, but it also keeps it trim and neat when attending to household duties. The advantages of the apron are obvious.

By the way, charming little sewing aprons may be made from scraps left over from the summer frocks. The writer has two made of white barred dimity, with small wreaths of forget-me-nots over it. Some lace left over from the bodice of the frock was used as inserting and as edging for the bottom, which was finished with narrow locks between the insertions. In this case the aprons were square and frilled slightly in the belt, the strings being also of the material inset with strips of the lace.

These aprons might have had blue ribbon strings or beading run with ribbon, but the maker used only the materials at hand, and the result justified the trial, for they not only were pretty but laundered excellently.

TO CLEAN.

Matting may be cleaned with salt water applied with a small brush. Rinse and dry thoroughly.

To clean windows use warm water and a little borax. Wipe dry, and polish with crumpled newspapers.

To clean venetian blinds, wash each lath separately with water to which a little ammonia is added. Sponge with clean water, and dry with a soft cloth.

Stains on blankets and other woolen goods can be removed by using a mixture of equal parts of glycerine and yolk of an egg. Spread it on the stain, leave it for half an hour, and then wash.

To remove grease spots from carpets, sprinkle powdered Fuller's earth thickly on the spot, cover with a piece of coarse brown paper, and put a hot iron on the paper; when the iron is cold remove it, but do not brush off the Fuller's earth for several hours.

Here are three good rules for cleansing a sink after washing up the dinner things. Collect any refuse by scraping it together with a little sink shovel and burn it. Scrub the sink with hot soda water. Pour a quantity of hot soda water down the pipe and then a flush of cold.

To remove stains of long standing from marble, mix together one gill each of soap-suds and ox-gall and half a gill of turpentine, then add as much finely-powdered pipeclay or Fuller's earth as will form a stiff paste. Apply the mixture with a brush, and let it remain on the marble for two or three days. Then wipe it off.

Delicious Pudding.

A homely pudding made on the farms comes near the Virginia idea of egg corn pone, which is more custard and cake than corn bread. Beat two eggs, add one pint of milk and half a teacupful of molasses. Sift together one cupful of cornmeal, one cupful of cornstarch and three teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Add the milk and eggs to the meal mixture, adding also one cupful of freshly boiled and cooled rice. Mix a thin batter, pour into a shallow buttered pan and bake in a hot oven. Cut in squares and serve at the table while hot.

New Touch in Upholstery.

Brown, red and a very dark bottle-green are quite familiar finishes for upholstery leather. A newcomer is a green of a very bright shade, just a trifle darker than the tint known as "grass" green, but of much softer tone. Upon inquiry one is told that these special finishes are very exclusive and are to be had to order, a delightful shade of old blue being a companion to this green, that would blend admirably with almost any of the finishes of oak furniture in vogue now.

Room Purified Easily.

Set a pitcher of water in the apartment and in a few hours it will have absorbed all the respired gases in the room, the air of which will have become much purer, but the water utterly filthy. The colder the water is the greater the capacity to contain these gases. At ordinary temperatures a pail of water will absorb a pint of ammonia. The capacity is nearly doubled by reducing the water to the temperature of ice. Water kept in a room a while is unfit for use, least of all for drinking.

THE HOUSE OF A THOUSAND CANDLES

By MEREDITH NICHOLSON
AUTHOR OF "THE MAIN CHANCE," "ZELDA DUNCAN," ETC.
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CHAPTER X.—Continued.

I gathered up the fragments of Morgan's lantern and went back to the library. The lights in half the candlesticks had sputtered out. I extinguished the remainder and started to my room.

Then, in the great dark hall, I heard a muffled tread as of some one following me—not on the broad staircase, nor in any place I could identify—yet unmistakably on steps of some sort beneath or above me. My nerves were already keyed to a breaking pitch, and the ghost-like tread in the wall angered me. Morgan, or his ally, Bates, undoubtedly, O reflected, at some new trick. I ran into my room, found a heavy walking stick and set off for Bates' room on the third floor. It was always easy to attribute any sort of mischief to the fellow, and undoubtedly he was crawling through the house somewhere on an errand that boded no good to me.

It was now past two o'clock and he should have been asleep and out of the way long ago. I crept to his room and threw open the door without, I must say, the slightest idea of finding him there. But Bates, the enigma, Bates, the incomparable cook, the perfect servant, sat at a table, the light of several candles falling on a book over which he was bent with that bewildering gravity he had never yet in my presence thrown off.

He rose at once, stood at attention, inclining his head slightly.

"Yes, Mr. Glenarm."

"Yes, the devil!" I roared at him, astonished at finding him—sorry, I must say, that he was there! The stick fell from my hands. I did not doubt he knew perfectly well that I had some purpose in breaking in upon him. I was balked and in my rage floundered for words to explain myself.

"I thought I heard some one in the house. I don't want you prowling about in the night, do you hear?"

"Certainly not, sir," he replied in a grieved tone.

I glanced at the book he had been reading. It was a volume of Shakespeare's comedies, open at the first scene of the last act of "Winter's Tale."

"Quite a pretty bit of work that, I should say," he remarked. "It was one of my late master's favorites."

"Go to the devil!" I bawled at him, and went down to my room and slammed the door in rage and chagrin.

CHAPTER XI.

I Receive a Call.

Going to bed at three o'clock on a winter morning in a house whose ways are disquieting, after a duel in which you escaped whole only by sheer good luck, does not fit one for sleep. When I finally drew the covers over me it was to lie and speculate upon the events of the night in connection with the history of the few weeks I had spent at Glenarm. Larry had suggested in New York that Pickering was playing some deep game, and I, myself, could not accept Pickering's statement that my grandfather's large fortune had proved to be a myth. If Pickering had not stolen or dissipated it, where was it concealed? Morgan was undoubtedly looking for something of value or he would not risk his life in the business; and it was quite possible that he was employed by Pickering to search for hidden property. This idea took strong hold of me, the more readily, I fear, since I had always been anxious to see evil in Pickering. There was, to be sure, the unknown alternative heir, but neither she nor Sister Theresa was, I imagined, a person capable of luring an assassin to kill me.

On reflection I dismissed the idea of appealing to the county authorities, and I never regretted that resolution. The seat of Wabana county was 20 miles away, the processes of law were unfamiliar, and I wished to avoid publicity. Morgan might, of course, have been easily disposed of by an appeal to the Annandale constable, but now that I suspected Pickering of treachery the caretaker's importance dwindled. I had wanted all my life for a chance at Arthur Pickering, and in this affair I hoped to draw him into the open and settle with him.

I slept presently but woke at my usual hour, and after a tub felt ready for another day. Bates served me, as usual, a breakfast that gave a fair aspect to the morning. I was alert for any sign of perturbation in him; but I had already decided that I might as well look for emotion in a stone wall as in this placid, colorless serving man. I had no reason to suspect him of complicity in the night's affair, but I had no faith in him, and merely waited until he should show his hand.

By my plate next morning I found this note, written in a clear, bold, woman's hand:

"The Sisters of St. Agatha trust that the intrusion upon his grounds by Miss Armstrong, one of their students, has caused Mr. Glenarm no annoyance. The Sisters beg that this infraction of their discipline will be overlooked, and they assure Mr. Glenarm that it will not recur."

An unnecessary apology! The note paper was of the best quality. At the head of the page "St. Agatha's, Annandale" was embossed in purple. One of the sisters I had seen beyond the wall undoubtedly wrote it—possibly Sister Theresa herself. A clever woman, that! Thoroughly capable of plucking money from guileless old gentlemen! Poor Olivia! born for freedom, but doomed to a pent-up existence with a lot of nuns! I resolved to send her a box of candy sometime just to annoy her guardians. Then my own affairs claimed attention.

"Bates," I asked, "do you know what Mr. Glenarm did with the plans for this house?"

He started slightly. I should not have noticed it if I had not been so keen for his answer.

"No, sir. I can't put my hand upon them, sir."

"That's all very well, Bates, but you didn't answer my question. Do you know where they are? I'll put my hand on them if you will kindly tell me where they're kept."

"I fear very much, Mr. Glenarm, that they have been destroyed. I tried to find them before you came, to tell you the whole truth, sir; but they must have been put out of the way."

"That's very interesting, Bates. Will you kindly tell me whom you suspect of destroying them? The toast again, please."

His hand shook as he passed the plate.

"I hardly like to say, sir, when it's only a suspicion."

"Of course I shouldn't ask you to incriminate yourself, but I'll have to insist on my question. It may have occurred to you, Bates, that in a sense—in a sense, mind you—I'm the master here."

"Well, I should say, if you press me—that I fear Mr. Glenarm, your grandfather, burned the plans when he left here the last time. I hope you will pardon me, sir, for seeming to reflect upon him."

"Reflect upon the devil! What was his idea, do you suppose?"



"Damn Your Pardon, and Go On!"

"I think, sir, if you will pardon—"

"Don't be so fussy!" I snapped. "Damn your pardon, and go on!"

"He wanted you to study out the place for yourself, sir. It was dear to his heart, this house. He set his heart upon having you enjoy it—"

"I like the word—go ahead."

"And I suppose there are things about it that he wished you to learn for yourself."

"You know them, of course, and are watching me when I'm hot and cold, watching me to see when I'm hot and cold, like kids at a child's game."

The fellow turned and faced me across the table.

"Mr. Glenarm, as I hope God may be merciful to me in the last judgment, I don't know any more about it than you do."

"You were here with Mr. Glenarm all the time he was building the house, but you never saw walls built that weren't what they appeared to be, or doors made that didn't lead anywhere."

I summoned all my irony and contempt for this arraignment. He lifted his hand as though making oath.

"As God sees me, that is all true. I was here to care for the dead master's comfort and not to spy on him, sir."

"And Morgan, your friend, what about him?"

"I wish I knew, sir."

"I wish to the devil you did," and I flung out of the room and into the library.

At 11 o'clock I heard a pounding at the great front door and Bates came to announce a caller, who was now stamping the snow from his shoes audibly in the outer hall.

"The Reverend Paul Stoddard, sir."

The chaplain of St. Agatha's was a big fellow, as I had remarked on the occasion of his interview with Olivia Gladys Armstrong by the wall. His light brown hair was close-cut; his smooth shaven face was bright with the freshness of youth. Here was a sturdy young apostle without frills, but with a vigorous grip that left my hand tingling. His voice was deep and musical—a voice that suggested sincerity and inspired confidence.

"I'm afraid I haven't been neighborly, Mr. Glenarm. I was called away from home a few days ago after I heard of your arrival, and I have just got back. I blew in yesterday with the snow storm."

He folded his arms easily and looked at me with cheerful directness, as though politely speculating as to what manner of man I might be.

"It was a fine storm; I got a great day, out of it," I said. "An Indiana snow storm is something I have never experienced before."

"This is my second winter. I came out here because I wished to do some reading and thought I'd rather do it alone in a university."

"Studious habits are rather forced on one out here, I should say. In my own case my course of reading is all cut out for me."

"The Glenarm collection is famous—the best in the country, easily. Mr. Glenarm, your grandfather was certainly an enthusiast. I met him several times, though he was a trifle hard to meet!"—and the clergyman smiled.

"My grandfather had his whims; but he was a fine, generous-hearted old gentleman," I said.

"You haven't been on our side of the wall yet? Well, I promise not to molest your hidden treasure if you'll be neighborly," and he laughed merrily.

"I fear there's a big joke involved in the hidden treasure," I replied. "I'm so busy staying at home to guard it that I have no time for social recreation."

He looked at me quickly to see whether I was joking. His eyes were steady and earnest. The Reverend Paul Stoddard impressed me more and more agreeably. There was a suggestion of quiet strength about him that drew me to him.

"I suppose every one about here thinks of nothing but that I'm at Glenarm to earn my inheritance. My residence here must look pretty sordid from the outside."

"Mr. Glenarm's will is a matter of record in the county, of course. But you are too hard on yourself. It's nobody's business if your grandfather wished to visit his whims on you. I should say, in my own case, that I don't consider it any of my business what you are here for. I didn't come over to annoy you or to pry into your affairs. I get lonely now and then and thought I'd like to establish neighborly relations."

"Thank you; I appreciate your coming very much,"—and my heart warmed under the manifest kindness of the man.

"And I hope"—he spoke for the first time with restraint—"I hope nothing will prevent your knowing Sister Theresa and Miss Devereux. They are interesting and charming—the only women about here of your own social status."

My liking for him abated slightly. He might be a detective, representing the alternative heir, for all I knew and possibly Sister Theresa was a party to the conspiracy to drive me away.

"In time, no doubt, in time, I shall know them," I answered evasively.

"Oh, quite as you like!"—and he changed the subject. We talked of many things—of outdoor sports, with which he showed great familiarity, of universities, of travel and adventure. Columbia was his alma mater, but he had spent two years at Oxford.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

North Carolina Wonders

Mr. Tom Pennell was down in Antioch last week and stayed over night with Mr. Moses Armstrong. He tells us that Mr. Armstrong has a wonderful pet pig, and he saw it himself with a broom sweeping out the yard. Of course the pig couldn't do as well at sweeping as some of his two-legged brethren, but it was wonderful to see how hard the pig worked and what progress he made. Mr. Armstrong says he has a wonderful gander, too. The gander will climb an apple tree, shake it and then get down and eat the apples. Mr. Pennel says he did not see the gander, but after seeing the pig sweep he believed anything Mr. Armstrong told him.—Wilkesboro Chronicle.

Poor Economy.

Some fellow's idea of a good time is to pay a ten-dollar fine for 50 cents worth of fun.

For Broken-Down Horses

Red Acre Farm a Home Founded by a Young Woman.

One of the most notable of the semi-private humane establishments for the rescue of broken-down horses is known as Red Acre Farm, a charitable home for horses opened on May 8, 1903, at Stow, Mass., says Home Magazine. The farm is situated 23 miles from Boston, and consists of 87 acres of land, divided up into pasture land and paddocks, with a portion of it devoted to stables, office and hospital. Red Acre Farm was founded by a young woman, Miss H. C. Bird, who gave up to the use of the horse the home and grounds which she inherited from her father, and who devotes all her time and strength to succoring the horse. She daily oversees the conditions at the home and has the advice and support of well known humanitarians.

The farm is kept up by contributions and the board of pensioners or horses put out to pasture during the summer by owners who want good care taken of them while out of town. Members of Red Acre Farm also pay a small annual fee of $5, and philanthropists can endow a stall in the stables of Red Acre Farm for $100, which the donor can keep filled by horses of his own choosing all the time. None of the active officers accept salaries, and all money coming into the farm is expended for the object of its inception.

News of Wisconsin

Interesting Happenings in the Various Cities and Towns of the State.

WASHOUT CAUSED BIG LOSS.

High Water at Hayward Ruined Dam and Bridges.

Hayward.—The recent washout at Hayward forced the shutting down of the big mill of the North Wisconsin Lumber & Manufacturing company for a month. The dam has been carried out and two bridges ruined. Five million feet of logs were washed through the dam, at which an 18-foot head of water was maintained. The electric light plant and the mill were both operated by this dam. Part of the railway at the track was washed away by the rush of the water, about 30 feet being carried out, the railroad track sagging as it hung over the washed out portion of the river bed. A wagon bridge 300 yards above the dam was carried out when the dam gave way, and logs were piled up in various odd shapes when the force of the water was spent. One hundred yards below the dam the railway bridge was dropped into the river, logs jumping entirely over the bridge when the break came. After the flood had passed only the rails held the structure together, the piling having been carried out.

PLAN STATE LABOR MEET.

Organization of Union of Cheesemakers Is Well Under Way.

Racine.—Frank J. Weber and Fred Brockhausen, of the State Federation of Labor were in the city making arrangements for the convention of the federation which takes place here on July 17 to 20. According to the present plans, a general mass meeting will be held on July 18, while a ball will close the convention. Efforts are being made by the federation to organize cheesemakers throughout the state, and it is probable that within a few weeks a new union will be added to the ranks of organized labor.

Former Racine Postmaster Dies.

Racine.—Former Postmaster Andrew Simonson, of this city, died in the Sherman house, Chicago. Some days ago Mr. Simonson and his wife went to Chicago, where he was operated upon. It was not considered a dangerous operation, and his death was entirely unexpected. In 1834 he became manager and publisher of the Wisconsin Agriculturist. He was a director of the Commercial and Savings bank, a member of the Racine park commission, director of the Home Building Loan association, and a member of the B. P. O. Elks.

Keep Municipal Lighting Plant.

Neguanee.—At a special election the electors defeated the proposition of the Marquette County Gas & Electric Light company to buy the municipal lighting plant for the sum of $35,000 cash. Not only did the electors refuse to authorize the common council to dispose of the plant, but they declined to sanction a bond issue for making improvements to the lighting system which are held to be absolutely necessary. Another special election will probably take place shortly and the bonding proposition once more submitted.

Sister Borromea Identified.

Superior.—It is learned that Sister Borromea, the kidnaped nun, was formerly Miss Minnie Digle, of Itasca, the section of this city where the Omaha railroad yards are located. Her father was connected with the road at Itasca for about 12 years until going to St. Paul to become superintendent of terminals for the same company last spring. It was while living at Itasca that Minnie Digle left home determined to become a nun.

Offers to Settle Indebtedness.

Milwaukee.—Henry Herman, $600,000 absconder who disappeared four years ago after defrauding scores of people through the agency of valueless mortgages and raised notes, wants to come back. He is said to be negotiating for immunity through one of his bondsmen, and promises to repay those he defrauded. Herman built the Railway Exchange building here and was associated in dozens of speculative construction schemes.

Racine Strike Ended.

Racine.—The carpenters' strike was settled and all of the carpenters resumed work. It was nearly ten days ago when the men demanded 45 cents an hour, an increase of five cents, eight hours per day. It was refused, and about 75 men went out, practically stopping all building and repair work in the city. The trouble was settled by the men receiving 42½ cents per hour.

Lawrence's Semi-Centennial.

Appleton. — Lawrence university's semi-centennial is marked by the graduation of 60 students, the largest class in its history. Commencement day was Thursday and Dr. William Quale, of Chicago, was the orator.

Mail Carriers Organize.

Grand Rapids.—The rural mail carriers of Wood county recently organized in this city for their mutual benefit and advancement and will secure a charter from the State Rural Letter Carriers' association.

Less Tobacco Planted.

Janesville.—Tobacco growers report that a third less tobacco will be planted this season than last and if the present cold, wet weather continues the acreage will drop considerably below this estimate.

Dedicate New Beloit Church.

Beloit.—The new $40,000 building of the First Presbyterian church of Beloit was dedicated. Dr. E. P. Hill, of Chicago, gave the dedicatory address. Ten thousand dollars were raised by subscription.

Cupid's Arrows for Gray Hairs.

Chippewa Falls.—James Donaldson and Mrs. Mary LaRose were married at the bride's home at Lafayette, near here. The age of the groom was 75 and the age of the bride 72. The marriage was a culmination of a childhood romance.

Find Lost Man in River.

Marinette.—The body of Anton Wangerg was found at the bottom of the river here entangled in a fish net. He had been missing since last December.

SETTLES FOR LARGE SUM.

North Wisconsin Lumber Company Gives Ole Odegard $7,000.

Hayward.—With Judge Silverthorn on the bench ready to call a jury the five year legal battle between Ole Odegard and the North Wisconsin Lumber company came to an end by settlement. Odegard was injured in the company's mill in 1902 on a runaway log carriage. Twice his case was thrown out of court, and the third time his case seemed so hopeless that he asked the company to give him $800 in full settlement. The company refused to do this, and he tried the case and a jury in this county gave him $8,500. On appeal to the supreme court this was reversed, and the case came back for a new trial. Odegard moved the case for trial for the fourth time at this term of the court, and after the trial had opened, but before the jury was drawn, the company acceded to the demands of Odegard's counsel and settled the case for $7,000.

SEEKS TO DIE; WINS AT LAST.

Milwaukee Man, Fined for One Attempt, Is Finally Successful.

Milwaukee.—Albert Krenske was fined in the district court five dollars and costs June 4 for attempting suicide after he had been trapped by a drug clerk who gave him a harmless mixture for carbolic acid instead of the real thing and then informed the police. June 6, after a quarrel with his wife, Krenske disappeared. He returned later and knocked on the door. When his wife opened it Krenske fell dying at her feet with a bottle of carbolic acid in his hand. Krenske was a laborer and had served several terms in the workhouse, once for beating his wife.

Girl Hid from Parents.

La Crosse.—After an absence of four days, during which distracted relatives and the county authorities secured the bluffs and surrounding territory east of the city for traces of the girl, Mabel Subey, aged 16, was found by her mother, Mrs. William Subey, hiding under the front porch of their residence. The girl offered no explanation of her long absence, seeming still to harbor the hallucination under which she left home, that her parents intended her harm.

Will Settle Fence Question.

Chippewa Falls.—The officers of the town of Anson have decided to call a meeting of the voters on June 27 to dispose of the aggravating Rudolph Pitsch road obstruction question. Rudolph Pitsch, a farmer, has twice erected a fence in a public highway. In October Mrs. Pitsch fired upon officers, who finally succeeded in removing the fence. After Pitsch erected the fence this year he threatened to shoot anyone who should dare to tear it down.

Meets Next at Menominee.

Racine.—At the convention of the trustees, superintendents and matrons of Wisconsin county insane asylums, Menominee was chosen as the next place for holding the convention. Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, J. E. Coffland, Richland Center; vice president, Charles A. Cox, Augusta; treasurer, G. H. Seeley, Menominee; secretary, Henry Wernecke, Manitowoc.

Lay Monument Cornerstone.

Oshkosh.—In the presence of a throng of people and with impressive ceremonies, the cornerstone of the soldiers' memorial monument, which is to be erected in Opera House square as a gift to the city from Col. John Hicks, was laid. An invocation was delivered by Bishop Samuel Fallows, of Chicago. Gen. Benjamin F. Bryant, of La Crosse, was the principal speaker.

Janesville Has Boom.

Janesville.—Janesville has been struck by a real estate boom after several years of inactivity. Two firms, one from Cincinnati, and the other from Peoria, have purchased large tracts of land for the purpose of lot sales. South Janesville, adjacent to the new Northwestern assorting yards, is being platted and three other plats have been made of property within the city limits.

Sager Will Deliver Address.

Kenosha.—Arthur N. Sager, who succeeded Joseph W. Folk as district attorney of St. Louis, has been asked to deliver the address at the biennial reunion of the Kenosha High School association, to be held here in June 29.

Arrested; Asks $20,000 Damages.

Janesville.—City Marshal W. H. Appleby and former Policeman Robert Bear were sued for $20,000 by Charles Eunson, who alleges he was seriously injured in person and reputation by being arrested and clubbed a year ago.

Woman Injured in Quarrel; Dies.

Gay's Mill.—Mrs. Park Hittsenberger died from injuries inflicted by John Rounds, a neighbor. The two quarreled and Rounds struck the woman with a hammer.

Capt. T. C. Smythe Dead.

Delafield.—Capt. T. C. Smythe, father of Rev. Sydney T. Smythe, president of St. John's Military academy, died suddenly of heart failure. Capt. Smythe was 80 years of age and was one of the oldest settlers in Waukesha county.

Verdict of Natural Death.

Kenosha.—Mrs. Johana Johnson, aged 60 years, was found dead on the floor of one of the rooms in her home. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of death from uraemic poisoning.

Lime Causes Destructive Fire.

Sheboygan.—Hot lime in a boxcar was the cause of a destructive fire at the Sheboygan Lime works. The burning freight car, which was standing near the company's warehouse, caused the building to ignite. The damage will not exceed $2,000.

Old Racine Mason Dies.

Racine.—William Henry Beswick, one of the best known members of the Masonic fraternity in this state, died at the St. Mary's hospital of stomach complaint.

FEED THE BRUTE.

The Certain Way to the Heart of a Man.

Baked Potatoes.—When baking potatoes, either sweet or Irish, the skins will remain soft if, after the potatoes are carefully washed, the skin is greased with lard or butter.

Sausage and Eggs.—Don't destroy smoked sausage from a meal. When minced and fried with scrambled eggs makes a savory dish.

Egg Plant Fritters.—Peel the egg plant, cut in half inch slices, boil in hot water until soft, mash smooth, let cool; beat one egg light, add salt, pepper, one cup of flour, two spoonfuls of baking powder in the flour. Batter must be like cake; drop in smoking hot lard in iron frying pan in large spoonfuls; two spoonfuls of lard are sufficient. Cook 15 minutes.

Fried Smelts.—Wash the smelts and dry them thoroughly with a cloth, then dip them in flour. On taking from the flour cover them thoroughly with a mixture made from the beaten yolks of two eggs and a heaping teaspoonful of melted butter, then roll in hot fat until brown and crisp and serve with tartare sauce.

Toast and Cheese.—A good way to serve up stale pieces of cheese is to put them through the food chopper (using the nut-butter grinder), place in a dish and moisten with a little milk. Put in a hot oven for ten minutes and serve hot on toast. Season with salt and pepper to taste.

Flavoring Coffee.—To give boiled coffee a delicious flavor soak the grounds in the amount of water in which it is to be boiled, at least one hour before using. Then boil hard ten minutes.

Boiled Pudding.—One cup of molasses, one cup of seeded raisins and currants mixed, one cup of sour milk or of buttermilk, one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in the milk, two cups of graham flour, salt and spice to taste. Stir all well together, pour into a buttered mold or double boiler and steam for three hours. Serve with a pudding sauce.

PEWTER A FAD.

Articles Made of This Metal Growing in Favor.

Pewter is rapidly regaining the high place it once held in the hearts of American housewives. Time was when it was much more highly regarded than silver-plated ware and ranked second only to solid silver.

Apparently that time is returning. Nor is it without reason. Pewter, while not one of the precious metals, is full of artistic possibilities. Its dull luster lends itself to all sorts of decorative effects and the burnished finish gleams almost as brilliantly as the true white metal. Moreover, it recalls the really refined simplicity of colonial days. It is particularly effective against the fine old mahogany of grandma's time, or the rosewood of the great-grandmamma's.

Set against a shining background, pewter is pleasing to those who value the aesthetic above the costly. The ware comes in graceful shapes, including tea urns, tea, coffee and chocolate pots, flagons, tankards, mugs and goblets. Pewter plates are singularly decorative and the platters and bread trays are not without their place in the general art scheme. Thus far the pewter relics dug up from the curiosity shops have been devoted largely to the adornment of walls and cabinets, but it is predicted the ware shortly will be in more practical use when womankind of to-day realizes its worth as fully as did the woman of a hundred years ago.

LITTLE ECONOMIES.

The skimming of fat from off soups, etc., should be saved for frying purposes.

Old stockings make excellent floor-polishers. Split open and sew together, cutting off the feet if they are much darned. They are also excellent for polishing shoes.

Instead of throwing away the peels of oranges and lemons, put them into the jug on the washstand. This will give the water a delightful perfume, besides softening it until it is equal to rain water for the complexion.

From an economical point of view, it would surprise a good many, especially those who drink two or three cups of tea or coffee at a meal if, instead of putting the sugar into the tea, it was saved for a week to find what a saving could be effected in the matter of sugar to the benefit of both health and pocket.

To make over old nightgowns to advantage cut the bottom of a flannel nightgown the length of your petticoat and then gather into a belt. The same can be done with a muslin gown by adding straps over the shoulders, a little lace and beading, and you have a nice chemise.

One pair of stockings will make a stocking cap for big brother. Use fleeced hose with wide ribbed top, golf hose or boys' heavy ribbed ones. Cut off foot; open down seams; and cut in a point. Sew up; reversing seam about four inches from top for turn back; add tassel of germantown yarn.

This Is the Way.

To clean thread lace, sew new white muslin around a bottle, then roll lace smoothly and securely, tackling the ends. Touch the lace lightly with sweet oil while winding. Fill the bottle with cold water to keep it from bursting, and set it upright in a strong suds of cold water and castile soap. Tie a string around the neck of the bottle, and secure it to the kettle, and boil half an hour or more, or until the lace is clean. Rinse with hot water and set the bottle in the sun. When quite dry, remove the lace and lay in long folds between sheets of white paper, and press for a day or two.

To Remove Paint.

When a house is being done up paint is not infrequently spilt in doorsteps, and it is sometimes found very difficult to remove. In that case make a strong solution of potash and wash the steps, simply leaving the solution to soak in. In a short time the paint will become soft, and can then be washed off with soap and water. Then use cold water. Paint which has been left on for some time will yield to this treatment.

Take Care of Flatirons.

Flatirons which are not used for a few weeks will often grow rusty. To prevent this, rub them with a little warm grease, then wrap each in a piece of heavy brown paper. Before using, dip them in hot water in which a little soda has been dissolved, rub dry, heat and rub over sand paper or over brown paper on which a little powdered brick has been sprinkled. This process will keep the irons in good condition and make them smooth and easy to use.

State Capital Notes

Weekly Budget Gathered by Our Special Correspondent at Madison.

Madison.—The state factory inspectors' report for the biennial period ending Oct. 31, 1906, has just been issued by the bureau of labor and industrial statistics. The report shows that there were 4,747 establishments and 12,533 buildings inspected and that the inspectors reached 199,954 employes. It also shows that there are 445,253 horsepower in use in the active factory system of the state. Estimating this horsepower at a cost in coal at $20 per horsepower it costs the factory owners of the state nearly $10,000,000 in fuel annually to run their factories. This enormous sum could be nearly all saved to employers and employes by putting developed, Wisconsin's water powers about the rivers that are now running to waste. The report also shows that there is an average of three buildings to each establishment, that one-half of these buildings are constructed of wood, two-fifths of brick and the remainder of iron, stone or steel. It further shows that 86 per cent of all the employes of the state are males, 14 per cent females and only about one-half of one percent are children under 16 years of age. This is a relative decrease of 87 per cent in the amount of child labor since 1901. Nearly 1,000 fire escapes were examined by the inspectors also. Besides the 4,237 factories and workshops inspected, the inspectors reached 1,570 cigar shops, bowling alleys, saloons and the establishments, making a total of 6,763 establishments inspected. In addition to this the inspectors granted 11,958 permits to work in factories and there were 4,500 permits granted by county judges, making a total of 16,458 for the biennial period. Of the permits granted, five out of eight were males and three out of eight females, five out of six lived with their parents, one out of ten with the mother and the remainder with the father or other person, and in a small percentage of cases was the child the chief support of the family. About 20 per cent of the public school children receiving permits had attended school nine years, and 20 per cent had attended school four or more years. Of the parochial school children receiving permits, the average school attendance was seven years, while only six per cent had attended school more than eight years. As a whole, the percentage of parochial school children asking for permits is much less than the percentage of public school children, when the total population of these two classes of children are considered.

Appropriation Reduced.

The assembly committee on claims recommended that the bill appropriating money for improvements on the state fair grounds be passed with an amendment reducing the appropriation from $67,500 to $62,500. The cut was made in the amount provided for a new cattle barn, the reduction in the sum for that purpose being from $35,000 to $30,000. The Thomas bill appropriating $125,000 for the establishment of a binding twine plant at the state prison at Waupun was reported without recommendation. The committee recommended for indefinite postponement the bill appropriating $500 annually for clerical work for the state livestock sanitary board and the bill providing for 12 additional deputy factory inspectors.

Labor Asks Appropriation.

The committee on manufactures and labor has introduced a bill in the legislature providing for an annual appropriation of $1,000 for the benefit of organized labor of the state. This bill was introduced at the suggestion of Fred Brockhausen, who claims that inasmuch as the various "grower" associations of the state receive annual funds from the treasury, the labor unions are also entitled to a similar appropriation.

Price on Railroad Tickets.

Among bills passed by the assembly was one requiring that every railroad ticket sold for points within the state shall have its price stamped or written on it. Another bill passed provides that a person shall not take more than one deer during a season. A bill providing that persons using vehicles with tires three inches wide shall have one-half of their highway taxes remitted, was passed.

Two Bills Killed.

Among bills killed by the assembly was one prohibiting minors from being in places where intoxicating liquors are sold unless accompanied by their parent or guardian, and one requiring that the stone used in construction of the new state capitol shall be of Wisconsin.

Anderson Bill Amended.

The Anderson bill limiting the hours of service of railroad employes was amended and ordered engrossed and read a third time. The amendment adopted provides for an eight hour day for all railroad telegraphers. Other railroad employes cannot, under the bill, be required to work more than 16 hours in any 24 without given at least eight consecutive hours of rest. The bill will especially affect employes at small railroad stations where telegraphers are required to perform the duties as clerk or agents.

Rotation in Candidates' Names.

The committee on elections introduced a bill providing for the rotation of the names of candidates for nominations for office at primary elections. The bill only affects candidates who are required to file the nomination petitions in the office of the secretary of state. The rotating is to be done by placing the names of the candidates in alphabetical order on the ballots in the highest numbered assembly district of the state and then drop the first name to the bottom of the list in each succeeding district.

Bar Saloons Near Varsity.

By a vote of 53 to 29 the assembly passed the committee bill prohibiting saloons within three-quarters of a mile of the main front door of Main hall at the state university or within 50 feet of either side of State street, which is the principal thoroughfare between the capitol and the university. Existing saloons near the Illinois Central and Milwaukee railroad stations on West Washington avenue and about half a mile from the university are exempted.

Valuation of Railroad Property.

The state tax commission, acting as the state board of assessment, announced that it had fixed the preliminary valuation of the railroad property of the state at $[illegible]. Should an increase of $12,000,000 over the preliminary assessment of last year. The average rate of taxation of the railroad property of the state is found to be [illegible] cents per dollar. Valuation this year is [illegible] cents last year or 11 [illegible] cents less $1,000 of valuation more than last year. The total amount of taxes paid to the state by railroads last year was $[illegible] and this year it will be $[illegible] or an increase of about a little more than $[illegible]. The tax commission also announced the first valuation of the property of telegraph companies under the new telegraph and telephone tax law. The property owned by the telegraph companies in the state is valued as follows:

Western Union	$[illegible]
Postal	[illegible]
Northwestern Telegraph Co.	[illegible]
Wisconsin Telephone Co.	[illegible]
Postal Telephone Co.	[illegible]

The total tax on this property will be $[illegible] or about $[illegible] more than it was under the former system. The Canadian Pacific railroad and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad property are [illegible] preliminary and subject to change. All the companies interested are contesting the tax commission that they are too high. The board will be in session from June 14 to July 16 to hear complaints that may be [illegible].

Insane Asylum Bill Killed.

Among the bills killed were the Whitehead measure appropriating $100,000 for the erection of a state hospital for violent and criminal insane, two bills requiring street cars to be heated between Oct. 1 and April 15, and the Smith bill providing that the "war claim" money received by the state from the federal government be transferred to the school fund.

When the university appropriation bill came up for consideration Senator Browne offered an amendment restoring the appropriation of $50,000 annually for a women's building, which were cut out of the original bill by the claims committee and the bill by the claims committee and the had consideration postponed until Wednesday.

The committee on transportation through its chairman Senator Hudnall, introduced a bill authorizing the state board of control to convey to Waukesha for waterworks purposes a small piece of state land occupied by the State Industrial School for Boys. Owing to the fact that only a few senators were present, many of the senators were present, many of the important bills on the calendar and all appropriation bills were laid over.

Concur in Senate Bills.

The assembly concurred in the senate amendments to the Dooley comparative negligence bill, the Thompson child labor bill, the Nye sleeping car berth bill, the Henderson bill providing cities to purchase property for railroad terminals and lease it to private parties, the Thompson bill providing that railroad trains shall not be run without full crews, and the Harnack bill providing that electricity and space shall be laid in accordance with regulations prescribed by municipalities in which they are located.

McGovern Bill Postponed.

By the unanimous action of the assembly judiciary committee the McGovern bill, which provides that the district attorney and his assistants shall not be required to disclose in any court or by any proceeding, itself civil or otherwise, any information acquired by them, was reported for indefinite postponement.

For a La Crosse Normal School.

With only one dissenting vote, that of Senator Hacket, the senate passed the La Crosse Normal school appropriation bill, which gives $250,000 for the new normal school. Senator Hacker followed the instructions of the county board of Jackson county in voting against the bill.

Advance Uniform Divorce Bill.

The senate ordered what is known as the uniform divorce bill, introduced by Senator Sanborn, to engrossment. Division resulted in a tie vote which was decided in favor of passing the bill when Lieut. Gov. Connor voted for its engrossment.

Measure Goes to Conference.

The senate refused to recede from its position on the bill to regulate the partition and distribution of estates and Senators Sanborn, Owen and Hudnall were appointed a conference committee. Under suspension of the rules the Georgi bill, No. 1011A, giving immediate effect to chapter 182, laws of 1907, providing that in Milwaukee county bonds taken by one of the county judges shall run to both of them, was concurred in and sent back to the assembly so that it might be put into effect as soon as possible.

Against Two-Cent Fare Bill.

The senate committee on transportation considered the two-cent rail road fare bills introduced in that house and will submit a report adverse to the passage of the measure. It is understood that Senator Randolph dissents from the majority report of the committee. The decision of the committee is based entirely, it is stated, upon the investigations made and conclusions reached by the Wisconsin railway rate commission after months of research covering the passenger situation.

Roberts' Appointment Confirmed.

The senate confirmed the appointment of David Roberts as state veterinarian, Senator Wolff presenting the minority report reiterating the charges made against him before the agricultural committee. Upon the roll call Gov. Davidson's appointee was confirmed, 20 senators voting in his favor, while eight voted against confirmation.

Public Utility Bill Passed.

By a vote of 77 to 10 the state assembly passed the public utility bill.

SCHOOL TREASURER'S REPORT

Report of the Treasurer of the Board of Education of the City of Grand Rapids, March 15th, 1906 to March 15th, 1907.

Balance on hand, March 16 1906		$ 1106 57		
Sept 19, 1906 State Treasurer State Aid Man. Training		250 00		
" " " " " [illegible]		276 67		
Dec. 20 "		5000 00		
Jan. 15, 1907 City Treasurer, City School Tax		10640 00		
Feb. 18 " " "		12680 00		
Mar. 15 " " "		2067 04		
" " " County School Fund		2055 47		
" " " Town of Sigel	290 25			
Mar. 30, 1906 Town of Dexter	18 00			
" " " Seneca	18 25			
June 18 " Carson	18 25			
" 26 " Rudolph	12 25			
" 28 " Saratoga	18 25			
" 30 " Hazelhurst	18 00			
July 8 " Cranmoor	18 00			
" " " Port Edwards	24 00			
" 27 " Sherry	36 00			
" 28 " Grand Rapids	158 25			
Mar. 15, 1906 " Sigel	34 25			
" " " Eau Pleine	17 75			
Jan. 11, 1906 Tuition, Grades	29 50			
Nov 17 "	24 35			
Dec 29 "	19 10			
		$ 564 65		
July 9, 1906 Sale of [illegible] House		30 00		
Nov 1, 1906 Sale of Sidewalk		1 00		
Nov. 30, 1906 Sale of Seats and Iron		35 00		
Total			$35299 25	
Overdraft, March 15, 1906			2789 48	
			$41065 83	
DISBURSEMENTS				
Teachers Salaries	$21501 02			
Janitors Salaries	2662 86			
Wood and Coal	2984 17			
For Other Purposes	1305 26			
		$31528 12		
Repairs	$ 5258 11			
Interest on Overdrafts	352 00			
Orders Outstanding	120 50			
		$ 5611 61		
Total Expenditures		41180 32		
Less Orders Outstanding and Unpaid '05-'06		121 50		
Cash Paid Out			$41058 82	
			$ 1052 78	
The following amounts due the Board of Education are uncollected				
City Treasurer, State School Funds '06 Tuition	$ 90 00			
Town of Carson, Portage Co.	104 00			
Town of Remington	18 00			
Village of Nekoosa	18 00			
Town of Seneca				
			$ 233 00	
			$1285 78	

Respectfully submitted,
W. H. Reeves, Tres. Board of Education.

We the undersigned Committee appointed at the annual school meeting March 18, 190[illegible], to check up and compare orders issued with stubs and cancel the same do hereby report that we have done the work assigned and it is correct.

A. L. Fontaine
M. H. Jackson
J. P. Borgen.

Dated Grand Rapids, Wis., April 15 '0[illegible].

AMONG CRANBERRY MEN.

EDITED BY J. A. GAYNOR.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Cranberry Insects this Season.

By H. J. Franklin.

On account of the lateness of the season the insects, as well as vegetation, were late in starting this season. The false army worm is at present fully a week behind what it was last year in its development, at the same date, and the fire worm did not commence hatching until the 28th of May, two weeks and a half later than last year, thus establishing a record later than any heretofore published.

The yellowhead cranberry worm began hatching May 18 and the leaders are now well along in their development.

It is now too late to spray with arsenate of lead for either the False army worm or the yellowhead. The false army worms have all hatched and if any grower is waiting to be sure of the complete hatching of this insect before flooding, he may be assured that the sooner he uses the water the better.

A large percentage of the eggs of the fire worm are as yet unhatched and it does not seem probable that they will all be hatched this year until it is too late to reflow with safety. Nevertheless a later reflow is advisable, as it will at least reduce, to a considerable extent, the injury which these worms will do.

Such a late reflow together with thorough arsenical poisoning for the second brood should so reduce their injury that it will not be heavily felt this year, and the chances are that the eggs will hatch early enough next year to enable the grower to get rid of the pest entirely.

If any grower who is troubled with either the fire worm (blackhead) or the yellowhead, has not communicated with me about the matter, I should be glad to hear from him at his earliest convenience.—Wareham Courier.

TO FORM CENTRAL COMPANY.

Meeting of New England Sales Company Held Monday.

From the Wareham Courier.

A meeting of the stockholders of the New England Cranberry Sales Company was held at Middleboro on Monday at which a goodly number of representatives growers were present.

The expected delegation from the New Jersey Sales Company was not present as the threatening weather conditions did not admit of their leaving at this time. Letters were read from them, however, assuring the New England growers that they were willing and anxious to work in harmony with them.

The principal business transacted was a vote to join with the Wisconsin and New Jersey Association in the formation of a central sales company with headquarters in New York with A. U. Chaney the selling agent. Pres. G. R. Briggs, Dr. J. R. Rogers, Seth C. C. Finney and John Clark were appointed a committee to meet delegates from the other associations at a meeting held in New York.

The various brands under which the cranberries are to be marketed were discussed, samples being on exhibition.

The affairs of the company seem to be working smoothly and the utmost harmony has prevailed at the meetings which have been held.

Most of our growers are inclined to agree that flooding for fire worms is a failure. It would seem that some of the worms were destroyed by a three or four days' flood, and would be probably all destroyed if they could have been put under and kept under, but unfortunately for the growers most of them appear to have the power not only to come to the surface, but to get out high and dry above the surface where they rest like a water spider, the surface of the water appearing to sustain them above it. They float on the surface of the water as a dry needle might be made to float.

James Gaynor is now sprinkling kerosene over the surface of the water, as this is a very powerful insecticide. He is of the opinion that they can not live on the surface if that surface is a film of kerosene.

Mr. A. E. Bennett is sprinkling his vines with air slacked lime and paris green mixed and has already found worms that appear to have been killed by this treatment.

Prof. Hardenberg and Mr. Maldo are very busy experimenting on these pests and will doubtless be able to give the growers something reliable before long.

H. R. Laing spent Sunday and Monday on Cranberry business at Grand Rapids and Cranmoor, and left Monday afternoon in company with A. C. Bennett to attend a meeting of delegates from N. E. Sales Co., and the N. E. Sales to establish some form of organization to promote the sale and consumption of cranberries.

The last few warm days has pushed vegetation of all kinds forward with great rapidity.

The first hatched fire worms are now nearly ready to pass into the pupa or chrysalis condition, and some of them will come out as full fledged moths before July 1st. These will deposit their eggs on the underside of the leaves as before. It is the worms from this brood that is the most destructive and the hardest to combat.

Prof. Hardenberg and wife arrived on Saturday last. The Prof. will devote his entire vacation to the study of insects injurious to cranberries; and especially to the fire and fruit worms.

Present indications leads many of the growers to suspect that the attack of the fire worm in July of this year will be more severe than has been known heretofore.

Weak Women

To weak and ailing women, there is at least one way to help. But with that way, two treatments must be combined. One is local, one is constitutional, but both are important, both essential. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is the local. Dr. Shoop's Restorative, the Constitutional. The former—Dr. Shoop's Night Cure—is a topical mucous membrane suppository remedy, while Dr. Shoop's Restorative is wholly an internal treatment. The Restorative reaches throughout the entire system, seeking the repair of all nerve, all tissue, and all blood ailments.

The "Night Cure", as its name implies, does its work while you sleep. It soothes sore and inflamed mucous surfaces, heals local weaknesses and discharges, while the Restorative, eases nervous excitement, gives renewed vigor and ambition, builds up wasted tissues, bringing about renewed strength, vigor, and energy. Take Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—as a general tonic to the system. For positive local help, use as well

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure

WOOD COUNTY DRUG CO.

VESPER.

Our little burg is planning for a mammoth picnic July 4th under the auspices of the Farmers Equity. The well known Pittsville band has been secured and several noted speakers are expected.

J. J. Iverson of Sherry was a Vesper caller Monday.

Arthur Benn of Hansen transacted business in Vesper Monday. He is very cheerful about the hay crop.

Parties are drawing the brick for the Hansen Hardware block.

Mr. Beimler is building a new porch on his hotel, The Commercial. Eddie Flannagan is doing the painting.

Albert Genrick raised his new barn Friday. It is 36x60 upon an eight foot wall. The basement will be finished for a cow barn and will have an up to date ventilating system and cement floor.

George Sarcoloski will raise a new barn the coming week. This barn will have a basement 36x60 and will be up to date in every part.

Wm. Edwards and wife have returned to their home in Brown Co, Ill., after visiting a week with C. E. Edwards, a brother. Mrs. Thomas, a sister of Mr. Edwards, came with them. They were highly elated with the country.

The recent warm weather has caused vegetation of all kinds to grow. The prospects are that Wood Co., will come to the front with usual large crops of all kinds.

Miss Alice Murgatroyd of Union Grove, is visiting her brother, who has been ill so long. She reports the season cold and wet in the southern part of the state.

Edwin Watkins from Baraboo is visiting with Lynn Turner.

BIRON.

A fish chowder was given by Tom McGrath Sunday. A great many people partook of the delicious feast and all report the chowder to have been first class

Wedding bells will soon be ringing in our burg.

A miscellaneous shower was given Miss Dora Akey Thursday night. Miss Dora recieved many nice presents and all the young ladies enjoyed themselves immensely.

Clarence Sipo has purchased a fine driving horse and carriage.

Misses Helen and Sadie Rector and Belle LaVaque were guests of Misses Bertha and Dora Akey a short time Saturday afternoon.

Peter Herman of your city is again employed in our mill.

CRANMOOR

Vigno Carey of Grand Rapids is spending part of his vacation rusticating on the marsh.

Prof. Staddard of Madison, who is taking Prof. Whitson's place while the latter is abroad, made a couple days stay at the experiment station last week.

Mrs. Charles Whittlesey terminated a weeks visit at the Whittlesey homes Friday, returning to Grand Rapids with the senior members of the family, who spent the day at the James Miller home.

The north school closed Friday with a program and picnic dinner. In the evening a dancing party was given in honor of the departing teacher, Miss Adoline Koch, to which all the young people gladly responded.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Searls are entertaining their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Babcock of Billings, Montana, and with their sister Miss Mayme and friend Miss Cahill, were among the dancers Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Foley and Miss Myra Kruger attended the party Friday evening.

W. H. Fitch is spending a few days with his daughter and family, Mrs. H. F. Whittlesey.

Throwston and Jerome Farrar and a friend from St. Louis arrived last week and will spend the summer with their relatives at the Fitch homes.

Mrs. Codding Sr., of Grand Rapids came down Sunday eve for an indefinite stay at the marsh.

Miss Kittie Cahill arrived Monday noon and will be for a time at the Whittlesey home.

Oscar Potter departed Monday noon for Stoughton, where he goes to seek improvement in health.

How Preachers Are Influenced.

It may not be denied that some ministers are swerved from the straight path of conscience by the fear of irritating those who pay the greater part of their salaries. When this happens one must look for the cause not in anybody's purpose to coerce the pulpiteers but in the weakness of their own characters. There are men born to be valets who are not without emotional eloquence and personal attractiveness. They sometimes get good charges as ministers, and what is bred in the bone will come out in the flesh. —Brooklyn Eagle.

The "Wandering Stones."

In Peru, on the shores of the lake of Titicaca, the most lofty lake in the whole known world, are three pillars of stone of unequal height. On one of these huge blocks the rude features of a human being have been cut, and the other two are covered with designs of various kinds, all believed to have some mysterious reference to sun worship. Who the engraver of these monoliths was or at what age of the world the engraving was done is not known, but it is highly probable that it was done long before the Americas had ever been seen by any white men. The stones are so large as to preclude the idea of their having been erected by human beings, the best explanation being that they were deposited by glaciers where they stand. That the natives have some legend to this effect is proved by the fact that they call them "wandering stones."

Had Been Cheated.

A Scotsman visited London by himself for the first time to "speer roond," as he termed it. On his return to his native village he informed a boon companion that it was a grand place, but that the people "war no honest." He'd had his "doots" all the week, but satisfied himself of the fact on leaving. Asked how he tested the matter, he said:

"Ah bowt a box o' pins labeled '1,000 for a penny,' and on counting them in the train I fun' they war seventeen shoort!"—London Financial Times.

Where the Block System Works.

"I am going to railroad this case through the courts," declared the indignant citizen.

"You can't," replied the astute lawyer. "The block system works too perfectly there now."—Baltimore American.

A Lesson in Health.

Healthy kidneys filter the impurities from the blood, and unless they do this good health is impossible. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys and will positively cure all forms of kidney and bladder disease. It strengthens the whole system. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

A man who is in perfect health, so he can do an honest day's work when necessary, has much for which he should be thankful. Mr. L. C. Rodgers, of Branchton, Pa., writes that he was not only unable to work, but he couldn't stoop over to tie his own shoes. Six bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure made a new man of him. He says, "Success to Foley's Kidney Cure." Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

COUNTY BOARD PROCEEDINGS.

Continued From Last Week.

To the Board of supervisors of Wood County, Wisconsin:—

Gentlemen:—Your committee on roads and bridges to whom was referred the following entitled claims, would respectfully report that we have had the same under consideration and after a careful examination of all items contained therein, recommend that the several amounts as set forth in this report be allowed each claimant respectfully to-wit:

No.	Name of Claimant	What for	Estimated cost	Amt. Appropriated
1	Remington town	Bridge	$2000 00	$1000 00
2	Hansen town	"	600 00	300 00
3	Wood town	"	1500 00	750 00
4	Milladore town	"	500 00	250 00
5	Milladore town	"	600 00	300 00
6	Cranmoor town	"	300 00	150 00
7	Arpin town	"	770 00	385 00
8	Arpin town	"	1150 00	575 00
9	Saratoga town	"	700 00	350 00
10	Rudolph town	"	600 00	300 00
11	Saratoga town	"	500 00	250 00
12	Dexter town	"	1000 00	500 00
13	Cranmoor town	"	300 00	150 00
14	Auburndale town	"	800 00	400 00
15	Cameron town	"	300 00	150 00
16	Seneca town	"	1100 00	550 00
			$12680 00	$6340 00

C. H. Conklin chairman, Simon Worlund, I. J. Iverson, John Wolf, Herman Wood, Michael Krings—Committee on roads and bridges.

Moved by Mr. Connor that the report of the committee on roads and bridges be adopted.

Roll call on same:—Ayes—M. M. Lochner, N. M. Berg, A. L. Williams, C. I. Morrison, A. E. Bennett, Nash Mitchell, William Peters, L. F. Phillips, P. N. Christensen, John Wolf, Michael Krings, L. Ward, John Jenkins, Ed Provost, H. J. Jensen, J. J. Iverson, Simon Worlund, Norman Wood, G. H. Conklin, Peter Hansen. Total 20. Absent and not voting:—Frank Whitrock, Ed Witzel—Total 2.

Moved by Mr. Christensen that the road and bridge committee meet with the town board of the town of Milladore if the bridge comes within the ½ percentum.

Mr. Christensen withdraws his motion in regard to Milladore bridge.

Moved that this board adjourn until 2 o'clock p. m.

Carried.

Court House 2 o'clock p. m. May 9th 1907.

Board met pursuant to adjournment and was called to order by Chairman Hooper.

Roll was called and a quorum present. By motion the reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Moved by Mr. Bennett that ½ the amount of the Milladore bridge be raised and paid from the rural bridge fund.

Roll call on same:—Ayes—M. M. Lochner, N. M. Berg, A. L. Williams, O. I. Morrison, A. E. Bennett, Nash Mitchell, William Peters, L. F. Phillips, P. N. Christensen, John Wolf, Michael Krings, L Ward, John Jenkins, Ed Provost, H. J. Jensen, J. J. Iverson, Simon Worlund, Norman Wood, G. H. Conklin, Peter Hansen. Total 20. Absent and not voting:—Frank Whitrock, Ed. Witzel. Total 2.

To the Board of Supervisors of Wood County, Wisconsin.

Gentlemen:—Your committee on road and bridges to whom was referred the following entitled claims, would respectfully report, that we have had the same under consideration, and, after a careful examination of all items contained therein, recommend that the several amounts as set forth in this report be allowed each claimant respectively to-wit:

No.	Claimant	What for	Est'd cost	Amt. Appd
	T of Grand Rapids	road work	$800 00	$400 00

G. H. Conklin, Simon Worlund, J. J. Iverson, John Wolf, Norman Wood, Michael Krings.

Moved that the report of the committee on road and bridges be adopted.

Roll call on same:—Ayes—M. M. Lochner, N. M. Berg, R. A. Connor, A. L. Williams, O. I. Morrison, A. E. Bennett, Nash Mitchell, A. J. Hasbrouck, Geo. P. Hambrecht, Geo T. Rowland, E. R. Griffith, E. Oberbeck, P. Mulroy, J. B. Nash, Frank Whitrock, William Peters, L. F. Phillips, P. N. Christensen, Jacob Specht, O. G. Lindemann, E. E. Ames, E. M. Deming, John Wolf, Michael Krings, William Hooper, E. Eichsteadt, Ed Witzel, Geo. W. Brown, J. C. Kurtz, A. B. Cotey, L. Ward, John Jenkins, Ed Provost, H. J. Jensen, J. J. Iverson, Simon Worlund, Norman Wood, G. H. Conklin, Peter Hansen. Total 39. Absent and not voting:—E. P. Arpin, R. H. Schroeder, Michael Wagner. Total 3.

To the Board of Supervisors of Wood County, Wisconsin:

Gentlemen:—Your committee on Poor Farm and Poor Accounts to whom was referred the following entitled claims, would respectfully report that we have had the same under consideration, and, after a careful examination of all items contained therein, recommend that the several amounts as set forth in this report be allowed each claimant respectively to-wit:

No.	Name of Claimant	What for	Amt. Claimed	Amt. Allowed
1	Wm. Haskins	Supt. of Poor farm Feb. 1st to May 1st	$ 150 00	$ 150 00
2	Gust Schacht	Hired man to May 1st	60 00	60 00
3	Anna Jacobson	Hired girl to Apr. 1st	32 00	32 00
4	Stella Kinister	Hired girl to May 1st	14 00	14 00
5	Bender Bros,	8 cord rock	28 00	28 00
6	A. J. Hasbrouck	Livery	3 00	3 00
7	Corkins Chemical Co.		12 00	12 00
8	J. F. Moore	For repairing	6 65	6 65
9	J. R. Ragan	For mattresses	27 00	27 00
10	W. J. Dickson	Livery	3 00	3 00
11	Cohen Dept. Store	Merchandise	84 78	84 78
12	Johnson Hill & Co.	"	170 80	170 80
13	H. Binnebose	Whitewashing	14 25	14 25
14	Wood Co. Tel. Co.	Repair of wire	1 20	1 20
15	H. H. Milbee M. D.	Medical services	26 00	26 00
16	St. Joseph hospital	For board and care	10 00	10 00
17	city of Grand Rapids	Aid of Poor	26 55	26 55
18	H. Nipple M. D.	Medical attendance	14 65	14 66
19	John M. Seade	Medical services and M.	37 18	37 18
20	Ferdinand Lodes	Referred to Dist. Attorney		
21	city of Grand Rapids	Aid to Anna Board	14 25	14 25
			$ 735 51	$ 735 51

Frank Whitrock Chairman, Ed Witzel Committee.

Wood County Teacher's Association $ 40 75

Referred to the Finance Committee.

The committee recommend that the within bill be allowed and paid from the general fund. A. E. Bennett Chairman, P. Mulroy, J. B. Nash, H. J. Jensen, E. E. Ames, Committee.

Moved that the bill of the Wood County Teachers' Association be allowed. Carried.

Bill of the City of Marshfield for non residence poor presented to the open Board, for $37.40.

Moved by Mr. Arpin that the bill of the City of Marshfield be allowed and that the District Attorney be instructed to collect the same from the proper parties. Carried.

Bill of St. Joseph Hospital for medical attendance to non-residence poor for $13.00, presented to the open Board.

Moved by Mr. Iverson that the bill of St. Joseph hospital be allowed. Carried.

May 5th, 1907.

To the Honorable the County Board of Wood County.

I, the undersigned District Attorney for said county, hereby submit my report in writing on the statements of the Justices of the Peace, constables etc., filed with the county Clerk of said county and by him delivered to me in accordance with the provisions of sections 677 and 688 of the revised statutes.

The amounts set opposite the names of the respective parties in the following report have on examination been found to be legally chargeable against Wood county and are hereby recommended for allowance.

No. 1.

State of Wisconsin VS. M. L. Ohmstead Burglary.
Fees of Chas. Hahn Justice $3 68

No. 2

Inquest upon the body of Nicholas A. Schafer, deceased.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	$ 8 40
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	5 45
" " Joseph Deckert	Juror	2 40
" " Andrew Mercer	"	2 40
" " Fred Warsinski	"	2 40
" " Peter J. Lahman	"	2 40
" " Henry Oliver	"	2 40
" " Geo. Whitney	"	1 08
" " Fred Krahn	Witness	1 08
" " Wm. McCulloch	"	83
" " John Schafer	"	1 08
" " John Bleisner	"	83
" " Anton Velt	"	1 08
" " A. Paulson	"	
		$34 23

No. 3

State of Wisconsin VS. William Marterson, assault and battery.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	2 82
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	6 96
" " Joseph Graff	Witness	1 07
		$10 28

No. 4

State of Wisconsin VS. L. Wenzen, peace proceedings.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	$4 25
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	4 64
" " Solomon Shapiro	Witness	1 08
" " Max Wellner		1 08
		$11 05

No. 5

State of Wisconsin VS. William Meyer, assault and battery.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	$8 45
" " A. F. Gerwing	Officer	3 54
" " I. P. Tiffault	Juror	62
" " Jacob Thomas	"	62
" " H. Koenig	"	62
" " L. Nick	"	62
" " W. L. Little	"	62
" " L. Wenzen	Witness	1 08
" " John Holz	"	1 08
" " Margaretha Tremmel	"	1 08
" " A. F. G rwing	"	1 08
" " Emil Tremmel	"	1 08
" " Ed Boyer	"	1 08
		$20 95

No. 6

State of Wisconsin VS. Gustav Paschke larceny.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	$2 06
" " J. W. Wicker	Officer	1 77
		$3 83

No. 7

State of Wisconsin VS. Jesse Congdon, assault and battery.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Municipal Judge	$3 29
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	3 97
		$7 26

No. 8

State of Wisconsin VS. John Schroeder, assault with a dangerous weapon with intent to kill.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	$37 66
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	21 83
" " Gust Anderson	Witness	3 24
" " Casper Gallantine	"	3 96
" " Charley Weirauch	"	4 20
" " Henry Farll	"	4 20
" " Francis Farll	"	4 20
" " Flora Wundrow	"	4 20
" " John Wundrow	"	4 20
" " Henry Wundrow	"	4 20
" " Louis Wundrow	"	4 20
" " Charles Wundrow	"	4 20
" " Anna Wundrow	"	4 20
" " Mary Wiedarek	"	1 40
" " Henry Wahle	"	1 08
" " Fred L. Frederick	"	5 60
		$112 57

No. 9

State of Wisconsin VS. Mathias Nunnier, abusive and obscene language.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Municipal Judge	$2 93
" " Louis Thompson	Deputy Sheriff	2 27
" " Theresia Nunnier	witness	1 08
		$6 28

No. 10

State of Wisconsin VS. Roy Wilson, breaking and entering a dwelling house in the night time Sec. 4408 statutes 1898.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Municipal Judge	$3 97
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	19 57
" " Margaret Schmitt,	witness	1 08
		$24 62

No. 11

State of Wisconsin VS. Walter Lochman and Gustave Arndt, larceny from depot building.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Municipal Judge	$6 50
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	8 50
		$15 00

No. 13.

State of Wisconsin vs. Robert Quammen, larceny from a building in the night time.
Fees of Chas. Hahn, Justice $14 78
Fees of Michael Griffin, officer 20 95
$35 73

No. 14.

State of Wisconsin vs. John Casberg, selling Liquors to minors.
Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice $ 3 28

No. 15.

State of Wisconsin vs Fred Pagel, Assault and battery.
Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, Justice $ 3 04

No. 16.

State of Wisconsin vs Albert Podbiski, Abandonment.
Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, Justice $ 1 88

No. 17.

State of Wisconsin vs David Samida, Larcency.
Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, Justice $ 1 88

No. 18.

State of Wisconsin vs Carl Schiller and Fred Schiller Search Warrant.
Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice $ 2 06

No. 19.

State of Wisconsin vs John Scofield, larcency.
Fees of J. A. Keyes, justice $ 1 88

No. 20.

State of Wisconsin vs Mahlon C. Lichty, drunkenness.
Fees of J. A. Keyes, Justice $ 2 82

No. 21.

Inquest upon the body of Orville Simpson, deceased.

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice		$ 6 20
" " J. C. Davis,	juror	1 58
" " C. Persohn,	juror	1 58
" " F. Fandrich,	"	1 58
" " M. S. Moran,	"	1 58
" " W. E. Little	"	1 58
" " Chas. Natwick,	"	1 58
" " John Labae,	witness	1 08
" " Peter Love	"	1 08
" " B Altenberg,	"	1 08
" " A. Kallman.	"	1 08
" " Harry Fransen	"	1 08
" " Dr. Pomainville Medical examination and testimony		10 00
		$ 31 08

No. 22.

State of Wisconsin vs Robert Engleman vagrancy.
Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice $ 2 82
" " John Garihee, officer 1 84
$ 48 35

No. 23.

State of Wisconsin vs Robert Frederick and Stephen Footit, fighting game cocks

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice		$ 5 85
" " John Warren,	witness	1 39
" " Ora White	"	1 39
" " Mrs. O. White	"	1 39
" " Dan Brown	"	1 39
" " Sam Rodgers	"	1 39
" " Wm. Hodge	"	1 39
" " Jesse Lapene	"	1 39
" " Geo. Crowns	"	1 39
" " Joe Arnold	"	1 39
		$ 18 36

No. 24.

State of Wisconsin vs Herman Ramthun, peace bond.
Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice $ 2 28

No. 25.

State of Wisconsin vs John Casberg, selling liquors to minors.
Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice $ 3 28
Jas. A. Keyes, making report to county board, 1 44
Jas. A. Keyes 12 certificates of convictions filed 3 00
$ 7 72

No. 26.

Burton L. Brown Report to County board $ 1 50
Burton L. Brown travel and filing certificates of convictions 84
$ 2 34

No. 27.

State of Wisconsin vs M. L. Ohmstead, burglary.

Fees of B. L. Brown, justice		$23 93
" " H. Parker,	witness	2 60
" " Abraham Nipple	"	2 36
" " Jacob Grimm	"	2 36
" " P. Wittingham	"	2 36
" " G. M. Johnson	"	3 16
" " H. Eimmerman	"	6 32
" " Bertha Zurfluh	"	2 20
" " J. T. Welch	"	1 08
" " Frank Zurfluh	"	2 20
" " I. Zimmerman Interpreter		1 08
		$ 49 65

No. 28.

State of Wisconsin vs John Brandel assault and battery.
Fees of B. L. Brown, justice $ 3 72
" " O. Hardis, witness 2 60
$ 6 32

No. 29.

State of Wisconsin vs John Warren, assault and battery.
Fees of B. L. Brown, justice $ 2 86
" " A. Schafhauser, witness 1 64
$ 4 50

No. 30.

State of Wisconsin vs Peter Shouse, drunkeness.
Fees of B. L. Brown, justice $ 2 75
" " J. D. Gibson, officer 1 64
" " John Garihee, witness 1 08
$ 5 47

No. 31.

State of Wisconsin vs Nick Tomsky, bastardy.
Fees of B. L. Brown, justice $ 33 14

No. 32.

State of Wisconsin vs John Warren, assault and battery.
Fees of B. L Brown, justice $ 2 75
" " A Schafhauser, witness 1 64
$ 4 39

No. 33.

State of Wisconsin vs Walter Kiselenski, abandonment.
Fees of Justice Brown, $ 2 70
" " A. Kiselenski, witness 1 80
$ 4 50

No. 34.

State of Wisconsin vs Fred Staley, adultery.
Fees of Justice Brown, $ 2 08

No. 35.

State of Wisconsin vs John Cochran, larceny.
Fees of Justice Brown $ 2 62

No. 36.

State of Wisconsin vs Albert Neuenfeldt, murder.
Fees of Justice Brown $ 3 50

No. 37.

State of Wisconsin vs Henry J. Stumpf, assault and battery.

Fees of B. L. Brown, justice		$ 5 42
" " I. Zimmerman,	juror	62
" " Chas. Lester	"	62
" " Mike Dolan	"	62
" " Ernst Young	"	62
" " August Bandelin	"	62
" " John Wheir	"	62
" " A. O. Stumpf,	witness	3 78
		$ 12 92

Continued Next Week

Wood County Real Estate Transfers.

Anton Gerspach and wife of Wood county to Merten Vanderhoof of the same place on June 7th, '07. Lot 3 blk. "B" of L. A. Lathrop's home addition to the city of Marshfield. Con. $1000.

Clinton Dunning and wife of Pittsville, Wis. to M. J. Miller of Alma Center on the 7th of June '07 SE¼ of SW¼ of Sec. 23 T 23 N of R 3E. Con. $1200.

Elizabeth C. Ames of Essex county, Mass., to Albert Wirkus of Wood county. Lot 1 blk. 41 Marshfield. Con. $250.

John Sikorski and wife of the city of Chicago, Cook county, Ill., to Martin Mach and wife of the same place. Part of SE¼ of Sec. 8 T 22 R 5E in Wood county. Con. $1100.

Clinton Dunning and wife of Pittsville to M. J. Miller of Alma Center on the 7th of June '07. Part of NE¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 27 T 23 N of R3E. Con. $1500.

Tom Knutson and wife of Wood county to Martin Roetble of the same place on the 3rd of June '07. Part of Sec. 26 T 25 N of R 3E. Con. One dollar etc.

Elmer D. McKercher of Wood county to Wesley Armstrong of the same place on the 13th of June. Part of N½ of NWF¼ Sec. 7 T 25 N of R2E. Con $1100.

Math Derrichs and wife of the town of Sigel to John Wheir of the city of Grand Rapids on the 7th of June '07. Part of NW corner of SW¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 36 T 23 N of R 5E. Con. $5000.

Ed Clack and wife of Pittsville, Wis., to Geo. A. Davey of Belvidere, Boone Co., Ill., on the 10th day of June '07. S½ of NW¼ of Sec. 3 T 22 R 3E 80 acres. Con. One dollar etc.

P. J. Lyons and wife of Wood county and T. F. Roessler and wife of Milwaukee county to Ole Boson and wife of Wood county. Part of NE¼ of Sec. 18 T 25 N of R 3E. Con. $125.

Market Report.

Victoria	$ 5 70
Patent Flour	4 20
Rye Flour	70
Rye	61
Oats	1 20
Middlings	1 37
Feed	1 35
Bran	1 20
Corn	1 23
Corn Meal	10 20
Butter	18
Eggs	8-10
Chickens	11-16
Turkeys	12
Lard	$5.50-5.75
Hogs live	7.00-7.50
Hogs dressed	5.00-5.50
Beef live	5.00-6.00
Beef dressed	14
Hams	
Hay, Timothy	$17.00-18.00
Potatoes	35

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Kidney Troubles May be Sapping Your Life Away. Grand Rapids People Have Learned This Fact.

When a healthy man or woman begins to run down without apparent cause, becomes weak, languid, depressed, suffers backache, headache, dizzy spells and urinary disorders, look to the kidneys for the cause of it all. Keep the kidneys well and they will keep you well. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys and keep them well. Mrs. Joseph Gower of 6 Park Ave., Janesville, Wis., says:

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For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's—and take no other.

FOR FORECLOSURE SALE

State of Wisconsin, Wood county, in Circuit court.

R. G. Chandos, Plaintiff, vs. Thomas F. Cummings, Mary A. Cummings, his wife, E. D. Main, James McLaughlin and McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered and entered in the above entitled action in the circuit court for said county on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1907, in favor of the above named plaintiff and against the above named defendants therein (more than one year having elapsed since such entry and no part of said judgment having been paid), I, J. T. Welch, sheriff of said Wood county, Wisconsin, will on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1907, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the front and north door of the court house in the city of Grand Rapids in said county and state, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the premises described in said judgment, to-wit:

The southwest quarter (SW¼) of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of section No. Fifteen (15) Township No. twenty one (21), north of range No. three (3), east except that part of Block twenty-three (23) of the town plat of Remington Wood county, Wisconsin, which lies with in said forty in Wood county, Wisconsin.

Dated June 18th, 1907

J. T. Welch,
Sheriff of Wood county, Wisconsin

First Pub. June 19
Last Pub. July 31

Wood County court In Probate.
State of Wisconsin } ss
County of Wood }

In the matter of the estate of Dominick Hilbert, deceased.

On this 11th day of June, A. D. 1907, upon reading and filing the petition of Anna Hilbert stating that Dominick Hilbert of the county of Wood died intestate, on or about the 4th day of June, 1907, and praying that Anna Hilbert be appointed administratrix of the estate of said deceased.

It is ordered that said application be heard before me, at the probate office in the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1907 at 10 o'clock, A. M.

And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the court,
W. J. Conway
County Judge

Goggins & Brazeau
Attorneys for Petitioner
First Pub. June 12
Last Pub. June 26

State of Wisconsin, Wood county, in county court.

In the matter of the estate of Martyn Rucinski, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Martyn Rucinski, late of the town of Seneca in said county of Wood, deceased, having been duly granted to Katarzyna Rucinski by this court,

It is ordered, that the time from the date hereof until and including the 10th day of December, A. D. 1907, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Martyn Rucinski, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Martyn Rucinski, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this court, at its court room in the court house, in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the third Tuesday of December, 1907, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the county of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1907.

By the court,
W. J. Conway
County Judge

First Pub. June 12
Last Pub. July 3

Wood County Court—In Probate.

In the matter of the Will of Albert Hamm, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of William Hamm, executor of the last will and testament of Albert Hamm, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered the said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing his account of his administration, and that the residue of the said estate be assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same.

It is ordered, that said application be heard before me, at my office in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 2d day of July, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.

And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, before the day fixed for said hearing.

Dated this 28th day of May 1907.

By the Court
W. J. Conway
County Judge

Wipperman & Hambrecht
Attorneys for Executor
First Pub. May 29
Last Pub. June 12

June is a great month for weddings. Speaking of weddings reminds one that there is such a thing as wedding presents. We feel that we are justified in making the statement that we have the best place in town at which to purchase wedding presents. A careful examination of our stock will convince you that we are right.

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J. J. JEFFREY,
Lawyer.
Loans and Collections, Commercial and Probate Law. Office over Gross & Lyons.

DR. D. A. TELFER,
Dentist.
Office over Wood County National Bank on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

DR. A. L. RIDGMAN.
Physician and Surgeon.
Telephone No. 92. Residence 'phone No. 23. Office over Church's Drug Store in West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

J. R. RAGAN,
Licensed Undertaker and Embalmer.
Successor to G. W. Baker. Store phone 313. Night Phone 69. East Grand Rapids, Wis.

GAYNOR & GARDNER,
Attorneys at Law.
Office over the Postoffice on the East Side. Will practice in all courts.

W. E. WHEELAN,
Attorney at Law
Office in the Daly Block on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis

W. J. CONWAY,
Attorney at Law.
Money loaned. Real estate bought and sold. Offices in Court House, East Side, and First National Bank Building, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

GOGGINS & BRAZEAU,
Attorneys at Law.
Office in the MacKinnon Block on the West side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

B. M. VAUGHAN,
Attorney at Law.
Money loaned. Real estate bought and sold Gardner Block, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis

D. D. CONWAY,
Attorney at Law.
Law, Loans and Collections. We have $20,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest. Office over First National Bank, East Side Grand Rapids, Wis.

F. G. GILKEY AGENCY,
Fire Insurance, Life and Accident.
Office in the Wood Block over post office.

D. W. HITCHCOCK,
Attorney at law.
MacKinnon Block, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

J. W. COCHRAN,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
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Licensed Undertakers and Embalmers

[illegible] Second Story, East Grand Rapids, Wis. Business phone 501 night calls 102

MILLER & JACOBSON,

Architects and Contractors

Office over Daly drug store, East Side. Careful attention given to all work in this line

DR. E. L. GRAVES,

Dentist

[illegible] Third Street, Cohen Bros. Block. 'Phone 58

DR. GEO. M. McINTYRE,

Osteopath

Suite 15, MacKinnon Block. Hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Evenings by appointment. Telephone 150

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Practice limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

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Physician and Surgeon.

Telephone No 97. Residence 'phone No 23 Office over Dutch & Ding Store in West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

J. R. RAGAN,

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GAYNOR & GARDNER,

Attorneys at Law.

Office over the Postoffice on the East Side. Will practice in all courts.

W. E. WHEELAN,

Attorney at Law

Office on 2d Floor Daly Block on the First Side Grand Rapids, Wis

W. J. CONWAY,

Attorney at Law.

Money loaned. Real estate bought and sold. Office in Court House, East Side, and First National Bank Building, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis

GOGGINS & BRAZEAU,

Attorneys at Law.

Office in the MacKinnon Block on the West side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

B. M. VAUGHAN,

Attorney at Law.

Money loaned. Real estate bought and sold. Faulmer Block, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis

D. D. CONWAY,

Attorney at Law.

Law, Loans and Collections. We have $20,000 which we will be loaned at a low rate of interest. Office over First National Bank, East Side Grand Rapids, Wis.

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Fire Insurance, Life and Accident.

Office in the Wood Block over post office.

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Attorney at law.

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Established 1873

Office in Wood County National Bank Building

If you want a Straight First Class Pure Food Whiskey call on

BRANSTEDT & FOLEY

AT THE STAR FOR

MONADNOCK RYE.

CITY MEAT MARKET!

Fresh, Salt and Smoked

MEATS.

All kinds of Fish, Poultry and Sausages. Cash paid for Hides and Pelts. Prompt delivery of orders, wholesale and retail.

N. REILAND,

TEL. 275. EAST SIDE.

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS

A BEAUTIFUL FACE

Send stamp for Particulars and Testimonials of the remedy that clears the Complexion, Removes Skin Imperfections, Makes New Blood and Improves the Health. If you take

BEAUTYSKIN

beneficial results are guaranteed or money refunded.

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO.,

Madison Place, Philadelphia, Pa.

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, June 19th, 1907.

VOL. XXXIV, NO. 8

WANT COLUMN.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be published in this column at the rate of 1 cent a word; no ad taken for less than 10 cents. If you want to buy, sell or trade anything, try the want column

MEN WANTED—By the Grand Rapids Pulp & Paper Co. at Biron. Call also use a number of boys

FOUND—A folding gate key. Owner may have same by calling at the Tribune office and paying for this notice.

FOR SALE—Wood sawing outfit, runs one winter, 4 horse power gasoline engine. Good working order. Inquire of Peter Gordon. 2t

FOR SALE—Some cranberry marsh at very low price. It is 8 acres cropped and planted with native and fancy vines. Good water supply and drainage. Description NE ¼ and S½ NW ¼ Sec. 4, Town 21, R 4 East, Wood County. For further information inquire at this office

TO RENT—Two 8 r houses, one on East and one on West Side. Taylor & Scott

FOR TRADE—A good farm of 160 acres under cultivation, build ings and stock, 6½ miles from Grand Rapids for property in city of Grand Rapids. Will accept residence valued at $2000 as part trade. Title of my farm is 80 per acre and is well worth $85. Address G. T. care Tribune office

FOR SALE—80 120 160 and larger acre farms with stock and all implements. Fred Brown & Co., Office Marenisco Bldg., Nekoosa, Wisconsin. 4mo

OFFICE ROOMS TO RENT—Inquire Dr. Chas Pomainville.

WANTED—A girl at the Commercial Hotel.

MEN WANTED.

—Men Wanted by the Port Ewards Fibre Co., to work in the pulp and paper mill and yards at Port Edwards, Wis. Good boarding at 3.50 per week at Port Edwards or Grand Rapids. Train service between Grand Rapids and Port Edwards at 5c fare

Rural Carriers Increased.

The pay of rural carriers has been increased from $720 to $900 per year, the increase to go into effect on the first of July. The rural carriers have probably done more work for the money than any other class of government employes, and are certainly entitled to the raise.



THERE are plenty of young men's clothes sold that look good at the start, but the appearance doesn't always last. The inside of a garment is something like the works of a watch: you can't tell from the looks of the case how long it will run or what kind of time it will keep. So if you get genuine young men's clothes you've got to get them from an authority on this kind. That means buying of us.

Specimen Values in Fashionable New Suits.

Brown silk striped worsted suits, new shape, with dip, handsome..... $25

Gray Diagonal, Gray Club Check and Gray striped Worsted suits..... $20

Silk Mixed Worsted, Silk Mixed Cheviot, Silk Mixed Scotch suits..... $15

Striped Mixed Color and Fancy Plaid Suits newest fashionable ideas..... $15

Self Striped Plaids, Blue, Gray and Black Worsted suits..... $15

Pure Indigo Dye Blue Serge Heavy Weight suits..... $15

Australian Worsted Thibet Suits, authentic fashionable models..... $15

Sampson & Halvorsen

The Home of Sincerity Clothes.

CONNECTIONS MADE

Wood County Telephone Company now Connected with the Wisconsin Company.

On Monday connections were made between the Wood County Telephone company and the Wisconsin telephone company, and since that time it has been possible for our people to talk with almost any city in the state or out of it right in their homes.

When it was first proposed to make connections with the Wisconsin Telephone company there was considerable opposition to the scheme, and some of our citizens were of the opinion that the local company was going to lose its independence if any connections were made with the trust. As the demand became stronger and stronger for the service, however, those in charge of the matter came to the conclusion that it would be the best way out of the difficulty, so it was decided that the connection be made.

There are a large number of people in the city who desire long distance connections, and some of them desire it very much. Those most in need of it are the factories and similar places that do a considerable amount of long distance talking, and who are located a long way from the down town offices. In some instances it required a walk of a mile to reach the telephone, which was anything but pleasant to a man whose time is occupied much of the time.

Another matter that the local company has been wrestling with for some time past is that of changing over the exchange at this point to central energy. This change has been decided upon and a new switchboard has been ordered, which it is expected will be here and ready for installation in the near future, and inside of a few days from its arrival the change will be made to central energy.

The new plan will do away with the ringing for central, as all that will be necessary will be to take down the receiver and central will answer and ask for the number that is wanted and the connection will be made at once. The new system is much more rapid than the one we are now working under, and wherever it has been tried it gives excellent satisfaction. It is expected that the change will be made without any interruption of the service.

Band Concert.

The following is the program for the band concert which will be given on the west side on Thursday evening:

March—Satsuma....C. D Williamson
Serenade—Summer Night..O. Sutton
Waltz—Janice Meredith...L. Gosten
Cornet Solo—The Holy City.....
.....Adams
G. D. Fritzsinger
Two Thomas Cats.....L. C. Smith
Back Among the Clover and the Bees
.....M. Colter
Selection from Martha.....Tobani
March—Wedding Feast.....Taylor

Orson and William Cochran left on Tuesday for Janesville to attend the alumni meeting of the school for blind.

Hurt in a Runaway.

Mrs. Wm. Nash was quite painfully injured on Friday afternoon by being thrown from a buggy on the bridge, while the horse was running away.

Mrs. Nash, in company with Mrs. VerBunker, of Port Edwards, was out riding that afternoon and they stopped at Landry's harness shop to have some work done on the bridle. When the bridle was taken off the horse, a rope was put about its neck and Mrs. VerBunker was about to tie it to the hitching post in front of the harness shop, when it broke away and started across the bridge.

Mrs. Nash was sitting in the rig and was holding Mrs. VerBunker's baby when the horse started to run, and she held onto the little one until she was thrown from the rig near the center of the bridge and the baby was not hurt in the least

The running horse collided with a rig belonging to Dr. V. P. Nortou and demolished the buggy, threw Mrs. Nash out and was later stopped. Mrs. Nash was rendered assistance at once and it was thought at first that she was seriously injured, as she fainted from her injuries, and was unconscious when picked up, but a careful examination failed to locate any broken bones, and she has since been rapidly recovering, and will soon be as well as ever. Taken altogether it was a most lucky escape for all that were mixed up in the matter.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

The Methodist parsonage is receiving a new coat of paint.

Mrs. E. A. Stoddard visited her husband at Merrill Sunday.

J. T. Gormley of Portland, Oregon, was the guest of Earle Pease over Sunday.

Miss Ida Fisher was called to her home near Marshfield on Tuesday by the death of her father.

Mrs. Dave Lutz Jr. and father left on Saturday for a few weeks visit with relatives at West Superior.

A. L. Cross visited relatives at Nekoosa during the past week, going down on Friday and returning Tuesday.

Rev. Baum left this morning for Fond du Lac where he will attend the meeting of the Lutheran Senate of Wisconsin.

Miss Luella Jackson returned to her home in this city on Monday, after completing a successful course at the Milwaukee Normal.

Mrs. John Schwenk, who has been visiting relatives in the east for the past three months, returned to this city this morning.

Mesdames E. J. Whitney, D. J. Arpin and Wm. Scott left on Tuesday for a short visit with relatives and friends at Chicago.

Mrs. E. W. Ellis returned on Monday from Merrill, where she had been visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Stange.

Rev. Manck left on Tuesday for Milwaukee to attend the convention of the Lutheran Minister's Senate. He expects to be gone about a week.

Miss Mattie Bronson arrived home Saturday from Auburndale, where she has been teaching during the past ten months, to spend her vacation in this city.

Mrs. Louisa Johlon and son Malcom of LaCrosse arrived in the city on Tuesday to spend a couple of weeks at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Henry McCann.

Misses Mabel Quarle, Elsie Baruch and Cassie Canning went down to Nekoosa Friday to attend a young people's dance given at that place Friday evening.

Messrs. James Hamilton, Charles Briere, John Hildner and Misses Anna Reeves and Bernice Johnson were in Marshfield Friday evening to attend the Junior Prom.

Mr. Schueler and John Planko of this city and Herman Hoisor of Seneca left this morning for Milwaukee to attend the convention of the Lutheran Senate of Wisconsin.

Manager Crawford of the Stevens Point exchange has been in the city several days past assisting in making the connection between the local company and the Wisconsin Telephone Co.

John Hamm, one of the substantial farmers of the town of Rudolph, was a pleasant caller at this office yesterday. Mr. Hamm says the hay crop will be rather light out his way this year.

Anton L. Pelckard, a seventeen year old lad of Stevens Point lost his life on Saturday in the Wisconsin river by the capsizing of a skiff, while out fishing with a companion.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Thompson left on Tuesday for Milwaukee and Chicago on a pleasure trip. Mrs. Thompson will join a party of friends at Chicago and visit the Jamestown exposition before her return.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Fraser of Chicago arrived here the past week and have taken charge of the culinary department of the Hotel Dixon. Both are experts in their line, Mrs. Fraser taking charge of the pastry department.

—Most of the streets are completed and are in fine condition in the new Outlook addition on Grand Avenue, West side. Get in on the ground floor, make an early selection of the choice lots at $60.00 to $80.00. Let us show you the lots. Geo. N. and Guy R. Wood. tf.

This office is informed that negotiations are in progress, which if carried out will see the old Central House on the east side reopened. It is understood that if the deal goes thru the place will be entirely remodeled, making it a first class hotel to be run on the European plan.

WE WILL CELEBRATE.

Money has been Subscribed and Program Prepared for the Grand Event.

The firemen report that they have been getting along in fine shape in the matter of getting money for the celebration on the Fourth, and with what will be subscribed hereafter there will be plenty of the necessary funds to give the people a day of unceasing pleasure.

There will be two ball games during the day, one in the forenoon and one in the afternoon, the opposing teams being Grand Rapids and Merrill, and there will also be minor events during the day to take up the time and amuse those who do not care for baseball. The following committees have charge of the different matters pertaining to the day:

Arrangements—J. Lutz, R. L. Nash, C. A. Dixon.

Finance—A N. Palmer, G Schuman and R. L. Nash.

Fire Works—S. Rowson, Bert Nason, Ed Phillco, Otto Bein and Wm. Batchell.

Dance—R. L Nash, Clark Lyon, Matt Carey, Wm. Pribbanow, Frank Wagner, Herman Abel and B Metzger.

Races—G. Schuman, O. Stratton, O. Gibson, Walter Dixon, Geo. Krieger. Entries for the races should be left with Charles Dixon.

The following program has been prepared for the occasion:

Forty-five guns at sunrise.

8:30 to 9:30—Band Concert, East Side.

9 to 10:30—Farmers' Tug of war, East Side market square. Catching greased pig on Second St.

10:30 to 11:30—Band concert, West Side. During band concert sack and wheelbarrow and other races on Grand Avenue.

11 a. m.—Fire run, West Side.

1:30 to 2:00—Concert on West Side.

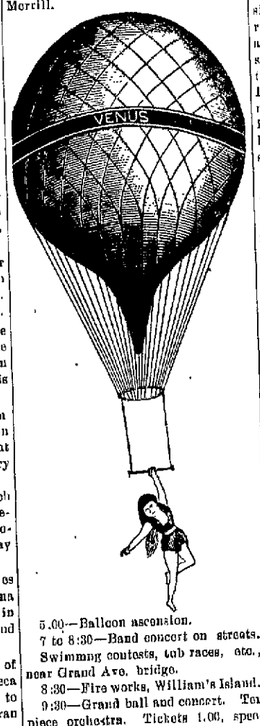
2 p. m.—Bicyle race starting from Dixon House to St. Paul depot back across bridge, down First Street to Library back on Second Street across bridge to Dixon House.

2:15—Band parade to East Side

2:30—Fire run, East Side.

3:00—Band parade to ball ground.

3:15—Ball game Grand Rapids vs. Merrill.



5.00—Balloon ascension.

7 to 8:30—Band concert on streets. Swimming contests, tub races, etc., near Grand Ave. bridge.

8:30—Fire works, William's Island.

9:30—Grand ball and concert. Ten piece orchestra. Tickets 1.00, spectators 25c.

Lovers of the National Game of "base ball" may witness a game at ball park from 10 to 12 between Grand Rapids and Merrill. Don't fail to see the final game commencing at 3:15 Grand Rapids vs Merrill. Admission 25cts. Ladies free. Seats, 10 cts.

Will Have a Vaudeville.

Grand Rapids is indeed becoming a sure-enough metropolis. Not satisfied with an electric theater, the like of which cannot be found this side of Kalamazoo, we are now going to have a vaudeville. Now a town may have all kinds of theaters, but there is only one kind, the vaudeville, that can be taken as a true criterion of the progressiveness of a burg.

The new vaudeville will be in the upper story of the Silber building, over Levin's store. A stairway, large and capacious, is being constructed on the outside, and it is stated that the hall in the upper story will be converted into a theater, and here there will be displayed all the alluring features of the up-to-date vaudeville. They expect to be in operation in the near future.

Death of D. J. Cole.

D. J. Cole of Rhinelander died on Friday at his home in that city, after an illness of some time from bright's disease. Deceased was formerly a resident of Grand Rapids and is known by all of our older residents being a member of the firm of Spafford Cole & Co. He is survived by a wife and one daughter, who have the sympathy of their many friends in Grand Rapids.

The funeral was held at Rhinelander on Monday.

The New School.

The school board at its meeting on Monday evening opened the bids for the construction of the new manual training and domestic science school. There were several bids in for the general construction work, the amounts ranging from $30,000 to $36,000. None of these were accepted, but the building committee recommended that the matter be taken up with the George Smith Construction Co of Kaukauna, whose bid was considered to be one of the most favorable

The plans of the new building, which were prepared by Chandler & Park, show the exterior to be almost a duplicate of the Lincoln school, at the smaller in size. The building will be located 60 feet south of the Lincoln building and will be connected with the latter by an elevated passage way. This passage way will be heated, so that during the cold weather scholars may go from one building to the other without any inconvenience whatever. The name of the new school will be "Witter School."

When finished and equipped, the school will be second to none in the state, and the school board expect to have something that the people can point to with pride.

The committee also opened the bids on Tuesday for the heating and plumbing, but they were all on the vacuum system and were all rejected.

Death of E J. Fuller.

E J. Fuller, one of the pioneer residents of the town of Rudolph, died on Monday morning from the effects of a kick which he received the day before.

Mr Fuller was seventy-six years of age and had been a resident of Rudolph for many years and was well known to most of the residents of this city. He leaves a wife and several grown up children, among the latter being Mrs. George Moulton of this city.

The funeral will be held tomorrow morning from the home, services by Rev. Fred Staff, and the remains will be brought to this city and interred in Forest Hill cemetery.

Hurt His Shoulder.

Fred Roenius is suffering from a badly injured shoulder, which caused him to spend ten days in the hospital at Windsor, Canada. Fred was assisting in getting a wagon out of a rut, and the vehicle had been moved a short distance, when the horses suddenly backed, allowing the wagon to settle back with such violence that Fred's arm was wrenched in a violent manner, tearing the ligaments loose in his shoulder. It is probable that he will be unable to use the arm for some time.

Some Summer Weather.

This section of the country enjoyed its first touch of summer weather on Sunday and Monday, when the mercury soared up to the nineties and stayed there for about two days while the citizens sweltered and at the same time tried to look happy, because everybody knew that we needed the hot weather, and if we did not have it that there would be very little doing on the farms in this vicinity. A light shower visited this section on Monday evening which was most welcome, as it cooled the atmosphere somewhat and helped vegetation.

Moving the Barn

The city barn is being removed from the park on the east side and will be placed on the market square for the present, or until a fire engine house is constructed that will take the place of it. This will give the park commissioners a chance to get this little park on the east side in some kind of shape.

The Trouble Has Been Discovered.

At last the cause of the deficit in the postal system has been discovered. It is all brought about because the postal clerks have been using too much jute twine in tying up the packages of letters. We do not know who made the discovery, but suppose it was Postmaster General-von Meyer, who has issued an order to the effect that clerks shall use "twine only sufficient for security, and its removal at points of destination should be made in such a manner as to render possible its further use." Who would have suspected that the shortage of several million dollars per annum could be attributed to such a small cause as using too much string in tying up the letters. The postmaster general in his search for the shortage seems to have entirely overlooked the printing of envelopes below cost and the shipment to their destination by mail, deadhead. He also probably never heard of the thousands of tons of mail matter that are sent out deadhead by congressmen and senators, all of which has to be transported at an enormous rate. But then he may hear of it some day, or if he don't, one of his successors in office may when of course the evil will be remedied at once.

Miss Ruby Natwick, who has been studying music in Baltimore for sometime past, returned to her home in this city this morning. Miss Natwick has spent the past few weeks visiting with relatives at different points in the east.

Miss Bell Quinn, who is attending Milwaukee Normal, arrived in the city this morning to spend the summer with her mother, Mrs. Nellie Quinn.

At a depth of sixty-six feet the water of the Dead sea is twice as salt as it is on the surface and at 1,000 feet three times as salt.

EIGHTEENGRADUATE

Commencement of the Wood County Teachers' Training School in Progress.

The commencement exercises at the Wood County training school are now on, the class day exercises occurring this afternoon at the Biron building. Following is the program for class day

Music.....Training School
Presidents Address.....Sadie Rector
Class History.....Anna Wegenson
Class Prophecy.....Emma Halverson
Lilly M. Johnson
Music "Hither, Fairies, Trip".....Girls Chorus
Essay Children's Literature.....
.....Dora G. Johnson
Talk—Use of the Library in w.....
District School...Mildred Wingate
Music Piano Solo...Anna F. White
Presentation of Memorial.....
.....Mary A. Kaye
Acceptance of Memorial.....
.....Iva Humphrey '08
Music—Group of Children's.....
Songs.....Girls' Chorus
Class Mementoes.....
.....Charlotte V Pullen
Class Will.....Pearl Barton
Music—Class Song.....Class of '07
Laying of Corner Stone of New Training School Building

The following is the commencement program which will occur at the Lincoln building on Thursday evening:

Invocation.....Rev O. A Mallicho
Vocal Solo.....Miss Ruby Natwick
Essay Production of New Plants.....
.....Sadie F. Rector
Essay Forestry Question in.....
Wisconsin.....Marie B. Evenson
Violin Solo "Elegin Appassionata" (Kettenans)...Miss Edna Kellogg
Address—"The Real Boy".....
Pres. R. C. Hughes, Ripon College
Vocal Solo.....Miss Ruby Natwick
Presentation of Diplomas.....
.....Supt Robert Morris

Following are the names of the graduates:

A Pearl Barton, Nora A. Buswald, Georgia A. Conklin, Marie B. Evenson, Amanda Franz, Emma Halverson, Dora G. Johnson, Dora Johnson, Lilly M. Johnson, Mary A. Kaye, Adeline E. Koch, Mary R. LaVigne, Alice L. Merrick, Charlotte V. Pullen, Sadie F. Rector, Annie F. White, Mildred Wingate, Anna Wegenson.

Was a Tame One.

The game between Iola and Grand Rapids on Sunday afternoon was rather a tame affair. The Iola team seemed to go into the game with the idea that they were outclassed and were sure to be beaten, and the whole game was played along that line. The weather was hot and the boys played as if they felt it and had barely enough energy to finish the game. Brennan pitched for the Tigers and threw a pretty good game. The score was six to two in favor of the Tigers.

Won from Rudolph

An aggregation known as the "Factory Boys" went to Rudolph on Sunday and played the team up there and the score was 21 to 6 in favor of the Factory Boys. Roberts and Wilson as the battery for the home boys and Ombolt and Marceau for the Rudolph team.

The Wausau Box & Lumber Co's. mill and three warehouses were destroyed by fire on Monday afternoon. The plant was valued at $65,000, partly insured.

A GOOD GAME.

Grand Rapids and Wausau Play Nine Innings with a Total of One Score.

One of the best games of ball that has been seen on the home grounds this year occurred on Tuesday when the Wausau league team played with the Tigers of this city. The score at the end of the ninth inning stood one to nothing in favor of the Wausau boys, but it had been such a good game from start to finish that everybody was more than pleased with the exhibition that was put up.

Our boys made a very few errors in the outfield, and it was on account of this that the one run was made by Wausau in the second inning, as the rest of the team were right in the game all of the time.

McConnell pitched a good game for the Tigers, very few hits being secured off of him by the visitors. Both catchers were in first class trim and never allowed a ball to pass them or a man to steal second. The work along this line was something out of the ordinary, as whenever a man started for second he was sure to be caught. Taken altogether, it was a most entertaining game, and was enjoyed by all of the spectators.

Grand Rapids Athletics Beaten at Nekoosa.

It took Nekoosa 13 innings Sunday to take the Athletics into camp. It was a fast and pretty contest, many sensational plays being made. The feature of the game was a fast double play made by our boys in the 12th inning, Nekoosa having three men on bases, and only one man out.

The Athletics started in from the first to win the game, bringing in two scores. Nekoosa tied the score in the 8th, and in the 9th brought in 3 more. Our boys tied the score in the 8th inning. No more scoring was done until the 12th, each side getting one score. Then came the unlucky 13th, Nekoosa bringing in the winning run. Nekoosa had the best lineup they have had this year. Below are the scores by innings.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	R	H	E
Nekoosa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	6	1
Athletics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	2

Battery. Nekoosa—Browns, Pelot O'Brien Athletics Fahrner, Knelsler, Odegard.

The Athletics will play the Merrimac city team here next Sunday, June 23rd.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

H. Kratzfeldt of the town of Rome to Olivia J. Hall of the town of Grand Rapids

Frank A. Drown of Chicago to Emelie Mamske of Nekoosa.

Clarence B. Edwards to Carola Rebekah Forest, both of Marshfield.

Jan P. Pults to Anna Donhard, both of Marshfield.

Albert Gross to Emma Buss, both of this city.

William Withers of the town of Grant to Olivia L. York of this city.

Eugene Crotteau to Dora Akey, both of Biron.

Remains Brought Here.

The remains of Peter Zabawa were brought to this city from Babcock on Monday. Mr. Zabawa has been interred at Babcock about three years ago, and the remains were taken up by Undertaker Ragan and brought to this city.

A son to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Jacobson last week.

Johnson & Hill Co.

GRAND RAPIDS, : : : : WISCONSIN

Are You Prepared?

Hot weather days are here at last, the unusual activity in our summer wear section testify to the fact abundantly. The large stocks we are showing in light weight suits, wash dresses, costumes, skirts, etc., are keeping this section well filled with eager and appreciative buyers. We have diminished the stock considerably the past week, but we are still able to show you a splendid assortment at a very moderate price.

Join the busy shoppers in this popular store this week and secure some of the many desirable things shown.





Summer Shirt Waists

She who wears a becoming shirt waist has the consolation of knowing that she outshines many gowned in richer fabrics and spends little in attaining that end.

We are showing shirt waists in lawn, lingene, batiste, etc., long or short sleeves, plain and lace trimmed, as pretty as anyone could desire.

Just drop in and prove it to your own satisfaction.

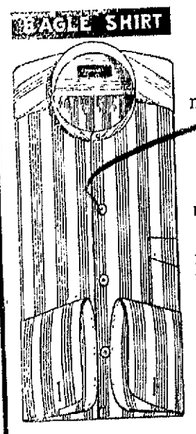
In every department, with every purchase we give you "Profit Sharing Bonds." These bonds will net you as much interest as bank deposits. During the year the saving on these bonds alone will mean "DOLLARS" to you. We believe in reciprocity, don't you?

Kruger & Warner Co's. Primer.

LESSON NO. TWO.

---THE SHIRT---

EAGLE SHIRT



Here is a shirt.

Is it a good shirt?

Nay, it is a very weak specimen of a shirt.

Why is it so weak a specimen

Because it does not fit the neck

Has the man got it in the neck?

Yes; the man got it in the neck very hard when he bought the poor specimen of a shirt.

What can the poor man do to relieve himself of the bad shirt?

The best thing he can do is to buy the good shirts that bear the "Kruger & Warner" label.

White and Fancy
Plain and Pleated

50 cts. to $2.00

Kruger & Warner,

On the Corner,

3rd door from Post Office.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MURDERERS' SCHEME NOW IS INSANITY

The Practice Might Almost Be Classed as a Fine Art--How It Has Been Successfully Done, with Legal Assistance, in Some Celebrated New York Cases.

New York — "It's a shame! Here I was ready to go to trial with my murder case this morning and that fool of a client of mine had to go to work and get a shave and a haircut Now I can't have him tried for two months He's got to wait now until the vacation season is over I'll make sure that he does not shave any more while I have anything to do with his defense"

I was coming out of the criminal courts building when I ran into a lawyer, an old acquaintance—he is one of the best known criminal lawyers in this country—who appeared to me as though he was about mad enough to jump out of his skin, writes Gus Roeder in the New York World

"What's the matter this morning?" I inquired

"Nothing the matter," he replied, "only here I was ready for the trial of that man I was assigned to look after on the charge of homicide and that fool has spoiled my defense"

The lawyer explained. The case was one of cold-blooded murder. It was a homicide committed while in the act of committing a burglary. The defendant was an old timer The district attorney was looking for a conviction of murder in the first degree, the punishment of which is death in the electric chair. The lawyer who had been assigned to defend the man surely was "up against it"

"My man was insane at the time of the shooting," said the attorney. The district attorney laughed when he heard about the kind of defense that was to be offered.

Two months later the prisoner was brought to court again. What a change! I was unable to identify the man His hair was long and looked as though a comb had never passed through it. There was a two months' growth of reddish beard on his face. His eyes were stary. Altogether the defendant appeared more like a monster than a human being.

The Ruse That Worked.

"No use trying him; he's not right in his upper story," said the lawyer to the assistant district attorney in charge The prosecutor seemed to have his doubts. In order to go to trial in the case it was necessary to get a jury, and then there was some doubt as to whether, after all, a conviction of murder in the first degree could be secured.

"Will you take a plea of guilty of murder in the second degree?" asked the lawyer.

The prosecutor consulted the judge on the bench He said he was willing The prisoner was arraigned once more.

"Defendant at the bar," called out Clerk Penney, "you say you change your plea of not guilty of murder in the first degree, heretofore interposed in your case, and now plead guilty to murder in the second degree Is that your plea?"

"It is," came the response from the prisoner at the bar.

Two months before that—right after the shave and hair cut—no such plea would have been accepted Death in the electric chair was then the only solution of the case. But two months under the guidance of the experienced attorney-at-law had made an absolutely positive change for the better. The miserable life of the prisoner was saved by a method that is only too often applied in cases which are considered desirable The defendant, instead of being put to death, is now serving a life sentence in Sing Sing There are others of his kind there Nobody knows that better than does the shrewd Connaughton, the principal keeper of the prison, or, as he is often called, the "P. K."

It is not always that the murderer succeeds in carrying his shamming game to a successful termination. I recall well the case of Policeman William H. Ennis. His is considered the most remarkable of all the shamming cases that ever came under the observation of the officials in Sing Sing.

Ennis was a Brooklyn policeman He was a married man, and as far as his police record went a good policeman. But he would get drunk, and when he was in his cups there was no telling what he would not do.

The bluecoat and his wife did not get along well. Some said it was a case of "too much mother-in-law. Whether that be true or not, Ennis shot and killed his wife, and then shot his mother-in-law, who recovered. When arrested Ennis shammed suicidal mania. He was put on trial, nevertheless. His defense was insanity. He was convicted. Throughout the entire trial the fellow sat beside his counsel as though in a trance. His lawyer pleaded and pleaded with great earnestness. Alienists swore the policeman was surely mad. His friends also testified that in their opinion he was of unsound mind. Ennis never said a word There were many in that crowded courtroom who, after looking at the man, insisted that he was surely a fit subject for an insane asylum. They called him the "crazy cop"

But the district attorney won his point. The jury found the policeman guilty of murder in the first degree.

There was nothing else for the judge to do than to sentence the man to be electrocuted at Sing Sing Ennis heard the sentence and acted as though he did not know what was happening. They took him to Sing Sing He was weak and broken in health. He was placed in one of the steel cages in the death house and there the man sat, in almost utter silence, for nearly two years, while his case was being passed upon by the highest court in the state.

During all these days and months while Ennis was confined in the death house he never spoke to one of the other condemned men. Although they tried their best to entertain the convicted policeman he never spoke to them When the warden and the keepers attempted to draw him into a conversation Ennis would mumble something that they could not understand. He would sit all day and long into the night, always in a crouching position When once a week they would open his cell door and tell him to step outside that he might be bathed and shaved, he would hobble about as if he was a wild beast But never a word did he utter At first he refused to taste food. After a while he ate, but sparingly only He wasted away terribly.

The Chloroform Test.

Dr Irvine, the expert physician of the prison, was among the few who seemed to be in doubt as to whether Ennis' mind was really affected or not. His case was widely discussed among experts, but here was a kind of insanity that was up to that time practically unknown

One day there came word from Albany that the court of appeals had confirmed the sentence and conviction of the lower court, and that the death sentence must be carried out according to law. Warden Johnson was puzzled.

Warden Johnson, who is a very conscientious man, reported to the governor and the latter, in order that no injustice should be done and an insane man made to suffer the death penalty, appointed a commission composed of leading experts in insanity, and they went to Sing Sing and looked at Ennis. They questioned the warden and the keepers and from them learned the story I have narrated here

"If we can only get his mind off the subject," said the doctors "If he is shamming we can find it out only by getting his mind off the subject"

They carried Ennis out of the death house and up to the operating room in the hospital inside of the prison walls. There they placed him on an operating table and the chloroform was administered They gave him a small dose only, just enough to make him unconscious for a short while. As the chloroform was beginning to wear off Dr. Irvine suddenly pushed the man off the operating table so that he struck the floor with a thud. This awakened the "crazy cop" in a jiffy.

"Get up and hurry over to that door!" commanded Mr. Connaughton, who was present during the experiment.

Ennis walked to the door, just as you or I would, in a natural way. He had forgotten all about the bobbling and the crouching—and that was his undoing.

"Oh, you fakir!" yelled the experts and Connaughton. "You fakir! We found you out!"

The moment Ennis realized that he had been caught "with the goods on," as "Big Bill" Devery would have said had he been on hand, he turned as white as a sheet. Nobody realized better than he did that his end was at hand.

"Gentlemen," he stammered, "yes, you have found me out. But you would not have done so had you not put me under chloroform. Now I'm glad it's over and I am ready to take my medicine. You cannot imagine what I have suffered during all these long months while I was trying to 'beat' the chair. Now I am glad the end is at hand."

I well remember the case of Martin Thorn, the barber, who, together with Augusta Nack, a midwife, killed William Guldensuppe, a rubber in a Turkish bath. William F. Howe, the veteran criminal lawyer, was his senior counsel. Joseph Moss, now a magistrate, and at that time also connected with the firm of Howe & Hummel, was also of counsel. I sat next to Thorn during his trial, which took place in Long Island City, and later on I saw him electrocuted in Sing Sing.

There was nobody at that time who understood more about putting up the right kind of defense than did the veteran Howe. I remember going to him just as the trial was about to start and asking him what kind of a defense Thorn would put up.

"Ah, my boy," said Mr. Howe to me, "I don't know myself. That is, it all depends upon circumstances. In the first place we" (he always spoke of his client as we) "did not commit the crime. Therefore, you see—and quite readily too—that we are innocent of this most awful charge that a grand jury, guided by a misinformed district attorney, has declared against us."

A short time after the commencement of the trial Mrs. Nack announced that she would turn state's evidence. She confessed all and swore that Thorn had committed the murder.

I was assigned that night to notify Mr. Howe of what had occurred I found him in an up-town hotel. He had retired when the bellboy took up my card I was asked to "Come right in, my boy"

I told him that the woman in the case had confessed that Thorn had killed Guldensuppe and that she had helped the man to dispose of the body of the victim.

"What are you going to do now about the defense?" I inquired.

"I have it! I have it!" all at once shouted Mr. Howe, looking as happy as a schoolboy with a new toy. "What do you think of it?"

"The only thing left you is insanity," I suggested.

"And that is where you are wrong," replied Mr. Howe. "I told you I had it Here is our new defense I knew it all the while. Now, please, don't think that I just manufactured it. Why, of course, we knew all the time that this was the body of Guldensuppe, although the head was missing. We know, too, who killed the man. We did not. She did. Yes, she did. All we had to do with the case was to help her, out of pure gallantry, to dispose of the body. That is no crime. She did the killing, nothing else That is our defense!"

Thorn went on the witness stand and told the story just as Mr. Howe had outlined it to me. But the jury did not believe him, and convicted the barber of murder in the first degree.

The Reason.

F. A. Busse, Chicago's new mayor, had been complimented by a reporter on the direct, terse quality of a statement he had given out.

"I am a believer in brevity," said Mr. Busse, smiling. "The fewer words you say a thing in, the stronger and more striking is that thing's effect.

"Once I knew a man who hated the Swiss.

"'Why, Jake,' I said to him one day, 'you astound me. You hate the Swiss, yet here you are married to a Swiss wife.'

"'Yes, said Jake; 'that's the reason.'"





BRIDE COSTS TWO OXEN.

Zulu Warriors Have as Many as They Can Buy, Up to Six.

Every grown-up native of Zululand who has the 12 oxen necessary to buy them, has six wives.

Zululand occupies an area about the size of California and sustains about 150,000 population. When the women are about 12 years of age they are purchased as wives at two oxen apiece.

There is no ceremony and no minister; the man who is charmed by the beauty of the maiden pays the price and gets the wife. Of course, not every man has more than one wife; only the more prosperous men and the chiefs are able to maintain six

In that country there are no laws and no judges. Primitive methods and customs prevail, and the highest authority is the local chief.

The people live near to nature. The dress of the men is confined to a girdle about the waist, and that of the women is not noticeable. Physically they are fine specimens of manhood and womanhood, having much the same characteristics as the native Hawaiians.

They worship the sun and snakes, and it is a peculiar fact that the snakes seem to reciprocate this kindly feeling on the part of the black people, for they have never been known to bite them. When I killed a boa constrictor once it cost me several bags of tobacco to square myself with a local chief.

Whenever a native kills a lion or a leopard he has to cut off the head and tail and present them to the chief of the tribe. This enables every tribal potentate to have several lion heads as head-dresses.

The food is mostly confined to game and maize. Funerals are long-drawn-out journeys, numerously accompanied, over the land to a far-away place.

I once met one in the moonlight. The train of mourners were singing in deep musical tones and the body was being borne in a blanket between two sticks.

The Zulus like to kill white men by way of revenge for the way they were treated when they first met the English. I did not have very much trouble because they threw bottles in the air and found I usually hit them and because I wore a bracelet given me by a local chief.

But I once saved the life of a young Englishman whom I found defending himself against nine Zulus armed with assagais. Rushing in on my horse I felled the chief, though not before gaining a scar in the forehead which I carry to this day, and helped to kill or drive off the others.—Washington Post.

Some Animals Really Weep.

Animals are said to weep from various causes. Grief at the loss of young ones and mates makes the dog, horse, elephant, rat, bear, deer, monkey, donkey, mule, cattle, camel and giraffe shed tears.

Sobbing has been proved in the parrot, though this may be mimicry. The stag at bay, and the caged rat have been seen to weep, while monkeys have wept when pitied or from terror.

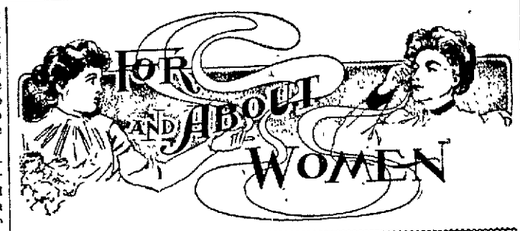
The elephant has wept at the loss of its liberty, and in some cases also from vexation The dread of punishment has caused captive chimpanzees and other apes to weep.

Joy, pain, fatigue, thirst, ill usage, sympathy, old age, approaching death and pettishness have all drawn tears from animals or at least driven them to a tearful state.—Little Folks.

Sex of the National Bird.

It has been declared by a lecturer to the Mothers' club of New York city that the official eagle of this country, as shown in authorized designs, is female. The proof offered is the white tufts of feather on head and breast. The female is larger and stronger than the male. Most persons imagine the metaphorical bird as a male.

Ornithologists say that the conventional design does not indicate the sex. But the law is plain. In the description of the seal accepted by the continental congress, June 20, 1782, the masculine pronoun "his" is used three times with reference to the bird. —Youth's Companion.



DESIGN FOR COLLAR

OR IT IS EQUALLY AS SUITABLE FOR TIE ENDS.

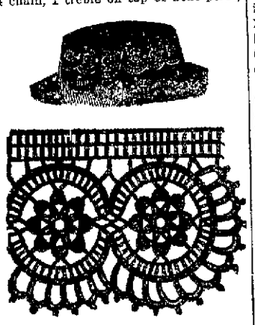
Something New in Lace Work That Is Not Hard to Work—Directions for Making It.

Work 8 chain and join round, a double crochet into the ring just made, *, 5 chain, 2 more double crochets into the the same ring, repeat from * until there are 8 loops.

2nd Round: 3 chain from loop to loop all round.

3rd Round. Under the nearest loop work 1 double crochet, 1 half treble, 1 treble, 1 double treble, 1 treble, 1 half treble, 1 double crochet; repeat this group of stitches under each of the other loops This completes one center or stamen Work as many of these centers as will be required for the work in hand.

1st Long Row: Work a treble on the top of one of the points of a star, 4 chain, 1 treble on top of next point,



This design, although specially arranged for a collar, is equally suitable for tie-ends, or as a trimming.

4 chain, 1 treble on next, 4 chain, another treble on same stitch as last, 4 chain, 1 treble on next point, 4 chain, 1 treble on the next (or 5th) point, 5 chain, 1 treble on point of another star, work half round this star like the first, continue in this manner until all the stars are joined, work all round the last one; on reaching the 5 chain make 2 chain, and catch to the middle stitch of the 5, 2 more chain and work round the second half of the other stars in the same manner.

2nd Long Row: A treble in every stitch with 1 chain between each as far as the last treble before the join, a treble on the first treble of the next star, and continue, working all round the end and along the other side of the stars.

3rd Long Row: Commence from where the loops of the edging will be joined to the heading (see illustration). Work 2 double crochets under each of the two spaces between the trebles, 12 chain back on the first double crochet, 9 double crochets under the loop just made, 5 chain, 2 more double crochets under the same loop, *, 2 double crochets in each of the next two spaces between the trebles in the previous row, 9 chain back into the fourth stitch from the picot in the previous loop, 3 double crochets under the chain just made, 5 chain, 9 more double crochets under same chain, and repeat from * until there are 12 loops round the scallop, 2 double crochets between each of the other spaces to the join, and each of the first 4 of the next scallop, 5 chain, catch to the fourth stitch from the last made picot, 9 double crochets under this chain, and proceed as before along the lower edge of the trimming, 6 loops to each scallop, except the end ones, and working double crochets only along the upper side.

For the Heading.—Work a row of chain, joining it to the scallops with longer or shorter stitches as required to make the work level (see illustration); for the stitch which connects the scallops put the cotton 4 times over the hook, catch to the scallop, work off 2 loops, cotton twice over again, catch to the next scallop and work off all the loops in the usual way. Upon this chain work two rows of double trebles in every other stitch, with 1 chain between each

As colored lace is much in favor as a trimming this season, this design worked with cotton to match would make a very pretty up-to-date finish for colored linen dresses; it would have the advantage of washing with the dress itself, and would, moreover, be very durable. Another practical use to which this lace may be put is an edging for toilet covers. A piece of rather coarse linen hemstitched at the edge and finished with this pattern, makes an extremely nice cover.

Shampoo.

Take one egg and beat light; add one pint and a half of luke warm water and then beat again until the foam reaches the top of a two quart bowl. Wash the hair with this and rinse with two waters, the first warm, and second quite cool, and the hair will be soft and silky, and the scalp as white as snow. Do not use on blonde heads.

Satin Duchesse.

Although much is heard of satin duchesse as a trimming that gives weight to thin skirts, this material appears this season in a suppleness unknown to fabrics of which our grandmothers were so proud. It is also used for separate coats and entire costumes, sharing honors with chiffon taffetas, liberty satin, faille, etc. Naturally it is combined with quantities of lace and embroidery and the luster of the material makes it specially suitable to the fashionable shades of brown, blue, gray, green and lavender.

Summer Underwear of Linen.

Linen underwear is, if possible, thinner and of finer texture, more transparent and more costly than hitherto. Pocket handkerchiefs are exceedingly small. Chemises, for night and for daytime, are nearly similar in shape and cut. They are in square decolette, and lace trimmings are in favor. They are of great length and are frequently embroidered with small wreaths and flowers around the edges in juxtaposition with the Brussels lace trimmings.

THICKER FABRICS COMING IN.

Smart Novelty Material Is Known as Bengalinette.

Great appreciation is being shown this spring for a novelty material known as bengalinette, a new edition of Bengaline—in other words, a silk fabric with a ribbed surface. The marquisette has been a la mode two years and continues in popularity. But courtiers are on the lookout for a material a trifle stiffer than these chiffon goods and bengalinette meets the requirements

The new fabric is in evidence in all colors, but it is particularly seductive in pale green and old pink. Green was a big factor in the '60's of the last century and the second empire modes now being revived are an example of how much in vogue all styles of the last 50 years are and will be. The empire as brought forth a year and a half ago is seen no more except for evening wear in light transparent goods, and the drapery is particularly adaptable to that class of goods.

There is quite a change in the quality of goods used this spring from that in vogue for a very long time past. Now the makers and drapers are showing goods that have decided body to them. In other words, the chiffon no-character stuffs are passe

The handwriting on the wall points to less coquettish modes, for certainly stiff materials will not take all the fullness in drapery and elaboration in handiwork that frocks have received the past years.

HAIR TIPS.

Before dressing the hair rub a little brilliantine into the roots with the tips of the finger, and brush with a baby brush This makes the hair beautifully glossy and keeps it approximately tidy.

Don't forget to have the hair thoroughly cut and singed every three months; it is not sufficient to have long hair clipped. Special attention should be paid to the weak new hairs that spring up all along the central parting.

Don't forget to brush the hair for ten minutes with a flexible brush. This may make the head a little tender at first, but tenderness soon wears off

Don't wear pads or additional tails of hair and curls unless absolutely necessary. Anything that prevents light and air getting at the roots of the hair is extremely bad.

Don't attempt to restore gray or faded hair yourself, it is best to leave it entirely alone. If dyeing is desirable have it done by skilled hands

Don't use cheap hairpins or combs; they are so liable to drag and break the hair.

THE HAND MIRROR.

A shabby hand-mirror may be made quite beautiful, and fit for the daintiest toilet table with a little trouble. Scrub the woodwork thoroughly in soda and hot water, rinse, and let it get quite dry. Sand paper any little



rough places, then paint over with cream enamel, let it dry, then give another coat, then dry again.

With oil colors paint the pretty apple blossom design on the handle, and a most charming effect will be obtained.

The Rose Garden Hat.

Roses of all colors and kinds are lavishly used upon the new little long-back brimmed hats that rejoice in the name of garden hats. These tilt down slightly over the face and are best of rough straw in natural or burnt color, although green is also coming to the fore as a favorite.

His Limited Knowledge.

Fuller: He knows little who tells his wife all he knows.

Curious, But True.

An old time seamstress is responsible for a piece of information, the truth of which has been proved. She says that in the sewing room should be kept a piece of smooth walnut board, such as a table-leaf, for pressing purposes. If the pressing be done on this, rather than on that usually provided, no dampening will be necessary, as walnut wood absorbs sufficient moisture for the purpose, which is given out again under the influence of the heat of the iron. And no matter how much one's board is used today, the next day the moisture will be there again just the same. Of curse if one uses a discarded table-leaf, one must be very careful to avoid the varnished side.

The Frank Person.

We all know—and respect—and avoid—such persons; the world is full of them—too full for the general comfort of its other inhabitants. And frequently what they call the truth is not abstract truth at all, but is merely the expression of their own particular (and frequently erroneous) opinions.—Woman's Life.

HORTICULTURE

MARKING ROWS.

Unique Method Followed by an Ohio Gardener.

The old saying, "More crops grow in crooked than in straight rows," may find favor with some growers, but celery growers get best results from straight rows Straight rows look more workmanlike and in cultivating, blanching, and harvesting straight celery rows are a necessity. To enable one man to mark out straight rows in the quickest possible way, we stretch two strong cotton lines, which costs us about 25 cents apiece, where the first two rows are to be, say three feet apart

From a garden drill we remove all the seeding attachments and run the drill wheels over the first line from a to a Before running back on second line (b to b) we put the stake of line one from a to c When we arrive at b, stake of line one is moved from a to c, which puts the line in position for marking the third row. Before running the wheel on the third row from c to e, stake of line two at b is moved to d When arriving at c, stake at b is moved to d, which puts line two in position for the fourth row, etc.

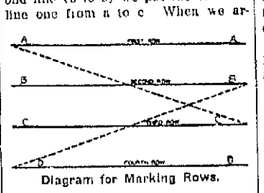


Diagram for Marking Rows.

For long rows, continues the writer in Orange Judd Farmer, we use one measuring stick at each end of the rows and one in the middle. The middle stick is pushed in the ground against the line to prevent the wind from displacing the line. When we plant day after day we do not take up the lines at night, but simply loosen one end to prevent their breaking from shrinkage The time to wind up the lines would cost far more than they are worth. We can better afford to buy new lines, say every two years.

BLACK LOCUST.

It Supplies the Best-Lasting Post Timber to Be Found.

Black locust is one of the most persistent deciduous trees that we have to reproduce itself from the roots, and hence it is essential that one study this particular variety so as to know the right time to cut it if it is to be killed at the root. Grubbing out the trees and cutting them down at different seasons of the year has been tried. If you want the timber to last long in the ground locust should be cut in August or September, but if you desire to kill the trees they should be cut in July and then in September the stumps should be peeled The next spring an occasional sprout will show from the roots. These will have to be treated the same as you would weeds to get rid of them. The black locust, says, Farmers' Tribune, is one of the best lasting post timbers we have and should be planted out on the prairie farms more than it is, for this one item of post timber. We do not think it will last equal to the osage orange, but it is equal to red cedar and can be produced on ground at a much lower price than we have to pay for posts at the lumber yard.

ORCHARD NOTES.

Study improved methods of picking and packing and practice them at harvest.

Quality, not quantity, is becoming more and more the factor in successful fruit growing.

Wash all the young trees in the spring and fall with soapsuds. After the spring washing, they should be given a thorough coat of whitewash.

Do not set the new orchard where the old one stood. Orchard soils need rotation as well as soils in other crops, even if that rotation is only once in 25 years.

Owing to the lateness of spring, the sprayings will have to be done about a week to ten days later than the time suggested on the calendars by the different stations.

Care of Spruce Plantation.

The trees require no cultivation after planting. Their great tolerance enables them to survive the shade of brush and weeds and eventually to overtop them. The greatest enemy of the spruce is fire, which should be carefully excluded from plantations. Spruce stands should never be severely thinned, as the shallow root system renders the trees liable to be thrown by the wind. This damage is especially great in exposed situations. In case such destructive agencies as insects or fungi appear, specimens, accompanied by an account of the character of the injury, should be sent to the department of agriculture for identification and recommendations for their control.—U. S. Forestry Bureau.

Peanuts in the Northern Garden.

Remove the outside shell, but handle the nut carefully. Plant two to a hill, two inches deep, and hills a half-yard apart in a dry, rich, sandy soil. Keep weeded and soil loose. When an inch high draw soil slightly up around them. When ripened by frost take up and dry the plants, then pick off the nuts and dry them near the stove.

Eating More Fruit.

Speaking of the future possibilities of orchard products an old nurseryman says: "Where a dollars' worth of fruit was consumed ten years ago, ten dollars' worth is wanted now. Unless all signs fail, one hundred dollars' worth will be required in ten years from now."

We talk about educating the patrons of a creamery community and then expect the buttermaker there to do the job. We are often mistaken as to which needs the educating.

An Illinois fruit grower says he has saved girdled trees many times by putting the sides of an old box around the base of the tree and filling it with dirt above the cut.

With all your planning for the work of spring and summer don't forget to plan for the harvest.

DO YOU SPRAY?

It's the Only Protection Against Diseases and Insects.

Plant diseases and insects are doing so much damage to the orchards and gardens in Oklahoma that it has become necessary to protect the plants by some artificial means, says a communication from the Oklahoma station. The method of destroying the diseased and wormy fruit and foliage is of great value if persistently carried out. This cannot be done in so thorough a manner, however, as to destroy all the diseases and insects present, and a few left over and those that will come from neighboring farms will produce a dangerous number next year The cheapest and most practical method of protecting plants from diseases and insects is spraying The ideal method is to spray thoroughly and then destroy all diseased fruit, leaves and trash about the orchard and garden Either method is good when used alone and the value of each is greatly increased when used together.

Spraying solutions are divided into two general classes Those designed to prevent the attacks of fungus diseases are called fungicides, and those designed to destroy or prevent the attacks of insects are called insecticides.

Fungicides protect the plants by preventing the fungus diseases from gaining a foothold on the plants. The solutions are composed of materials that destroy the germinating spores where it comes in contact with them. The copper and sulphur compounds are the most effective materials used in these solutions Most of the fungus diseases of plants that can be prevented by spraying reproduce by means of two kinds of spores. One kind of spore is produced in the spring and summer and germinates soon after maturity. If the spore finds lodgment on tender growing parts of the plant and a favorable amount of heat and moisture are present germination and growth immediately follow If these spores do not soon germinate they lose their vitality. This process of germination, growth and fruiting goes on during the spring and summer. Late in the season another kind of spore is produced, which is capable of passing through the winter and germinating the following spring. The germinating spore sends the roots directly into the tissue of the plant unless it is a surface growing fungus, in which case the roots spread over the surface of the plant If the plants are covered with a good fungicide when the spores germinate the spores will be killed.

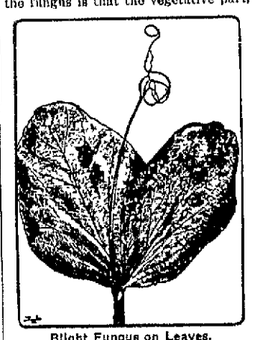
BLIGHT OF PEAS.

The Green Varieties Are Most Strikingly Affected.

In 1901 the damage in Ohio from this blight was apparently greater than in previous years. It was first noticed on French June peas which had been sown with oats as a forage crop on the experiment station farm A close examination of the diseased plants showed that the stems had been attacked at many points, frequently as high as one and one half feet from the ground, though most severely near the ground, where the disease starts.

On the leaves were orbicular or oval dead spots one-eighth to one-half inch in diameter.

Perhaps the most important thing in connection with the life history of the fungus is that the vegetative part,



Blight Fungus on Leaves.

of mycelium, infecting these spots of the pods grows through the husk into the seed. Frequently it grows entirely through the pod, forming similar spots on both sides. When the fungus grows into the seed, brown spots may be formed on the surface. In the worst cases half the surface is frequently discolored and the seed adheres to the pod. These areas are much more striking on green colored peas, such as the Market Garden variety, than on the yellowish varieties, such as the Admiral.

PRUNE NOW.

June Is an Excellent Month to Trim the Trees.

It may be all right to advise pruning whenever your knife is sharp, but really the best time is during May and June, for during these months trees make their quickest and most vigorous growth, and the wounds made by pruning will heal quicker now than at any other season of the year. The quicker the wound heals the better for the tree. Many old horticulturists say, prune when the leaves are as big as squirrels' ears. If pruning is done before this time the wound is apt to "bleed," and will not heal so readily. If large limbs are taken off paint the stubs so that they will not dry out and crack open. Here is where many make a blunder, says Indiana Farmer. They leave too much stub in the first place, and it is probably split down one side. Before the wound is healed over this stump is cracked and decay sets in. While you are at it do a good, clean job, and sharp knives and sharp saws will help you do it.

Do Good Work.

A word about spraying. Be particular about it. Do good work. Know what you are going after, and then use the stuff that kills. To do a good job of spraying one must know all about insects and fungus diseases, their habits and then know what remedies to use and when to do the work.

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It takes a certain amount of protein to make a given amount of milk. If that amount of protein is not supplied in the feed it is as unreasonable to suppose that the cow will give the desired amount of milk as it is to suppose that one ton of fodder put into the shredder will produce two tons of shredded fodder.

We have it from the empress dowager of Russia that the czar loves his people. He has a cold way of showing it—in fact, a cold lead way.

The Human Shield.

The advent of Decoration day caused Admiral Dewey at a recent dinner, to praise the bravery of the American troops during the civil war.

"Both sides alike were brave," he said. "North and south, soldiers and sailors And the bravery of the raw recruit was a thing to be seen to be believed

There used to be circulated, though a good story about a Connecticut recruit This young man after he had gotten initiated, bought himself, but in his first engagement he was very nervous

"A chum of his was in the line ahead of him, and when the bullets began to fly, the chum began to dodge

"Thereupon the recruit shouted excitedly

"'Hey, Jim, don't duck. I'm behind ye!'"

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved the patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day In the latest discovery Defiance Starch all injurious chemicals are omitted while the addition of another ingredient is noted by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

Not to Be So Judged.

Mr Watt Manners Oh but you mustn't judge him by that dear it may not be his own you know Town and Country

That an article may be good as well as cheap, and give entire satisfaction, is proven by the extraordinary sale of Defiance Starch each package containing one third more Starch than can be had of any other brand for the same money.

Whole Outfit in Harmony.

"You've seen that new dress of mine," said Miss Dowdey, "now that I want to get a hat to match what would you suggest"

"Why not get a shanty" remarked Miss Knox.

AFRAID OF PARALYSIS

A NERVOUS SUFFERER CURED BY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

The Medicine That Makes Rich, Red Blood and Performs Wonders as a Tonic for the Nerves.

Why are nervous people invariably pale people?

The answer to that question explains why a remedy that acts on the blood can cure nervous troubles.

It explains why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are also for nervous people.

It is because of the intimate relation between the red corpuscles in the blood and the health of the nerves. The nervous system receives its nourishment through the blood. Let the blood become thin, weak and colorless and the nerves are starved—the victim is started on the road that leads to nervous wreck. Nervous people are pale people—but the pallor comes first. Enrich the blood and the nerves are stimulated and toned up to do their part of the work of the body. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make red blood and transform nervous, irritable, ailing people into strong, energetic, forceful men and women.

Mrs. Harriet E. Porter, of 20 Liberty avenue, South Medford, Mass., says:

"I had never been well from childhood and a few years ago I began to have dizzy spells. At such times I could not walk straight. I was afraid of paralysis and was on the verge of nervous prostration. Then neuralgia set in and affected the side of my face. The pains in my forehead were excruciating and my heart pained me so that my doctor feared neuralgia of the heart. I tried several different kinds of treatment but they did me no good.

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A. N. K.—A (1907—24) 2182.

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For more than 30 years it has been curing Female Complaints, such as Inflammation, and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and consequent Spinal Weakness, Backache, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life.

Records show that it has cured more cases of Female Ills than any other

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tumors at an early stage of development, pain, weight, and headache are relieved at once.

It corrects Irregularities or Painful Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Nervousness, Debility; also, Dizziness, Faintness, and want to be left alone" feeling, Irritability, Flatulency, Melancholia or the "Blues," female weakness or some organic derangement.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex Compound is a most excellent remedy.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to write Mrs Pinkham, Lynn, Mass for advice. She has been advising sick women free for years, and before that she assisted her late husband in advising. Thus she is well qualified by experience and health. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Dont Miss This

When forty-eight hours travel can go and investigate, and discover can be rich in a few years. I have in Chambers County, Texas, that tracts to suit, at $25.00 per acre land will produce from $30.00 to acre, and then if you wish you can duct on the same land, the same much. Don't delay, write at once

A. G. Bl

803 Chestnut Street,

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

DO YOU SPRAY?

It's the Only Protection Against Diseases and Insects

Plant diseases and insects are doing much damage to the orchards and gardens in Oklahoma that it has become necessary to protect the plants by some artificial means says a communication from the Oklahoma station The method of destroying the diseased and wormy fruit and foliage is of great value if persistently carried out This cannot be done in so thorough a manner however, as to destroy all the diseases and insects present and a few left over and those that will come from neighboring farms will produce a dangerous number next year The cheapest and practical method of protecting plants from diseases and insects is spraying The ideal method is to burn thoroughly and then destroy all dead fruit leaves and trash about the orchard and garden Either method if used alone and the two of each is greatly increased if used together

Sprays solutions are divided into several classes Those designed to prevent the attacks of fungus diseases are called fungicides and those designed to destroy or prevent the attacks of insects are called insecticides

Fungicides protect the plants by covering the fungus diseases from rising a foothold on the plants The fungicides are composed of materials that destroy the germinating spores when they come in contact with them The copper and sulphur compounds are the most effective materials used in the solutions Most of the fungus diseases of plants that can be prevented by spraying reproduce by means of two kinds of spores One kind of spore is produced in the spring and summer and germinates soon after maturity If the spore finds a plant on it under growing parts of the plant and a favorable amount of heat and moisture is present germination and growth immediately follow If the spores do not soon germinate they lose their vitality This process of germination growth and fruiting goes on during the spring, and summer Late in the season another kind of spore is produced which is capable of living through the winter and germinating the following spring The second kind of spore sends the roots directly into the tissue of the plant upon which it is a surface growing fungus or which rests the roots spread over the surface of the plant If the plants are covered with a coat of fungicide when the spores germinate the spores will be killed

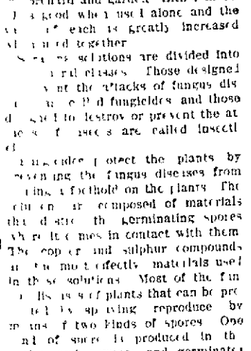
BLIGHT OF PEAS

The Green Varieties Are Most Strikingly Affected

In 1904 the damage in Ohio from pea blight was apparently greater than in previous years It was first noticed on French Fine peas which were sown with oats as a forage crop An examination of the diseased plants showed that the stems had been attacked at many points from the ground high enough to be cut with a mowing machine and from the ground where the peas rested on the soil

On the leaves were orbicular or irregular spots one eighth to one half inch in diameter

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Blight Fungus on Leaves

of the mycelium infecting these spots of the pods grows through the husk into the seed For months it grows entirely through the pod forming similar spots on both sides When the fungus grows into the seed brown spots are formed on the surface In the worst cases half the surface is frequently discolored and the seed adheres to the pod These areas are much more striking on green colored peas such as the Market Garden variety than on the yellowish varieties such as the Admiral

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68, BUT PERFECTLY WELL.

The Happy Experience of a New Castle, Pa, Woman.



Mrs John Mansell 614 So Jefferson St New Castle, Pa says For years I was running down with kidney trouble without knowing what it was and finally got so bad I was given up The urinary passages were painful sometimes scanty and again very profuse My limbs feet and ankles bloated dreadfully and sometimes my whole body My heart palpitated and I had smothering spells A week's treatment with Doan's Kidney Pills helped me and a few boxes cured me At 68 I am strong and well

Sold by all dealers 50 cents a box Foster Milburn Co Buffalo, N Y

Senator Morgan a Model

Senator John T Morgan of Alabama, occasionally writes magazine articles which involve a great deal of research but he uniformly refuses to accept pay for them In the course of his career many railroad passes have been offered him but he never accepted any either for himself or any member of his family Though over 80 years old he thinks nothing of working half the night The senator never haunts the departments looking for jobs for constituents Of moderate means when he entered the senate he is now a poor man having little or nothing but his salary

---

With a smooth iron and Defiance Starch you can launder your shirt waist just as well at home as the steam laundry can It will have the proper stiffness and finish there will be less wear and tear of the goods and it will be a positive pleasure to use a Starch that does not stick to the iron

Figures of Lumber Cutting

Since 1850 more than 700 000 000 000 feet of timber have been cut in the United States for lumber alone including 80 000 000 000 feet of conifer ous stumpage estimate of the census in 1880.

A Good Charger

Client—Didn't you make a mistake in going into law instead of the army?

Lawyer—Why?

Client—By the way you charge, there would be little left of the enemy

It Cures While You Walk

Allen's Foot Ease is a certain cure for hot sweating, callous and swollen aching feet Sold by all Druggists Price 25c Don't accept any substitute Trial package FREE Address Allen S Olmsted Le Roy N Y

Rev Andrew Murray Honored

At its graduation ceremony in March the University of Cape of Good Hope South Africa conferred the degree of LL D upon Rev Andrew Murray

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The greatest cause of worry on ironing day can be removed by using Defiance Starch which will not stick to the iron Sold everywhere, 16 oz for 10c

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We should do everything we can for others if only to dissipate the thought of what they omit to do for us—Madame Swetchine

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FITS St Vitus Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr Kline's Great Nerve Restorer Send for Free $2 00 trial bottle and treatise Dr R H Kline Ld 931 Arch St Philadelphia Pa

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He that has the energy and will to uproot a fault has also the energy and ought to will to plant a virtue in its place—Lacon

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Defiance Starch—Sixteen ounces for ten cents all other brands contain only 12 ounces for same money

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No Cordelia it isn't necessary for a man to know how to sew to enable him to mend his ways

Krause's Cold Cure

For cold in head throat chest or back. Best remedy for La Grippe Druggists 25c

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Discretion may be the better part of valor because it can run faster

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Lewis Single Binder straight 5c cigar made of rich mellow tobacco Your dealer or Lewis Factory Peoria Ill

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A wise woman never quarrels with her husband till after pay day

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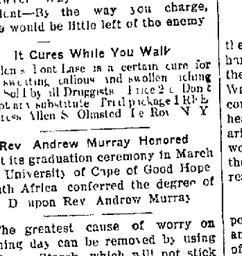
Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup
For children teething softens the gums reduces inflammation allays pain cures wind colic 25c a bottle

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Most men like to be jollied and are willing to pay for it.

A N K—A (1907—24) 2182

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Dont Miss This Opportunity

When forty-eight hours travel will bring you to it. You can go and investigate, and discover for yourself that you can be rich in a few years. I have 14,000 acres of Rice land in Chambers County, Texas, that I will sell 5000 acres of, in tracts to suit, at $25 00 per acre on easy payments. This land will produce from $30 00 to $100.00 worth of Rice per acre, and then if you wish you can produce some other product on the same land, the same year, to again net you that much. Don't delay, write at once.

A. G. BLANKE,

803 Chestnut Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

ON THE TRAIL OF THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS

This Distinguished American Journalist Is Traveling Around the World for the Purpose of Investigating the American Foreign Missionary from a Purely Disinterested Secular and Non Sectarian Standpoint Illustrated with Drawings and from Photographs

CHRISTIANITY AT THE GATEWAY TO THE ORIENT

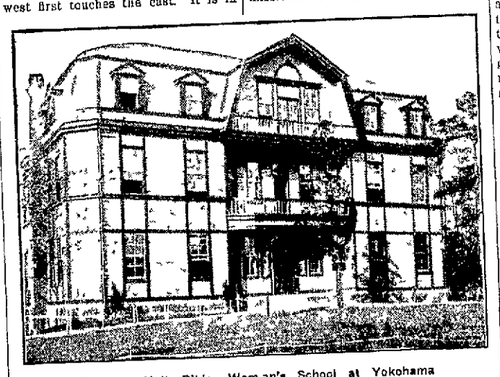
(Copyright by Joseph B Bowles)

Yokohama — This mongrel city is the most that many travelers see of Japan yet is it neither Japanese nor foreign and is spoken of disparagingly by everybody throughout the empire except those whose business interests lie here The city is a comparatively recent creature of foreign trade It is not characteristically Japanese even in its speech The Yokohama dialect is a byword throughout Japan Nor is the city Chinese though it has a large colony of pigtails Still less can it be called European although its 600 European residents make it the most foreign city in Japan

The importance of Yokohama lies in the fact that it is the first gateway for the trade of the orient. Here the west first touches the east. It is in site gable ends) illustrates the catholicity of Yokohama yet the city is scarcely hospitable toward Christian missionary enterprise It is perhaps the center of the criticism of foreign missions Here it is that the traveler hears that missions are only a bluff' It is asserted that nobody here knows anything about missions and that the missionary is chiefly engaged in the profitable task of shutting up the eye of the church at home

Looking After Americans Abroad

The stories one hears concerning Europeans (as all white people are called) in the port cities of the orient are not pretty The criticism of missionaries pales into insignificance besides the criticism of the American business man In fact the two are said to have a relation I have heard missionaries charge that it is because



Pierson Hall—Bible Woman's School at Yokohama

the big hybrid hotels along the Yokohama bund which neither the east nor the west would own which charge Waldorf Astoria prices for Oshkosh accommodations where the tourists hear the stories concerning missionaries that are retailed around the world as the first hand knowledge of those who have been on the scene and really know

The Devil and the Cannon

A curious story illustrates the composite character of this important city and shows not only the commingling of the old and the new here but also the chaotic state of the Japanese mind at present with respect to religion Upon Yokohama's famous bluff a rich American has built an elaborate home which so greatly resembles a Buddhist temple that the Japanese were at first angry at what they thought to be mockery Fearing that for this reason the building might be burned the insurance companies for a long time declined to accept it as a risk

At one end of the gable of this curious structure is the grinning head of a huge wooden devil A short distance away from this particular home is the residence of a wealthy English



The Roof With the Devil In It (The Devil Around Corner to the Left Cannot Be Seen)

man whose servants one day fell ill They consulted the Buddhist priest near by, who told them that their illness was caused by the malignant influence of the devil on the American's house It would be impossible for them to recover so long as that hideous creature shot its baneful glances in their direction

Straightway the servants reported to their employer that they must leave Now the servant problem is a problem the world over, and the merchant viewed with consternation the loss of his present servants and his probable inability to replace them for the same reason He urged them to see the priest again, to consider some other remedy, since it was impossible to have the image removed Whether the Englishman saw the priest at the same time or not does not appear in the story

The revised verdict was, however, that if a large cannon were placed on the gable of the Englishman's house, pointing directly at the wooden devil, the power of the latter would be counteracted So whoever visits Yokohama may see a new brass cannon about three feet in length and of three-inch bore mounted on the top of a modern Englishman's residence, with its muzzle pointed threateningly toward the house of the next door neighbor All this, mark you is not a tale of old Japan but a happening of recent months

Where Missionaries Are Criticised.

Perhaps the incident (for which I myself can vouch, having seen the cannon and the wooden devil on opposite gable ends) illustrates the catholicity of Yokohama yet the city is scarcely hospitable toward Christian missionary enterprise It is perhaps the center of the criticism of foreign missions Here it is that the traveler hears that missions are only a bluff' It is asserted that nobody here knows anything about missions and that the missionary is chiefly engaged in the profitable task of shutting up the eye of the church at home

There is nothing doing in Yokohama for a man unless he is drinking hard

For the sailors comfort the American Seamen's Friend society maintains a mission in Yokohama which attempts to cater for the diversified needs of Jack ashore There is a reading room a game room and an auditorium where entertainments are given A lodging house is maintained and the missionary pays regular visits to the warships that may be in port This mission however is largely for the men of war's men For the common man before the mast who is ashore from the merchant vessels that crowd this harbor there is only the Salvation Army and its rescue work Here as in America this organization does splendid service no man being too low to be worthy of its kindly offices

When Hawaii Helped Japan

Other signs of the presence of mission work here are to be seen on many sides In addition to the impossing edifices of the Roman Catholic and Protestant episcopal churches there are a number of native church buildings The oldest of these has a chapel that was built nearly 50 years ago by money sent from the native Christians of Hawaii for the help of the heathen Japanese!

Up on the bluff where most European residents dwell one would have to shade his eyes to escape seeing the large buildings of the mission schools Most impressive perhaps is Ferris seminary of the Dutch Reformed church although large institutions are maintained with liberally equipped class rooms and big dormitories by the Presbyterians Baptists and Methodists The Women's Missionary Union runs a school for Bible women The Baptists have an important theological seminary This educational work of the missionaries is beyond question creditable and a success The schools are filled with girls from all grades of Japanese homes and the quality of the work done is guaranteed by the government which will not permit the maintenance of an inefficient school In addition to having received an education most of the graduates have become Christians

What They Say of Missionaries

From the foregoing it is plain that the sweeping statement that nothing is to be seen of missionaries or their work in Yokohama is without foundation Just what those best qualified to speak think of the missionaries and their work is another matter I have been asking various types of Yokohama business men their opinion upon this point At the Yokohama United club which is the leading social organization of the city I asked an American whom I chanced to meet what he thought of the missionaries He has been a resident here for 30 years and, I later learned is not a church going man himself He is a Missouri an plain and outspoken the type of man who says what he thinks His opinion was as follows Oh I think the missionaries are all right Of course, I believe that missions are a business with them It is their way of making a living Some few of them are of no account just as there are men in every other kind of business, in Yokohama or anywhere else, who are of no account Most of them are men of real ability I never heard a whisper against the morality of any of them You will hear some people say that they are rich but that is all nonsense They do not live as well as the business men here One reason that they do not go into society, I suppose is that they can't afford it As for their work whatever one thinks of religion there is no denying that their educational institutions are a success

Another man said that the only definite criticism he had to make or had heard made of the missionaries was against their tendency to sanctimoniousness and offishness They are inclined to draw apart from the other foreigners in the community He and others with whom I talked made an exception in the case of Rev Dr J L Dearing president of the Baptist Theological Seminary upon the bluff, who it appears mingles socially with the leading European families and, I take it exercises considerable influence over young Americans as well as over the Japanese

Still another man said that his only criticism was that while the missionaries worked during most of the year, they had longer vacations than any other white men in the east The man who is said to be the bitterest antagonist of missions, in the east, himself formerly a Unitarian missionary, is a newspaper editor here As his objection was chiefly to Christianity itself I shall not quote him here

Summing up a number of interviews, I would say that the missionary is criticised most sweepingly by those who know practically nothing of Yokohama outside of its foreign hotels, and who are not near enough to the native life to be aware of the large number of Japanese Christians in the city There is manifest to the most casual observer many evidences of long established, important and successful missionary work in the city The simple fact that were it not for the missionary, there would be no Christian services here for the American community is itself of considerable weight To the missionary's character not a whisper of blame attaches He is a gentleman and a useful member of the community

When Jack Tar Gets Shore Leave.

A more acute religious problem is indicated by a ride through certain sections of the city where sailors are wont to resort This reveals the side of Yokohama life which Jack Tar sees when he gets shore leave Some streets have lines of saloons and dives blazoned forth as 'Old Glory Saloon,' 'Red, White and Blue Saloon,' 'American Sailors' Resort' The flags of America, Britain and France are flown ostentatiously The sailor is fair prey for certain classes of natives He has money, and the orient knows well the art of fattening on such Up in Tokio I met a couple of American sailors who explained their presence there with the remark

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For the sailors comfort the American Seamen's Friend society maintains a mission in Yokohama which attempts to cater for the diversified needs of Jack ashore There is a reading room a game room and an auditorium where entertainments are given A lodging house is maintained and the missionary pays regular visits to the warships that may be in port This mission however is largely for the men of war's men For the common man before the mast who is ashore from the merchant vessels that crowd this harbor there is only the Salvation Army and its rescue work Here as in America this organization does splendid service no man being too low to be worthy of its kindly offices

When Hawaii Helped Japan

Other signs of the presence of mission work here are to be seen on many sides In addition to the imposing edifices of the Roman Catholic and Protestant episcopal churches there are a number of native church buildings The oldest of these has a chapel that was built nearly 50 years ago by money sent from the native Christians of Hawaii for the help of the heathen Japanese!

Up on the bluff where most European residents dwell one would have to shade his eyes to escape seeing the large buildings of the mission schools Most impressive perhaps is Ferris seminary of the Dutch Reformed church although large institutions are maintained with liberally equipped class rooms and big dormitories by the Presbyterians Baptists and Methodists The Women's Missionary Union runs a school for Bible women The Baptists have an important theological seminary This educational work of the missionaries is beyond question creditable and a success The schools are filled with girls from all grades of Japanese homes and the quality of the work done is guaranteed by the government which will not permit the maintenance of an inefficient school In addition to having received an education most of the graduates have become Christians

What They Say of Missionaries

From the foregoing it is plain that the sweeping statement that nothing is to be seen of missionaries or their work in Yokohama is without foundation Just what those best qualified to speak think of the missionaries and their work is another matter I have been asking various types of Yokohama business men their opinion upon this point At the Yokohama United club which is the leading social organization of the city I asked an American whom I chanced to meet what he thought of the missionaries He has been a resident here for 30 years and, I later learned is not a church going man himself He is a Missouri an plain and outspoken the type of man who says what he thinks His opinion was as follows Oh I think the missionaries are all right Of course, I believe that missions are a business with them It is their way of making a living Some few of them are of no account just as there are men in every other kind of business, in Yokohama or anywhere else, who are of no account Most of them are men of real ability I never heard a whisper against the morality of any of them You will hear some people say that they are rich but that is all nonsense They do not live as well as the business men here One reason that they do not go into society, I suppose is that they can't afford it As for their work whatever one thinks of religion there is no denying that their educational institutions are a success

Another man said that the only definite criticism he had to make or had heard made of the missionaries was against their tendency to sanctimoniousness and offishness They are inclined to draw apart from the other foreigners in the community He and others with whom I talked made an exception in the case of Rev Dr J L Dearing president of the Baptist Theological Seminary upon the bluff, who it appears mingles socially with the leading European families and, I take it exercises considerable influence over young Americans as well as over the Japanese

Still another man said that his only criticism was that while the missionaries worked during most of the year, they had longer vacations than any other white men in the east The man who is said to be the bitterest antagonist of missions, in the east, himself formerly a Unitarian missionary, is a newspaper editor here As his objection was chiefly to Christianity itself I shall not quote him here

Summing up a number of interviews, I would say that the missionary is criticised most sweepingly by those who know practically nothing of Yokohama outside of its foreign hotels, and who are not near enough to the native life to be aware of the large number of Japanese Christians in the city There is manifest to the most casual observer many evidences of long established, important and successful missionary work in the city The simple fact that were it not for the missionary, there would be no Christian services here for the American community is itself of considerable weight To the missionary's character not a whisper of blame attaches He is a gentleman and a useful member of the community

Japan's Great Festival.

On February 11 is celebrated in Japan the great annual festival of Kigensetsu, the anniversary of the foundation of the empire by the first emperor, Jimmutenno, B C 660. The Japanese reckon their present era as from this date, and it was on February 11, 1889, that Mutsuhito, the one hundred and twenty first of the dynasty, promulgated the present constitution of the empire of Japan, the fundamental principle of which is clearly stated in its first article "The empire of Japan shall be reigned over and governed by a line of emperors unbroken from ages eternal" The organization of a parliament took place in 1890, which, in the Japanese reckoning, would be 2550 from Jimmu's setting up his capital at Kashiwara, in the province of Yamato, which is regarded by Japanese historians as the beginning of the empire.—London Chronicle.

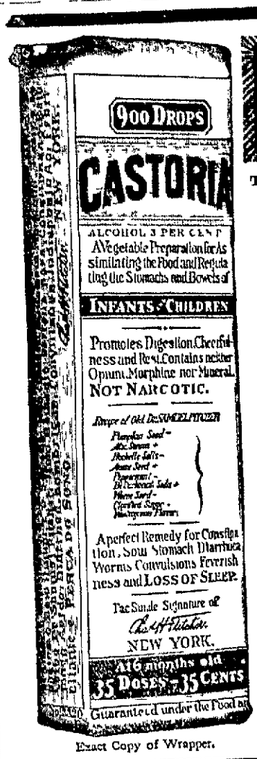
The largest church is in Rome.

Find Ruins of Old Palace.

A Reuter telegram from Athens announces that excavations at Thebes have brought to light the ruins of what is believed to have been the palace of King Cadmus, the legendary founder of Thebes

Tuberculosis Patients Do Well.

Of the tuberculous patients treated in Pennsylvania's Camp Sanatorium," which was established with the aid of the state, 75 per cent have either recovered or been greatly improved.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY 77 MURRAY STREET NEW YORK CITY.

The Same Species

Did you ship that load of old plants cars to the florist on the suburban car line

No I thought it would be more in order to send them on the trunk line

---

Give Defiance Starch a fair trial—try it for both hot and cold starching, and if you don't think you do better work in less time and at smaller cost than it and your grocer will give you back your money

Amendment Not Accepted

Mrs Jagway—I wish I knew where my husband was

Mrs Kawki—You mean I presume that you wish you knew where your husband is?

Mrs Jagway—No I don't I know where he is He's up in his room, sleeping off a headache

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure

F J CHENEY & CO Toledo O

We the undersigned have known F J Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm

WALDING KINNAN & MARVIN
Wholesale Druggists Toledo O

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system Testimonials sent free Price 75 cents per bottle Sold by all Druggists

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

The Business Instinct

A party of tourists were visiting the ancient landmarks of England according to a writer in the New Orleans Times Democrat and their guide was supplying them with valuable historic facts

This tower he remarked, goes back to William the Conqueror

Why what's the matter? inquired one of his listeners Isn't it satisfactory?

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used In order to get the desired stiffness it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes

Our Queer Sense of Humor

'Americans have a strange sense of humor don't you know began the Englishman The other day for example I went into a restaurant with a friend and he awaked for sinkabs I was surprised to see them bring him three biscuit of some sort or other Again at another time I dined with him at a table d'hote cafe He said to the waiter Bring us a couple of bottles of pink ink What the waiter brought him, don't you know was two bottles of red wine

Really it is very strange this American sense of humor You catch onto my meaning? —N Y Press

Made for Fat Men

One of the narrow arches in the gallery of the chapel at Columbia university is not exactly symmetrical, although the defect is not noticeable to the casual observer says the New York Globe The reason for the widening of the arch after its original construction had risen in a somewhat humorous occurrence One of the early visitors was a remarkably fat man who found himself wedged into the arch when he tried to squeeze through and was extricated with difficulty The builders recognizing the possibility of other fat people being numbered among the future visitors, decided to widen the arch, sacrificing symmetry and harmony to practical need, as the pier was so constructed as to bear no loss of width on one of its sides

AN OLD EDITOR

Found $2000 Worth of Food

The editor of a paper out in Oklahoma said Yes, it is true when I got hold of Grape Nuts food it was worth more than a $2000 doctor bill to me for it made me a well man I have gained 25 pounds in weight my strength has returned tenfold my brain power has been given back to me and that is an absolute essential, for I am an editor and have been for 35 years

My pen shall always be ready to speak a good word for this powerful nutritive food I had of course often read the advertisements regarding Grape Nuts, but never thought to apply the food to my own use, until, in my extremity and sickness the thought came to me that it might fit my case The statements in regard to the food are absolutely correct, as I have proven in my own case One very fortunate thing about the food is that while it is the most scientifically made and highly nourishing, concentrated food I have ever known it has so delicious a taste that it wins and holds friends" "There's a Reason' Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

PAT SET ONLY ONE LIMIT

Would Quit When He Was Done With All Things Earthly

A rich man out in the suburbs who owns a large place has among the many people employed to keep it in shape an Irishman of whom he is fairly fond on account of his amusing comments will says Harper's Weekly This Irishman is something of a hard drinker and as his income is quite liberal he is more particular as regards the quantity than the quality of his liquids The other day the employer who had been awaiting a good opportunity remarked in a kind tone as the closing sentence of a friendly lecture

'Now Pat how long do you think you can keep on drinking this cheap whiskey?

To which Pat instantly replied

All my life if it doesn't kill me

ECZEMA COVERED BABY

Worst Case Doctors Ever Saw—Suffered Untold Misery—Perfect Cure by Cuticura Remedies

My son who is now twenty two years of age when four months old began to have eczema on his face spreading quite rapidly until he was nearly covered The eczema was some thing terrible, and the doctors said it was the worst case they ever saw At times his whole body and face were covered all but his feet I used many kinds of patent medicines, to no avail A friend teased me to try Cuticura At last I decided to try Cuticura when my boy was three years and four months old having had eczema all that time and suffering untold misery I began to use all three of the Cuticura Remedies He was better in two months in six months he was well Mrs R L Ridley Piermont N H Oct 24 1905

An Artistic Idea.

"I don't mind paying for a picture if it is a good natural likeness said the rich man to the fashionable artist to whom he was to sit for his portrait

O it is quite characteristic and natural I assure you replied the artist I flatter myself that easy attitude with your hand in your pocket is quite a neat touch'

And so it proved when the bill came in

Sheer white goods in fact any fine wash goods when new owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered this being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching the first essential being good Starch which has sufficient strength to stiffen without thickening the goods Try Defiance Starch and you will be pleasantly surprised at the improved appearance of your work

Stingy

Bill—And is he of a forgiving nature?

Jill—For giving? Say you couldn't wring a cent out of him with a monkey wrench!

Defiance Starch—Never sticks to the iron—no blotches—no blisters makes ironing easy and does not injure the goods

---

Glass mirrors were known in A D 22 but the art of making them was lost and not recovered until 1300 in Venice

---

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c Many smokers prefer them to 10c cigars Your dealer or Lewis Factory, Peoria, Ill

---

All men are equal—till they are found out.

FARMS THAT GROW "NO. 1 HARD" WHEAT



Lands that will grow this grain are also to be had in the Canadian West where also is to be found the best mixed farming country in the world Thousands of farmers have there in the past few years taken up homesteads and purchased lands from railway companies and others and have raised on the prairie sod large crops of wheat oats barley and flax and have found cattle raising profitable

New Wheat Growing Territory

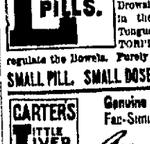
HAS JUST BEEN MADE ACCESSIBLE TO MARKETS BY THE RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION that has been made Thousands of new farms are now available in the three provinces of Manitoba Saskatchewan and Alberta

For information as to routes rates and how to reach the best districts for securing lands write at once to the Superintendent of Immigration Ottawa Canada or to any of the following authorized Canadian Government Agents

C J BROUGHTON Room 430 Quincy Bldg Chicago Ill W H ROGERS third floor Traction Terminal Bldg Indianapolis Ind or T O CURRIE Room 12 B Callahan Block Milwaukee Wis

Mention this paper

SICK HEADACHE



Positively cured by these Little Pills!

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

NORTHWEST AND RETURN

Portland, Tacoma Seattle Bellingham Everett Vancouver Victoria and New Westminster

$62.50

For the round trip

FROM CHICAGO

Tickets on sale June 20 to July 12 1907 Also to Pacific coast points California and intermediate points at slightly higher rates

VIA

UNION PACIFIC

The Short Line to Portland

Inquire of

W. G. NEIMYER, G. A.,
120 Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS

Electrotypes

IN GREAT VARIETY FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST PRICES BY

A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO.
73 W Adams Street, CHICAGO

DAISY FLY KILLER



For cattle, horses and dairy stock. Kills flies by the million. Prevents swarming. Gives cattle rest and comfort. Keeps stables cool and ornamental. Sold by all dealers or sent by express prepaid for $1.00. Harness Dressing, 10c. Sold anywhere. Address H. SIMS, Brooklyn, N. Y.

READERS of this paper desiring to buy any thing advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for refusing all substitutes or imitations

THE E-Z TRUSS | Easy to Wear! Easy to Fit! Easy to Get!
We have it—only truss that can be worn by every lewd lady in all! Surprising what small others fail Send for free booklet.
THE EASY TRUSS CO., Kalamazoo, Mich.

PIT & PITLESS SCALES.

For Horse and Wood Frames. $25 and up. Write us for reduced rates. We are manufacturers of Tanks and Wind Mills. KIMBALL BROS., Box Kalamazoo, Mich.

80 ACRES of first-class Farm Land for $200 cash and balance $25 per year. Situated in the rich natural grass and clover district of northern Alberta and close to a station. Invest your money and see it grow. Write owner CHAS. HELLING WORTH, P O Box 1785 Calgary Alberta Canada

WE SELL southwest Texas lands, we have the greatest opportunities for profitable investments ever offered The best lands and best climate in the United States. Write for descriptive booklet and prices.
MOUNT BROS San Antonio Texas

EVERY FAMILY needs Bates Coffee Setter, 25c postpaid. Agents wanted Catalog FREE. C. W. Sims & Co., 115 N Broadway, Oklahoma City Okla.

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

DEFIANCE STARCH for starching finest linens.

160 ACRES of good land FREE to Old Soldier and Spanish War Nobil ns. Address A. W. Gibbs, Noll, Okla.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

A Positive CURE FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed.
Gives Relief at Once 50c
Ely Bros., 56 Warren St N Y



NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., June 19, 1907

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year....$1.50
Six Months....75

Advertising Rates.—For display matter a flat rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The columns in The Tribune are 24 inches long, making a one column advertisement cost $2.40 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.

Judge Gaynor on Tainted Money

Judge W. J. Gaynor of the appellate division of the supreme court of New York addressed the Knife and Fork club of Kansas City May 23 Judge Gaynor spoke on freight rate abuses. The Associated Press gives extracts from Judge Gaynor's speech as follows:

"There is no prejudice in this country against honestly acquired wealth, however large. It is wealth acquired infamously which is under the ban of the splendid intelligence and integrity of the people of this country. The prime object of government is to promote distributive justice to all. Without this object being fulfilled there can be no true prosperity. Prosperity is the highest production which community is capable of consistent with the physical and mental welfare of its members, accompanied by a just distribution of the total product among the producers. This does not mean share and share alike, but according to the productive capacity, physical or mental, or both, of each. If a few are getting each year, and constantly, by hook or by crook, the total product of all who work, then the condition is not one of prosperity.

"If certain individuals in a short lifetime become possessed of so much property that they can make abnormal gifts to charity, if one man can give away, for instance, the vast sum of $32,000,000 in one gift without feeling it any more than you would miss $5, we make a fatal mistake if we ascribe such a condition to prosperity. If we find the railroads being used to allow a few to acquire such fortunes at the expense of their fellowmen by having their freight carried at a rate lower than others have to pay, so that they are able to create monopolies in themselves, our condition is not one of propserity, but it is dangerous to the perpetuity of our free government.

"From the beginning of the world the public highways always had been built by the government. In the same way the government could have built our iron highways—the railroads. And even though privately built, the railroads of the country are still public highways.

"This is the decision of all the courts in the land. The corporations, nor the individuals who control them, can not do with them as they will. They are mere trustees, or agencies of the government to run them as public highways for the benefit of all, and without any favoritism or discrimination to anyone. Every free pass issued, every favor in freight rates granted, is in defiance of the law. Some people are under the delusion that recent statutes made these things unlawful. Not at all; they were unlawful from the beginning. We only needed statutes to make it a criminal offense to grant them, and to jail those who should grant them. That these public highways should be used to enable a few men to destroy their business rivals is the basest crime of our day and generation.

If I give an illustration, it is not for holding any one man up for reproach above others. In 1870 I went through the oil regions of Pennsylvania and saw a wilderness of derricks spread out over the country over engines pumping oil from wells. Hundreds of people owned such wells, and were producing oil. Five years later all these wells had passed into the control of one man, or set of men. All the other producers had failed and joined those unfortunates who fall by the wayside in the struggle for existence. And why and how? Because this one man and his few companions went to the tow powerful individuals who controlled the railroads and conspired with them, and got them to carry their oil to market for, say $1 a barrel, while everyone else was charged $2 and more a barrel. Of course this favoritism in freight rates enabled them to undersell by that much, and destroy all their rivals.

"Just think of a debate being got up, even by ministers of the gospel, whether money thus acquired is tainted! This same thing has been done in all our principal products And let no one be under the delusion that it is to cease. You can't stop an evil by merely passing a law against it. Every week, even now, reveals a new case of this railroad favoritism and discrimination. Some have come to the conclusion that the government should take the railroads and run them, in order to end the abuse For my part, I would not see the government do it. Private enterprise is too valuable to be eliminated from railroad building and management, if it can be avoided.

"My own view is that it is only necessary for the government to appoint the general freight agent of every railroad, for he could stop all rate favoritism at once. It would not be for his office to fix the schedule of rates, but only to see that everyone paid the schedule rate no more and no less. The actual payments of rebates back to shippers is now seldom done but favoritism is done in many ways. One way is to give favoritism in freight rates by billing goods at one-half their weight. Another way is by means of the private switches or tracks which connect many business places with the railroads. One of these little railroads a quarter of a mile long may get 25, or even 50, per cent of the freight money charged by the railroad it connects, and which carries the freight hundreds of thousands of miles. Private freight cars leased to the railroad at exhorbitant rates are another means, and still another is the giving of large commissions to a go between for getting the freight.

"This favoritism in freight rates is also used to defeat the national tariff by giving foreign goods a freight rate low enough to enable them to come in and be sold at a profit, in spite of the protective tariff. Goods are carried from England and Germany to Denver, for example, for a less rate than the same domestic goods have to pay from Chicago to Denver. This favoritism in freight rates and passenger rates is also a wrong to the railroad stockholders. There are roads now paying three or four per cent dividends which would be paying nearer ten per cent if the favoritism in freight rates was stopped.

"No wonder a growing number of people want the government to take the railroads."—The Commoner.

May be a Good Suggestion.

One thing that was suggested by the ladies of the Federated club during their talk before the city council last week that might be a good matter for the city fathers to ponder over, was that of buying a portion of the Lyon property down the river for a park. We have heard a lot about parks of late, some of which has been worth hearing and some of which has not been so interesting, but there is no question but what the site suggested by the ladies down the river is much nicer and more appropriate than the piece of land that the city fathers have been discussing up the river. Of course the excuse is being made that the place up the river will be excellent for manufacturing sites in case the city does not care to use it as a park, which may be true In fact, we think it would be better for manufacturing sites than anything else, and if bought at all it should be bought expressly for this purpose, so that if at any future time it should be desirable to turn it over to some manufacturing plant there would be no question as to whether it could be done or not.

The city is now involved in litigation over the matter of whether it has a right to build a public building on its property or not, the complainants in the case claiming that as the ground had been taken originally for a market square it could not be used for a public building. The same question might come up in case the city bought a piece of land for a park and then wanted to donate it to a manufacturing plant. If the city is going into the real estate business, we say, make it real estate. If we are going to establish a system of parks, make it parks, and have no question about the matter.

Give the Boy a Chance.

We want to talk to you about your boy.

We will assume that he is, apparently, an everyday, ordinary boy, with the usual amount of spirits, mischief and hard-headedness. We will take for granted that he has not always been as good as he might have been, and that you have been fortunate enough to find this out. We will also suppose that he is occasionally just about as big a handful as either you or his mother cares to contend with, and that, he has his share of ignorance and wisdom, affection and temper, good and bad.

We will agree that he seems to have in him the making of a good average man.

But what else has he? What else is inside of that head? What else is hidden in the personality that looks out of those eyes? What else is hidden is there locked deep in that undeveloped brain? What else can those hands do some day, those eyes perceive, that brain create?

All the human ability that there is, or ever has been, or ever will be, may be sleeping in the soul of that everyday boy. We like to think of this as the miracle of childhood.

There are infinite possibilities in every child.

Yours may have it in him to be as eloquent as Cicero, as strategic as Hannibal, as poetic as Milton, or as melodious as Beethoven. He may be as great a patriot as Washington, as profound a thinker as Darwin, or as magnetic a leader as Mahomet. If there are to be any great men and women of tomorrow they must develope from the boys and girls of today.

You do not want to take the chance of robbing yours of what belongs to them.

Suppose they had made a notion clerk of Roosevelt, or a doctor of Moody, or a stable-boy of Shakespeare?

The great men became great because they discovered in time what was hidden away inside of them.

But think how many more greater men and women the world has lost because neither parents nor early training nor circumstances encouraged them to find and use the talents with which they were born.

Surely, as the poet Gray put it, there are Hampdens and Miltons and Cromwells in every country church yard!

There is some one thing that your boy and your girl will be able to do better than anything else.

Find out what it is. If you lay brick, your boy may build bridges. If you care only for society, your girl may have monuments erected to her memory as one who gave up her life for nobler things. If you heal the sick in body, your boy may heal the sick in soul. If you follow he may lead.

Give the boy a chance.—Milwaukee Journal.

Will Cure Consumption.

A. A. Herren, Finch, Ark., writes: "Foley's Honey and Tar is the best preparation for coughs, colds and lung trouble. I know that it has cured consumption in the first stages." You never heard of any one using Foley's Honey and Tar and not being satisfied. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Condimental Stock Foods.

Investigations made by the University of Wisconsin Agricultural Experimental Station during the past year show that $300,000 is spent annually by Wisconsin farmers upon condimental stock foods that have practically no feeding or medicinal value. The results of the investigation are now being published in a bulletin entitled "Condimental Stock Foods" by Professor F. W. Woll, chemist of the experiment station. Statistics taken in three representative counties of the state,—Walworth, Fond du Lac, and Trempealeau,—were used as a basis for the computation of the amount and quality of these "patent medicines for farm animals" sold in the state. It was found that Walworth county farmers buy annually $1,211 50 of these feeds from regular dealers, while farmers in Fond du Lac county spend $3,711 60, and Trempealeau county men invest $3,273 69 similarly. Taking the total rural population of the three counties as 7,500 and that of the state as 2,230,000 (according to the census of 1900), it is computed that the aggregate amount of condimental stock feeds sold annually in the state by dealers is $184,000. Half as much more is sold by peddlers who go from farm to farm, which makes a total of $300,000 invested annually by farmers of the state in these feeds. At the average price of ten cents a pound, this expenditure represents 3,000,000 pounds, or 1,500 tons of the feeds consumed in Wisconsin each year. A careful chemical analysis has been made of samples of all these stock feeds sold in the state, and tests were made upon animals on the experimental farm. Results show positively that the condimental feeds are of no benefit to healthy animals, either in aiding digestion or in adding to the animals' production of flesh, milk, or wool; and that they are of no benefit to diseased animals, either when used as a cure all, or in specific diseases. The prices charged are exhorbitant, since but a small proportion of the ingredients are medicinal, the remainder consisting of some filler, as wheat screenings or cereal hulls. The farmer who considers special stock foods necessary at times can obtain better results at less cost by buying the ingredients at the drug store and mixing his feed himself The new bulletin also gives the results of similar investigation by other important experiment stations and authorities on animal husbandry, and all agree with the conclusions drawn by Wisconsin investigators.

Every Man His Own Doctor.

The average man cannot afford to employ a physician for every slight ailment or injury that may occur in his family, nor can he afford to neglect them, as so slight an injury as the scratch of a pin has been known to cause the loss of a limb. Hence every man must from necessity be his own doctor for this class of ailments. Success often depends upon prompt treatment, which can only be had when suitable medicines are kept at hand. Chamberlain's Remedies have been in the market for many years and enjoy a good reputation.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm (an antiseptic liniment) for cuts, bruises, burns, sprains, swellings, lame back and rheumatic pain.

Chamberlain's Stomach and liver Tablets for constipation, biliousness and stomach troubles.

Chamberlain's Salve for diseases of the skin.

One bottle of each of these five preparations costs but $1 25. For sale by Daly Drug and Jewelry Co

Making Pickle Contracts.

Nekoosa Times:—The H. J. Heinz Co. has made pickle contracts for 200 acres in the vicinity of Pittsville for this season, being about 50 acres more than last year when the farmers were paid about $8,000 for pickles. With the larger acreage this year and as many of the farmers will have better success because of their experience last year, probably about $12,000 will be paid out to them this season. The company has men carefully supervising the planting and instructing the growers in regard to the care of the vines and the picking of the cucumbers during the growing season, reports being made every day to the company. Very few of the farmers who raised pickles last year refused to make contracts this year, but a number of them contracted for smaller acreage having found that the amount they had last year was more than could be properly attended to. Everything points to a successful season and if the weather is favorable Pittsville will benefit greatly by the excellent salting station there.

High Price for State Lands.

The sale of state lands conducted by State Treasurer A. H. Dahl at Merrill Wednesday was the most profitable sale ever held in the state. The total amount received was $77,-980 for 4,120 acres, the appraised value of which was $72,631, making a total gain of $5,369 over the appraisal One forty appraised at $1,070 so d for $1,600 Another appraised at $1,340 sold for $1,955 due to the spirited bidding of real estate men from Austin, Tomahawk and Merrill

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Ladies. Brooke, Miss Feray; Olney, Miss Luella; Cole, Miss Anna L D.; Emmons, Miss Lydia; Getzloff, Miss Lillie; Martinson, Miss Bessie; Martinson, Miss Flov; Mokoskie, Adela; Sager, Mrs. John; Searls, Miss Pearl; Smith, Miss Clara; Young, Mrs Ella O. Young.

Gentlemen. Emery, B F.; Mansfield, Eugene C; Nonan, Andrew; Pratt, W E; Sheppard, Dr. W. A; Webb, A. M.; Yost, Fred Mr. and Mrs.

Free, for Catarrh, just to prove merit, a Trial size Box of Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Let me send it now. It is a snow-white, creamy, healing, antiseptic balm. Containing such healing ingredients as Oil Eucaliptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., it gives instant and lasting relief to Catarrh of the nose and throat. Make the free test and see for yourself what this preparation can and will accomplish. Address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large jars 50 cents. Sold by Wood Co. Drug Co.

OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENTS

SIGEL

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Martinski and four children were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sedall several days last week. Mr. Martinski has sold his farm near the Point and has purchased a residence in the above city.

Felix Walloch is employed as stone mason in your city, building the wall for the Reiland Packing Co.

At the Catholic church on Monday morning, Rev. Korczyk united in marriage Anton Walloch and Miss Josie Rick, two of the popular young people of this town. After the wedding ceremony a big dinner and dance was given in the John Jagodzinski's grove to about fifty families. Their friends around here extend congratulations.

Don't forget the big picnic on the picnic grounds, Sunday June 23 All are invited. There will be a good time for all who attend.

I'll stop your pain free. To show you first—before you spend a penny—what my Pink Pain Tablets can do, I will mail you free, a Trial Package of them—Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets. Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Period pains, etc., are due alone to blood congestion. Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets simply kill pain by coaxing away the unnatural blood pressure. That is all. Address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis Sold by Wood Co Drug Co.

VANDRIESSEN

Andrew Ingram visited at H. Slack's recently.

W. J. Smith, Will and Ned Hewitt attended the fair at your city Tuesday.

Mrs. Sam Coggins is a guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rous.

The exercises held at the Baptist church Children's Day were very good. As was the preaching by Rev. Woodward of Wild Rose, morning and evening.

R. Harvey of Plainfield attended services here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Apps of Wild Rose were callers at their old home here recently.

Melvin Garlsh was a Sunday caller at John Gunsley's.

George Kings and Ward Weldon drove to Mr. Tesser's at Saratoga, fishing one night recently and brought home a fine catch.

Harry Rous graduated from the school at Hancock June 7th and has returned home.

A letter from Mr. Mulkin's family, locates them near Atkins, Minn. They were about to leave there for N. Dakota thinking they had found one place worse than Wisconsin at last.

I will mail you free, to prove merit, samples of my Dr. Shoop's Restorative, and my Book on either Dyspepsia, The Heart or The Kidneys. Troubles of the Stomach, Heart or Kidneys, are merely symptoms of a deeper ailment. Don't make the common error of treating symptoms only. Symptom treatment is treating the Result of your ailment and not The Cause. Weak Stomach nerves the inside nerves-mean Stomack weakness, always. And the Heart, and Kidneys as well, have their controlling or inside nerves. Weaken these nerves, and you inevitably have weak vital organs. Here is where Dr. Shoop's Restortive has made its fame. No other remedy even claims to treat the "inside nerves". Also for bloating, biliousness, bad breath or complexion, use Dr Shoop's Restorative Write me to-day for sample and free Book- Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. The Restorative is sold by Wood Co. Drug Co.

NEKOOSA.

(From the Times.)

The home of Mike Brown and family on Wood's Farm, was reduced to ashes last Saturday forenoon the fire originating from a chimney burning out. Most of the household goods and clothing was saved, among the contents destroyed with the building being two badsteads, a barrelful of clothing and twenty dollars tied up in a handkerchief.

A movement for a Fourth of July celebration has been started and liberal subscriptions for that purpose have been made by our business men and public spirited citizens who want to see something doing here on that day. No doubt sufficient money will be raised to enable the committee to offer substantial prizes for a good variety of races and athletic contests.

One of the largest classes in the history of Sacred Heart of Jesus church, of Nekoosa, will be confirmed by Bishop Schwebach here on Tuesday, July 2. Some of the young folks of the class are from Babcock, of which parish, Rev. Jos. Feldmann is also pastor.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Douglas, in this city occurred the wedding of Mr. Frank Fischer and Miss Emma Douglas, the ceremony taking place last evening, Rev. W. H. Short being the officiating clergyman.

The farm house on Tony Gavre's farm adjoining the village of Nekoosa was burned to the ground last Thursday evening, the fire starting from a defective chimney which burned out just before supper time.

Unknown Friends.

There are many people who have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with splendid results, but who are unknown because they have hesitated about giving a testimonial of their experience for publication. These people, however, are none the less friends of this remedy. They have done much toward making it a household word by their personal recommendations to friends and neighbors. It is a good medicine to have in the home and is widely known for its cures of diarrhoea and all forms of bowel trouble. For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

—Low rates to Pacific coast via Chicago, Union Pacific & North Western Line. Very low rates for the round trip will be in effect to San Francisco and Los Angeles daily June 8th to 15th and June 22nd to July 5th ($20. additional for N. E. A. membership fee.) Also to Portland, Tacoma, Seattle and North Pacific Coast points June 20th to July 12th. June 20th to July 12th to Spokane. Liberal return limits. Variable routes. Favorable stop-over arrangements. For tickets and full information apply to any ticket agent of the North-Western Line. 5t.

RUDOLPH.

The monthly stock fair will be held on July 11th next month on account of the 4th coming on the regular day. A big fair is looked for and it is hoped that the farmers will all bring in some stock.

Rudolph is going to celebrate the 4th in the good old fashioned way. A big crowd is expected and they will not be disappointed as the committee in charge have arranged a fine program. There will be a big dance in Marceau's hall.

Mrs. Josephine Sigman died Thursday at her home in Carson after an illness of four months with tuberculosis. She was 62 years of age. The funeral was held on Saturday from the Catholic church at Junction City, after which the remains were taken to Stevens Point for burial in St. Peter's cemetery.

Geo. Piltz and Wm. Slattery drove a herd of cattle to Grand Rapids which were sold to a butcher.

Misses Annie and Mary Blair are home for a visit of several weeks.

B. Sharkey raised a new barn one day last week.

Emmett Slattery has commenced the erection of a new barn on his farm in this burg.

Miss Mary Redmond of Milwaukee is a guest of Peter Redmond and family.

Harry Brys is working at the carpenter trade with John Jacobsen.

Mrs. Rood, formerly Inga Jacobson, and little boy of Atlanta, are guests at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jacobson.

The Grandshaw hotel has been newly painted, which adds much to the appearance.

Charley Alberts erected a fine building last week, to be used as a granary and machine shed.

Thursday June 6th, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Zimmerman of Carson, occurred the marriage of their daughter, Miss Josie, to August Haybach of Wausau. Miss Ida Zimmerman acted as bridesmaid and a brother of the groom acted as groomsman. Many guests were present who were served with a fine wedding dinner and supper, after which the guests indulged in dancing until the wee small hours. The bride and groom received many pretty and useful presents. Mr. and Mrs. Haybach will reside in Wausau, and will take with them to their new home the best wishes of many friends in this community.

You can't tell a woman's age after she takes Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea Her complexion is fine. She is round, plump, and handsome; in fact she is young again. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Miss Grace and Ada Fox closed successful terms of school last Friday in Dists. No 9 and 10 in Carson

Mrs. Albert Scott and son of Star Lake are visiting with relatives here

Mrs Dolight Livernash of Star Lake is visiting friends and relatives here.

Miss Grace Fox has accepted the position as clerk in A. J. Kujawa's store.

Do Not Neglect the Children.

at this season of the year the first unnatural looseness of a child's bowel should have immediate attention. The best thing that can be given is Chaberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy followed by castor oil as directed with each bottle of the remedy. For sale by Daly Drug and Jewelry Co

MEEHAN.

John Clausier is helping Orin Clendenning break for potatoes.

Henry Blood bought a pony of John Smart last week.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Warner, June 15th.

Henry Lutz is breaking some new ground on the river bottom to plant potatoes.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wolosik were Stevens Point visitors last Saturday.

John Smart of Stevens Point visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Smart, last week.

If your stomach troubles you do not conclude that there is no cure, for a great many have been permanently cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Get a free sample at John E. Daly's drug store and give them a trial. They also cure constipation and biliousness.

M. H. Munger is canvassing for books for the P. W. Zeigler Co. of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Cline Cradle, who has been quite sick, is a little better.

William Closeman, who is working in your city, spent Sunday at home.

Richard and Gillman Green of Stevens Point were seen on our streets Sunday.

The Very Best Remedy for Bowel Trouble.

Mr. M. F. Borroughs, an old and well-known resident of Bluffton, Ind., says: "I regard Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as the very best remedy for bowel trouble. I make this statement after having used the remedy in my family for several years. I am never without it." This remedy is almost sure to be needed before the summer is over. Why not buy it now and be prepared for such an emergency? For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

SARATOGA.

Last Thursday at the German Lutheran church at Kellner occurred the marriage of Albert Koch and Miss Minnie Voight.

A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. P. Peterson last Wednesday.

There is no school in Dist. No 5 this week as the teacher, Miss LaVigne is attending the exercises of commencement week of the Training School. She is one of the graduates this year.

Miss Katherine Johnson of Grand Rapids visited at home over Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Lottie Peterson, who is clerking at Rowland's, spent Sunday at home.

Henry Hansen of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at home.

Piles get quick and certain relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Please note it is made alone for Piles, and its action is positive and certain. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large nickel-capped glass jars 50 cents. Sold by Wood Co. Drug Co.

Cured Hemorrhages of the Lungs.

"Several years since my lungs were so badly affected that I had many hemorrhages," writes A. M. Ake, of Wood, Ind. "I took treatment with several physicians without any benefit. I then started to take Foley's Honey and Tar, and my lungs are now as sound as a bullet. I recommend it in advanced stages of lung trouble." Foley's Honey and Tar stops the cough and heals the lungs, and prevents serious results from a cold. Refuse substitutes. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

??? ??

Isn't it strange how some people keep putting their money in speculations—wild cat schemes—money they have worked hard for—money they can ill afford to lose?

Better indeed, would it be have been had they put their money in the Savings Department of the Bank of Grand Rapids where it would have been safe and the interest sure.

Bank of Grand Rapids
WEST SIDE

For Sale

Lots 1 and 8, block 19, containing residence and barn now occupied by myself.

Lots 2 and 3, block 19 with house.
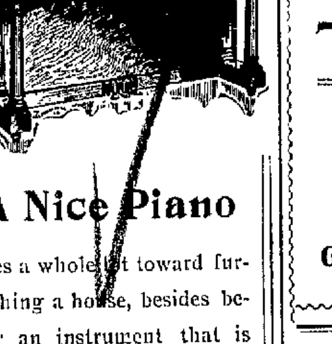
Lots 1, 2, 3, 6, 7 and 8, Block 24.

Lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, Block 25.

Will be sold separately or in one bunch.

Also my Hardware Store and stock for sale.

Robert Farrish,
Grand Rapids, Wis.



A Nice Piano

does a whole lot toward furnishing a house, besides being an instrument that is more universally played than any other. I can furnish you with almost any grade of instrument you may want, and they are all good. Do not be afraid to ask about them as it won't cost you a cent for information.

Mrs. F. P. Daly,
Grand Rapids, Wis.

WOOD COUNTY NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus $1,000,000.00

It is an advantage to have established business relations with a strong successful banking institution, and on this principle the Wood County National Bank respectfully solicits your banking business whether large or small.

One Dollar Starts a Savings Account.

FOR AGENTS—AN OPPORTUNITY!

"THE OLD WORLD AND ITS WAYS"

BY

William Jennings Bryan

NOW READY FOR SOLICITORS

570 Imperial Octavo Pages 200 Superb Engravings from photographs taken by Mr. Bryan

Recounts his trip around the world and his visits to all nations. The greatest book of travel ever written. The people are waiting for it. The agent's harvest. OUTFIT FREE—Send fifty cents to cover mailing and handling.

The Thompson Publishing Co., St. Louis, Mo

Heart Strength

Heart Strength, or Heart Weakness, means Nerve Strength, or Nerve Weakness—nothing more. Positively, not one weak heart in a hundred is, in itself, actually diseased. It is almost always a hidden tiny little nerve that really is all at fault. This obscure nerve—the Cardiac, or Heart Nerve—simply needs, and must have, more power, more stability, more controlling, more governing strength. Without that the Heart must continue to fail, and the stomach and kidneys also have these same controlling nerves.

This clearly explains why, as a medicine, Dr. Shoop's Restorative has in the past done so much for weak and ailing Hearts. Dr. Shoop first sought the cause of all this painful, palpitating, suffocating heart distress. Dr. Shoop's Restorative—this popular prescription—is alone directed to these weak and wasting nerve centers. It builds; it strengthens; it offers real, genuine heart help.

If you would have strong Hearts, strong digestion, strengthen these nerves—re-establish them as needed, with

Dr. Shoop's Restorative
WOOD COUNTY DRUG CO.

The Time, The Place and The Events.

The Time is Now, the Month of June and July

The place is Grand Rapids and the surrounding country.

The events are the terrible cyclones, tornadoes, windstorms and electrical storms you are reading of in every day's paper.

Thousands of dollars worth of property are being destroyed and hundreds of lives lost almost daily.

You cannot afford to risk losing your property without protection.

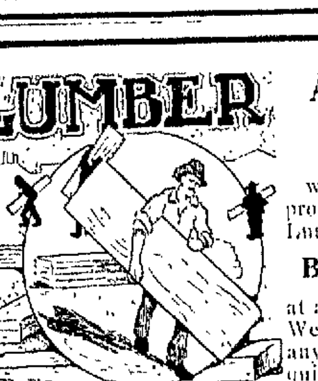
I will protect your city property against tornadoes and windstorms for the small sum of 10c per $100.00 for a term of 3 years.

Farmers I will protect your farm buildings against these same storms for 75c per $100.00 for three years. Or I will insure your buildings, stock, machinery, etc., against fire, lightning, tornadoes and windstorms for $1.75 per $100.00 for three years. No assessments. Can you afford to take the risk of losing your property without protection when good protection costs so little?

I also buy and sell Real Estate, loan money and make Abstracts of Title.

C. E. BOLES,

Phone 322 Lyon Block



A LUMBER YARD

where you can obtain promptly the best grades of Lumber and other

Building Material

at all times, is commendable We can supply you with anything and everything required, for which to build a fence, house, barn, store or factory. Get our figures on your next bill.

Parkinson-Marling Lbr. Co.

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

H. J. GIESE. Mgr. East Side Yard Phone 377
M. G. GORDON, Mgr. West Side Yard Phone 169

T. A. TAYLOR. WM. SCOTT.

TAYLOR & SCOTT

Abstracts, Loans, INSURANCE and Real Estate.

Telephone No. 364.

GRAND RAPIDS WISCONSIN.

THE BEER THAT IS BEST

GRAND RAPIDS BEER

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

WEEKS & WEEKS



—PRODUCERS OF—

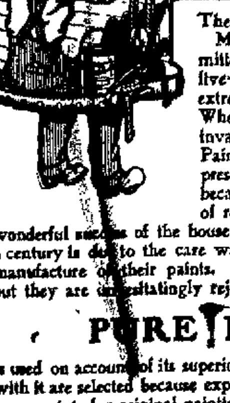
HIGH GRADE CEMETERY MEMORIALS, CUT STONE, ETC.

In buying a family monument, remember it is for all time, therefore the best is none too good. Quality is better than Quantity. An ARTISTIC memorial is rather more to be desired than a meaningless pile of stone that has no beauty. Our designs are up-to-date, and our prices as low as any legitimate dealer in the state considering the quality of work produced. Give us a call and we will guarantee satisfaction.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

MASURY'S HOUSE PAINT

THE PAINT WITH THE LONGEST LIFE



There is no question about it.

Masury's House Paints have been submitted to every possible test during the past sixty-five years. They have withstood the attacks of extreme heat, extreme cold, moisture and time. When properly applied on the proper surface they invariably give good accounts of themselves. Painters praise them because of their endurance and preservative qualities. Consumers endorse them because, by their use, they are spared the expense of repainting for the longest possible period. The wonderful success of the house of John W. Masury & Son for more than half a century is due to the care with which they select the ingredients used in the manufacture of their paints. Many substances could be used to lessen cost, but they are unhesitatingly rejected.

PURE LINSEED OIL

is used on account of its superior preservative qualities. The pigments ground with it are selected because experience has proved them to be best. In deciding upon paints for original painting or repainting you must remember it costs just as much to spread poor paints as it does to spread the best paints, and that in the interests of economy you should choose Masury's House Paints for the reason that they live the longest and retain their brilliancy of finish long after inferior paints have completely vanished. They are manufactured only by

JOHN W. MASURY & SON,
New York Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis

LOCAL AGENT;

Centralia Hardware Co.

BRIEF LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Mrs Arthur Holmes spent Sunday at Bethel

J R Ragan was a business visitor to Babcock Monday.

Miss Frances Ehmke visited friends in this city on Saturday

A. Decker transacted business in Merrill on Monday

Atty D. D. Conway was in Minneapolis Saturday on business

Louis Blenker of Blenker spent Sunday with friends in the city

A. J. Fround returned Saturday from a few days visit at Appleton

Mr and Mrs Sam Church were Sunday guests of friends at Wausau

Miss Isabel Demitz is employed at the Register of Deeds office this week

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Misses Emma and Louise Noetzel were Sunday visitors at New London

Miss Ella Kallman was a New Rome visitor a few hours on Saturday

Miss Bernice Johnson is spending this week with relatives at Medford

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John Farrish expects to leave next week for an extended trip thru the west

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Deputy Sheriff O Ludwig of Pittsville transacted business here on Thursday

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Warren Fisher spent a few days with friends at Horicon during the past week

Mr and Mrs S. N Whittlesey of Cranmoor were in the city shopping on Friday.

Dr Russell Lyon of Wausau spent Tuesday in the city visiting with relatives.

Mrs S H Smart left today for a few weeks visit with relatives at Monona, Iowa

Mrs John Maxwell of Park Falls was a guest of Mrs. Frank Otto several days last week.

Al Englebarger of Stevens Point has accepted a position in the marble works of W. L. Boyce.

Atty B R. Goggins and City Atty J. J. Jeffrey transacted legal business in Appleton on Friday.

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E. O Voyer leaves this week for the west where he expects to move his family if he finds it to his liking.

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Walter Sherman, who is a student of the State University, is home to spend the summer with his parents

Charley Nash is home from the University to spend the vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Nash

Mrs. Earle Pease departed on Friday for Milwaukee to spend a week visiting with relatives and friends.

Miss Alta Shermer returned to her home in this city on Thursday after a weeks visit with friends at Ashland.

Mr. and Mrs Dennis McCarthy and Miss Nora Slattery spent Sunday at the John Collins home at Stevens Point.

Bert McDonald has accepted a position as salesman in the dry goods department of the Johnson & Hill Co's store.

Louis Henke of Wauzeka was a guest of his brother, Will Henke last week, returning to his home on Monday.

Miss Baryl Thompson returned to her home in this city Monday after spending a week with relatives at Merrill.

Mrs. John Cepress and daughter Genevieve spent Sunday and Monday with Mrs. Cepress's parents at Stevens Point.

James Canning left on Saturday for a short vist at the home of his daughter, Mrs H. P. Corriveau, at Bartell.

Mr. and Mrs. William Scott of Port Arthur, Canada, were in the city the past week visiting with friends and relatives.

Miss Carrie Morrison of Marshfield, who has been a guest at the Rev. Staff home, left on Saturday for Wautoma.

E. B. Cottrill, general manager of the Wisconsin Telephone Company of Milwaukee, was in the city Thursday on business.

Mr. and Mrs F. MacKinnon expect to leave next week for Harshaw, where they will remain some time at their cottage.

Fred Ebert is quite sick at the home of his parents in this city His many friends hope to hear of his early recovery.

Miss Maude Tibbitts of Milwaukee has been in the city the past week the guest of Miss Carolyn Briere and other friends

A. N. Palmer was at Marshfield on Friday where he purchased two fine saddle horses for the Whelr & Palmer livery.

A. P. Hirzy, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gouger, went to Stevens Point Tuesday morning in Mr. Hirzy's auto.

John Severance has commenced the erection of new house on his lot on Maple St. V. A Baldwin is doing the carpenter work.

James Carrington and family departed on Monday for Lewiston, Idaho, where they will make their home in the future.

Henry W. Boyer died at Merrill on Friday after a year's illness with bright's disease. Mr. Boyer resided here many years ago and is remembered by many of our older residents.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Place and The Events,

e Month of June and July

Rapids and the surrounding

e terrible cyclones, tornadoes, al storms you are reading of in

rs worth of property are being ..d lives lost almost daily.

no risk losing your property

ity property against tornadoes small sum of 10c per $100.00

ure your farm buildings against per $100.00 for three years. ildings, stock, machinery, etc., tornadoes and windstorms for hree years. No assessments. he risk of losing your property good protection costs so little? Real Estate, loan money and e.

BOLES,

Lyon Block

R. A LUMBER YARD

where you can obtain promptly the best grades of Lumber and other

Building Material

at all times recommendable We can supply you with anything and everything required, for which to build a or factory. Get our figures on your

Marling Lbr. Co.

RAPIDS, WIS.

M. G. GORDON, Mgr. West Side Yard Phone 160

WM. SCOTT.

R & SCOTT

SURANCE and Real Estate.

phone No. 361.

WISCONSIN.

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S & WEEKS



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Louis Henke of Wauzeka was a guest of his brother, Will Henke last week, returning to his home on Monday.

Miss Beryl Thompson returned to her home in this city Monday after spending a week with relatives at Merrill.

Mrs. John Cepress and daughter Genevieve spent Sunday and Monday with Mrs. Cepress's parents at Stevens Point.

James Canning left on Saturday for a short visit at the home of his daughter, Mrs. H. P. Corrivoau, at Sartell.

Mr. and Mrs. William Scott of Port Arthur, Canada, were in the city the past week visiting with friends and relatives.

Miss Carrie Morrison of Marshfield, who has been a guest at the Rev. Staff home, left on Saturday for Wautoma.

E. B. Cottrill, general manager of the Wisconsin Telephone Company of Milwaukee, was in the city Thursday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. F. MacKinnon expect to leave next week for Harshaw, where they will remain some time at their cottage.

Fred Ebert is quite sick at the home of his parents in this city. His many friends hope to hear of his early recovery.

Miss Mamie Tibbitts of Milwaukee has been in the city the past week the guest of Miss Carolyn Briere and other friends

A. N. Palmer was at Marshfield on Friday where he purchased two fine saddle horses for the Wheir & Palmer livery.

A. P. Hirzy, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gouger, went to Stevens Point Tuesday morning in Mr. Hirzy's auto.

John Severence has commenced the erection of new house on his lot on Maple St. V. A Baldwin is doing the carpenter work.

James Carrington and family departed on Monday for Lewiston, Idaho, where they will make their home in the future.

Henry W. Boyer died at Merrill on Friday after a year's illness with bright's disease. Mr. Boyer resided here many years ago and is remembered by many of our older residents.

Miss Floy Quinn expects to leave on Friday for Madison, where she will attend summer school.

Peter Diedrich, who is engaged in putting in the dam at Kilbourn, was in the city several days the past week looking for men.

Mrs. Frank Cameron of Milwaukee spent several days in the city last week visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Tennant.

Miss Lizzie Hereshlieb was in Appleton a few days last week to attend the graduating exercises at the Lawrence University.

Beginning on Monday, June 17, the time of the afternoon train going east on the Green Bay & Western has been changed to 2:42.

Garry Mason attended the state shoot in Milwaukee last week but did not take part in the event. He reports a pleasant time.

Mrs Anton Hartl and children of the west side departed last week for Antigo where they will spend several weeks with relatives.

Miss Ada Funk of Janesville returned to her home on Monday after spending a week at the Wm. Henke home on the east side.

Henry Carlson went to Duluth Saturday to be gone a couple of weeks Henry will go to camp with the company from that place.

Otto Roenius returned on Saturday from a business trip to Eau Claire and Menomonie in the interest of the Grand Rapids Foundry Co.

At Voss, who has been in Milwaukee for some time past, arrived in the city on Monday and has taken charge of the Wood County Drug store.

O. G. Maldo, who has charge of the experimental station at Cranmoor, was in the city on Saturday attending to some business matters.

Miss Edith Rablin has sold her fine saddle horse to W. H. Dee of Houghton, Mich., the animal being shipped to that place this morning.

Mrs. T. P. Peerenboom left on Monday for Holland and Grand Rapids, Mich., where she will visit with relatives and friends for a short time.

Mrs H. P Painter of Cripplecreek, Colorado, arrived in the city on Friday to make an extended visit at the F. G. Carrington home on the west side.

Miss Mabel Lynn, graduate of the commercial course in the Lincoln school, has accepted a position in the office of the Oberbeck Bros. Mfg. Co.

A bouncing baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sibley of New London last week. Mrs. Sibley was formerly Miss Marie Pariseau of this city.

Roy Farrish and Ed Wheelan returned to this city last week from Michigan, where they had been engaged in estimating a large tract of timber.

Mrs. J. A. Gaynor and son James went to Madison last week to attend the commencement exercises, Miss Bessie Gaynor being among the graduates.

Mrs. Charles Ratelle and two daughters of Loyal arrived in the city to spend a few weeks at the home of Mrs. Ratelle's parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. Dudley.

Among the graduates of the Silver Cross Hospital Training School of Joliet, Ill, this year are Misses Della Jones and Bessie Huntington, both of this city.

Ted Payne has been nursing a very sore hand the past few days, having pinched a couple of his fingers in the calendar rolls at the South Side paper mill on Thursday.

Ray Johnson of Sartell, Minn., spent several days in the city during the past week visiting with his mother, Mrs. N. Johnson, and other relatives and friends.

Hans Hanson is the latest addition to the Grand Rapids band. Mr. Hanson is a cigar maker and plays trombone and is employed by the Grand Rapids Cigar Co.

O. A. Ludewig and Atty. F. S. Woodworth of Pittsville were in the city on Thursday on business in connection with the transfer of the Pittsville telephone exchange.

Miss Ethel Farrish arrived home from Minneapolis last week, having been in very poor health for some time past, and she hopes to recuperate by remaining here for a time.

Mrs. Jane Granger and daughter, Marguerite, left on Thursday for Minneapolis where they will spend a month at the home of the former's daughter, Mrs. W. O. Bradley.

Miss Carolyn Briere entertained a few friends at her High St., home on Wednesday evening of last week, in honor of Miss Maude Tibbits and Mrs. Frank Cameron of Milwaukee.

Miss Lyda Lessig, who has been teaching in the public schools at Madison, arrived here the past week and will spend her vacation with her parents in the town of Rudolph.

If the party who stole the harness and neck strap from John Wheir's place on the Sigel road last week will bring same back, and replace it no questions will be asked.—John Wheir.

Matthew McKaith Jr. was in the city a couple of days last week during which time he packed his household goods and shipped same to Eau Claire where they will make their home.

J. Herbert Saider, the defeated candidate for County Superintendent of public schools, has secured the principalship of the High school at Glenulah, Wis., at a remunerative salary.

Matt Bloomer of Vesper, cheese maker and farmer, was in the city on business on Saturday. Mr. Bloomer favored this office with a pleasant call. He reports crops out his way very backward.

Miss Ruby St. Amour visited friends in the city a few days during the past week, being on her way home from Appleton where she was a student of St. Lawrence University during the past year.

Last Friday while fishing up river near the head of Long Island Prof. F. L. Bliss succeeded in capturing two large carp, one of which weighed ten pounds. Mr. Bliss reports that he saw a large number of carp in that vicinity. This explodes the theory that there are no carp above the Nekoosa dam and may, to a certain extent, explain the scarcity of other fish in this vicinity.

The Wisconsin Central depot at Marshfield was burned on Sunday the fire catching from a rubbish heap near by. There was a lot of freight and baggage in the building which was burned, and the loss is said to be $20,000. The people at Marshfield has been wanting the Central to build a new depot at that point for some time past, and this will hurry matters very materially.

No greater mistake can be made than to consider lightly the evidence of disease in your system. Don't take desperate chances on ordinary medicines. Use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Fred Roenius, who has been in Canada during the past spring, returned to this city last week. Fred had been looking after the interests of the Grand Rapids Foundry Co. up there, where they had been selling quite a number of their coal chutes, but arrangements have been made for the manufacture of the chutes in Canada which scheme will save long distance costly shipments, and probably prove beneficial to both parties.

During the Civil war Wisconsin furnished 58 infantry regiments, four cavalry regiments, 13 batteries of field artillery, one battery of heavy artillery and one company of sharpshooters, a total in round numbers, with the recruit that afterwards joined the different organizations, of about 100,000 men. Of this number, according to the census of 1905, only 9,521 were at that time residing in the state. The number of soldiers serving in other states, but living in Wisconsin in 1905, was 5,348.

If you will make inquiry it will be a revelation to you how many succumb to kidney or bladder troubles in one form or another. If the patient is not beyond medical aid, Foley's Kidney Cure will cure. It never disappoints. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Stevens Point Journal:—Grand Rapids is having trouble with people stealing flowers off the graves in the cemeteries. That some of the Grand Rapids people are inordinately fond of flowers and equally unscrupulous as to how they obtain them was shown in this city last Sunday when some of the baseball excursionists raided private gardens and plucked every flower in sight. One lady put a stop to the raid on her yard by stopping to the door gun in hand and threatening to let a little sunlight into their souls if they didn't "git" at once. They got.

Civil Service Examination.

Clerk-Carrier.

An examination for the position of clerk (male and female) and carrier (male) will be held at the post-office in this city on June 29, 1907.

For application blanks, and for full information relative to the examination, qualifications, duties, salaries, vacations, promotions, etc., address Secretary, Board of Civil Service Examiners, Post-Office, City.

Death of Mrs. Crawford.

Mrs. A. B. Crawford of Marshfield died on Monday evening of last week at Marshfield. Mrs. Crawford had been sick for some time but her friends in this city did not realize that her end was so near.

Deceased was 54 years old and was for many years a resident of Grand Rapids, having left here to make her home at Marshfield.

The funeral was held on Wednesday from the Presbyterian church. The many friends in this city will sympathize with the family in their affliction.

The Ashes of Peleg.

According to a very ancient tradition, it is asserted that in the year 553 A. D., while workmen were engaged in trenching the salt mines in Prussia, they unearthed a triangular building in which was a column of white marble. At the side of the column was a tomb of freestone and over it a slab of agate inscribed with these words, which were in Latin: "Here rest the ashes of Peleg, grand architect of the tower of Babel. The Almighty had pity on him because he became humble."—London Telegraph.

Notice to Dog Owners.

—State of Wisconsin SS. City of Grand Rapids. Notice is hereby given that the dog license for the year 1907-1908 will be due and payable at the office of the city clerk on and after June 1st.

If not paid on or before the fifteenth day of July, 1907, owners of dogs on which license is not paid, will be liable to arrest under ordinance No. 53 of the city of Grand Rapids.

Dated at the office of the city clerk this 29th day of May 1907.

C. E. Boles, City Clerk.

Street Improvements Needed.

The western approach to the bridge has been improved very materially by raising the grade and putting down some new macadam. Our main streets are in a deplorable condition this summer and something should be done to improve them. The city fathers should consider something in the shape of a permanent pavement, the present system having proven only a partial success.

Church Announcement.

Mr. Robt. Kreitlow, who so acceptably filled the pulpit of the First Moravian church on June 9th, will again occupy the same pulpit next Sunday morning and evening. You are cordially invited to hear him.

COAL AND Wood

SEE F. KELLNER For the Best

TELEPHONE 530.

"The Old World and its Ways."

This is the title of a new and profusely illustrated book by Col. William Jennings Bryan, recounting his noted journey around the earth and through Europe, which was so widely heralded through the American Press.

The book is an illustrated and descriptive record of that journey, which is so memorable in current history. The journey embraced a period of a year, and covered practically all the nations of the earth.

Col. Bryan traveled with camera and pencil, and not only described, in brilliant phrase, what he saw, but further illustrated his journey by photographs. The photographs constitute a striking pictorial presentation and lend especial interest to the book. They number 240 and they show in picture the world as he saw it. They constitute just that many striking Object Lessons of the people of all countries in their cities, towns and villages—in their homes and everyday occupations.

The book will interest every reader as a unique presentation of a wonderfully interesting journey. It is sold only through solicitors. The Thompson Publishing Company, St. Louis, Mo., are the fortunate publishers. They advertise for agents in another column of this issue.

Bought Hardware Store.

Merrill Star:—E. T. Bishea has purchased the hardware business of John Erickson, in the Sixth ward, taking possession last Tuesday. He will put in a complete line of hardware, paints, oils and wall paper, and keep the stock up to the demands of the public. 'Gene has been "sawmilling" for years, but has become tired of it, and having a desire to settle down to some steady business at home, he made the deal. We know of no reason why he should not do a good business over there, and believe he will, for 'Gene will give his entire attention to the matter and see to it that the patrons get what they want, get it when they want it, and get it at right prices.

WANTED—A girl at the Commercial Hotel.

GERMS IN THE SKIN SCIENCE IN PURSUIT.

Eczema Sufferers will be Interested in a Pamphlet on Diet, Exercises, etc., which may be had Free at Daly's Drug Store

The eczema germ is a curious parasite. Scientists are astounded to the daily use of the microscope find difficulty in detecting it.

The germ lives only in the skin, and multiplies where the skin is weak and susceptible. It feeds on the oily substances, developing at the rate of thousands and tens of thousands daily. Nature controls them, but if the skin is weak the germs must be destroyed by an external remedy.

Oil of wintergreen properly mixed with other soothing ingredients is the best remedy so found for all kinds of skin troubles. But oil of wintergreen alone will not suffice, and it is only when properly combined—as in D. D. D. Prescription—that we get a liquid that really cures while INSTANTLY relieving the itch.

"I wish to thank the wonderful cure that the D. D. D. Prescription did for my baby boy that had eczema," says Mrs. A. L. Workman, of No. 3 Wights Add., Trinidad, Col. "We bought only one bottle after using the trial bottle and he has been cured for three months or more and no symptoms of it coming back."

D. D. D. Prescription is a mild soothing liquid made for a number of years by a Chicago company. It is no ordinary patent medicine and we thoroughly investigated the merits of the remedy before recommending it to people in our own town Daly Drug & Jewerly Co. Call at our store and we shall be glad to show you a bottle of the remedy, and no matter whether you buy the remedy, we will be glad to give you a pamphlet free of charge, this pamphlet telling about the diet, exercise, clothing and other treatment required for skin sufferers.

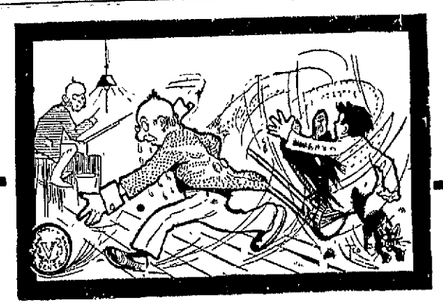
The medicine that sets the whole world thinking.

The remedy on which all doctors agree.

The prescription all your friends are taking is

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea.

Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.



A LIVELY CHASE

After a nickel is avoided when purchasing the material for your new home of us. We save you money. We have everything you need, from cellar to roof---shingles, siding, flooring, lath, etc., and of the best quality, at the lowest prices. Come and see us before going elsewhere or you may regret that you failed to do so.

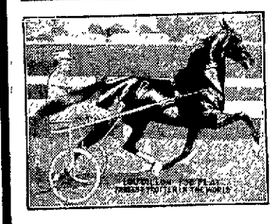
KELLOGG BROS. LBR. CO.

Gold Coin Stock Foods.

SIX FEEDS FOR 1 CENT! ON 30 DAYS TRIAL

Pail Tub or Barrel

The largest stock feeders in the country use Gold Coin Tonics. Many started by taking advantage of this Trial Offer. You can do the same. We guarantee you extra profits. Gold Coin Tonics are scientifically prepared from Roots, Barks, Seeds and Herbs which animals were able to secure in their wild state, but which you must supply them now. These scientific Tonics give your stock a chance to do better. You only put a tablespoonful of these "Tonics" in the regular feed; it sharpens the appetite, purifies the blood, aids digestion, strengthens the kidneys and keeps the animals healthy and growing. These animals increase 15 to 25 per cent over the old methods of feeding.



One of these beautiful pictures of LOU DILLON, 1:58 1-2, will be given FREE to any stock owner who calls at my store and asks for it.

Ex-Governor of Wisconsin Finds Gold Coin Horse Tonic to be as Represented.

GOLD COIN STOCK FOOD CO., St. Paul, Minnesota,

Gentlemen:—I am pleased to inform you that the "Horse Tonic" which I ordered and which was duly received, proves to be most excellent and I heartily recommend its use. Yours truly,

THAD C. POUND, Ex. Gov., Chippewa Falls, Wis.

MY COWS GIVE MORE MILK

Gentlemen: I am feeding "Gold Coin Cattle Tonic" as a dairy food to my milk cows with the most gratifying results. All of them are giving more milk than before. If you want a hearty endorsement of your "Gold Coin Cattle Tonics" as a milk producer please use mine. I believe no farmer should be without your "Cattle Tonics." It makes every cow milk to a profit. I beg to remain

Yours very truly,

FRED FRIER, Welsh, Minn.

CLEANS OUT THE WORMS

Dennison, Minn., June 12, 1906.

Gold Coin Stock Food Co., St. Paul, Minn.—Gentlemen: This is to certify that last November I bought 25 lbs. of Gold Coin Hog Tonics and used it according to directions on my ten shoats. Was surprised to find worms in the droppings and found in a week they began to get better appetites, and from that time began to thrive. When I sold them they were only seven months old, were fit for market and weigh 2,250 lbs. I heartily endorse the use of Gold Coin Stock Tonics. Respectfully,

ROBERT ROWIE.

GOLD COIN POULTRY TONICS—What Gold Coin Poultry Tonic is for, 50 Feeds for 1 cent—A stimulating tonic for the egg passages to increase egg formation. It contains Iron, Lime, Sassafras and eleven other Roots and Barks to cure and prevent poultry diseases, as roup, pipgapes, chicken cholera, leg-weakness vertigo, etc.

GOLD COIN GERM KILLER AND DIP—The most practical disinfectant for stables and outbuildings. Destroys all disease germs. Cleanses and purifies filthy places, thus preventing the cause and spread of disease. Prevents hog cholera.

GOLD COIN COLD AND DISTEMPER CURE—A specific for distemper in young or old horses. Quickly cures coughs, colds, etc.

GOLD COIN LOUSE POWDER—Kills lice, ticks, lice on poultry pigeons dogs, cats, stock, also plant lice, moths etc.

GOLD COIN HEAVE POWDERS—The most scientific heave cure known for all cases of short wind, chronic roaring coughs, etc.

GOLD COIN WORM POWDER—Kills all worms and bots in horses, hogs sheep, etc.

All "Gold Coin Goods" are guaranteed under the Pure Food Law. Government Number 4901. This proves their purity and strength. We consider them the best goods of their kind made.

Recommended and Guaranteed by

Wm. Deidrich & Otto's Pharmacy

THE RESULT

of Systematic Saving is Independence.

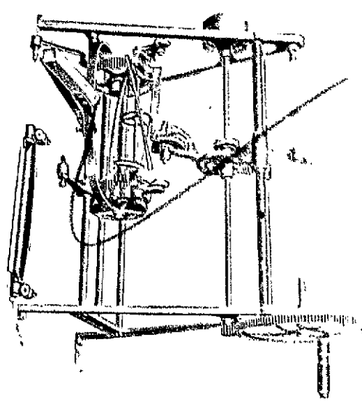
Your money is an ever faithful servant. The interest we pay on savings deposits keeps piling up day and night, and this makes saving easier. Saving in youth and middle age means independence and the comfort of life in old age.

One Dollar is Enough to Start an Account

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

GRAND RAPIDS - - - WISCONSIN

Sharpen Your Lawn Mower



I have recently purchased a machine for the sharpening of lawn mowers which does the work in a manner that can not be done by hand. A lawn mower sharpened by one of these machines is absolutely perfect, and will cut as good as a perfectly new mower. It never fails to give satisfaction. Bring in your mower and have it put into shape for the spring trade. The first time you mow your lawn will save enough backache to more than pay for the job.

F. BEADLE,

The All Around Handy Man.

Small Ice Bills

The size of your ice bill depends on wheter you have a refrigerator or not and if you have one---on the kind. We have refrigerators in all the leading makes. Call and let us explain their advantages.

GEO. W. PURNELL,

HARDWARE, East Side.

VICTORIA, DEWEY, SUNBEAM

A WISE WOMAN

Knows that one of the first requisites in making good bread is to have first-class flour, and she will generally have it if it is obtainable.

A WISE MAN

Will always see to it that his wife has good flour and to make sure of the matter he will order VICTORIA, DEWEY or SUNBEAM.

GRAND RAPIDS MILLING CO.

IN POLITE SOCIETY



Noisy people are not tolerated; and that is one reason why Treadeasy shoes find such favor among well bred women.

Treadeasy shoes have full rubber heels and cork cushion insoles and neither squeak nor clatter.

Treadeasys are made in all the newest shapes and leathers and the price is always $3.50 the pair.



Sold Only By

I. Zimmerman,

.. REPAIRING ..

I do anything in the line of Repairing Sewing Machines, Bicycles, Razors, Shears and Saws sharpened. All my work guaranteed.

The Best Carpenter Tools Can always be found here.

A full line of Fine Cutlery, Guns and Revolvers kept in stock. Give me a call.

D. M. HUNTINGTON,

East Side, near City Hall.

Chamberlain's COLIC, CHOLERA AND Diarrhoea Remedy

Is a reliable, pleasant and safe remedy for bowel complaints both in children and adults. Buy it now; it may save life.

If you would enjoy tomorrow take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets tonight. They produce an agreeable laxative effect clear the head and cleanse the stomach Price 25 cents. Samples free at Daly Drug and Jewelry Co

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

GRAND RAPIDS, - WISCONSIN.

How can a woman be chairman of anything

New York produces more hops than any other American state.

While the airship races are in progress the wise spectator will stand from under.

Striking bell boys in New York are kicking on their meals, an infringement on the prerogative of the patrons.

Does anyone still imagine that wealth guarantees the happiness of homes? If so, let him read the news a few years.

It will soon be time for Uncle Mark Twain to exchange that winter white suit for a summer fur overcoat. It pays to advertise.

Henry James says he never heard an American woman say "thank you." Then, doubtless, Henry never earned that little reward.

According to a physician, an ugly nose indicates a large brain. Not necessarily. It may indicate lack of skill behind the bat.

Probably that Wabash minister who has dedicated his seven hundredth church has not had time to notice the alleged decline in religion.

We don't know whether it is true or not that the robins are beginning to worry for fear the cherries this year won't be ripe as soon as usual.

The next king of Spain will be fortunate in taking hold of a government that has begun to think about the future instead of dwelling in the past

What a sad waste of money the submarine boats would have represented if it had been discovered at this late date that their crews could not live in them!

Having tried the whipping post, Baltimore does not like it. There are very few cities in the country whose social conditions are so desperate as to demand such a remedy.

Sure enough, there are strained relations among the little republics of Central America If one of them speaks above a whisper all the rest of them jingle the burglar alarm.

Farmers who were mad because they could not get cars to haul their wheat to market are glad now that they were compelled to keep it till the price went sky-rocketing.

In 1897 the Greek emigrants to the United States numbered only 57. For the three years 1903-4-5 the total was 36,000, and for the fiscal year 1906 the number had risen to 23,000.

The British barmaids will next proceed to storm the house of commons for their preservation. The chances are that they will be less fervently resisted than were the suffragettes.

Mauser rifles have been made by their inventor much more deadly than before. Possibly he has been grieving over what they didn't do to the Americans during the war with Spain.

St Paul doubtless requires the women to keep silent in the churches so that there might be one spot where the man might keep his vocal powers from being eliminated through disguise.

If Editor Stead can secure peace by persuading American young men to raise $1,000,000, his method must be credited with being less expensive by far than the old-fashioned method of fighting for it.

One of our cities is cleaner than it used to be. On the waste-barrels which stand on the streets is painted, instead of the bald injunction, "Throw rubbish here," a winning request, "Please help us to keep the city clean." Citizens have been seen to read that sign and walk back half a block to pick up a banana skin.

Most people are not familiar with the sight of a woman smoking a cigar, but the old Indiana woman whose smoking offended the guardians of the St. Louis Union railway station was probably not far wrong in saying that a woman looks better with a cigar in her mouth than when she is chewing gum. Certainly she could not look much worse.

The American government has been keeping house for Cuba while the mistress of the house was sick. Now that the temporary caretaker is preparing to leave, it has been decided that Cuba will have to pay the expenses of the American occupation. Since Cuba is poor, however, there will be no unneighborly haste in collecting the bill, which will amount to $2,000,000 or $3,000,000.

Wonder, Nev., wants a sky pilot who is handy with a gun. Where is the ministerial gent of this community who used to preach, shave, cut hair, shampoo, guarantee to raise a crop on bald heads, talk from both sides of his mouth at one and the same time and occasionally bound into the squared circle, jabbing, punching, uppercutting, side-stepping and saying worldly—yea, carnal—things under his breath until roughly jolted into dreamland? He should take his professional kit and hike for Wonder, because the call is for just that sort of a fighting parson.

Women, according to the decision of a Cleveland lady who has investigated the matter, can never be the equals of men as long as they wear fine clothes. There are plenty of men who will gladly do all they can to assist in spreading this doctrine.

W. T. Stead does not go in very strongly for epigrams. They make attractive reading, but are not sufficiently expansive for the purposes of an editor who enjoys Mr. Stead's deserved reputation as a voluminous producer of copy.

Caruso has signed a contract which provides that he shall receive a salary of $200,000 a year for the next four years. Instead of bringing your boy up to be a life insurance president make him a tenor.

What does it really matter that the Queen of Spain has decided not to nurse her baby? Many a child has flourished on nothing but near-human food.

The $5,500,000 found in the grip of a man arrested in Brooklyn was real stage money.

SCHMITZ IS GUILTY

SAN FRANCISCO'S MAYOR IS CONVICTED OF EXTORTION.

SENSATIONAL TRIAL ENDS

Defendant Shows Littlle Emotion When the Verdict Is Read—Judge Dunne's Charge to the Jury.

San Francisco.—Mayor Schmitz was found guilty of extortion, as charged in the indictment, by the jury which returned its verdict in Judge Dunne's court at 10.20 o'clock Thursday night.

As the foreman read the verdict Schmitz sat unmoved, with his left hand to his chin. He apparently did not understand, and asked Attorney Barrett:

"What is it?"

"Guilty," said Barrett.

Schmitz's hand dropped to the table, but he showed no other signs of emotion.

After the jury had been polled Judge Dunne said the judgment of the court would be pronounced June 27. At the request of the district attorney the court ordered Schmitz taken into custody until that time, and he was taken to his home by the sheriff.

Still Asserts His Innocence.

Before leaving the court room Mayor Schmitz dictated the following statement:

"No matter what the decision of the jury, which was gotten under most adverse circumstances regarding myself, I still maintain and affirm that I am absolutely innocent of the crime charged and will fight the case to the last resort As I said before my trial, I did not expect nor did I receive fair or even decent treatment at the hands of Judge Dunne and realizing his prejudice I made every effort to have the case transferred to any other judge in the state. I do not take this as a defeat, and the decision makes me all the more determined to seek and secure justice in another court."

The morning of the last day of the mayor's trial was taken up with Mr. Campbell's closing address to the jury for the defense, a speech of great vigor. The afternoon from 2:30 o'clock until after five was consumed by Assistant District Attorney Heney in a fierce closing speech for the state.

It was the sentiment, equally expressed at both ends of the long table where the opposing lawyers sat, that Judge Dunne's charge to the jury was as fair and as nicely balanced in the scales of judicial indifference as a judge's charge may be.

Judge Dunne, in defining to the jury what the law means by a threat in connection with extortion, said it must be such a threat as would naturally cause a man of reasonably firm mind to give up his property in fear. He cautioned that a threat in extortion need not be verbal or direct. It may be unspoken and merely implied, and come fully within the meaning of the law. He charged that even if Schmitz received part of the money paid to Ruef by the French restaurant men, but did not know at the time of receiving it that it had been paid under threat, the defendant must be acquitted.

MRS. EDDY TO BE EXAMINED.

Court Will Name Master to Determine Her Competency.

Concord, N. H.—The defendants in the suit brought by the "next friends" of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the aged head of the Christian Science denomination, asking for an accounting of Mrs. Eddy's property, were successful in carrying a point Monday when Judge Robert N. Chamberlin, of the Merrimac superior court, announced that he would within a week appoint a master to conduct hearings and take testimony to determine whether Mrs. Eddy is competent to manage her own affairs.

A feature of the proceedings was the declaration of Gen. Streeter that the suit for an accounting of Mrs. Eddy's property was not brought by her son, George W. Glover, of Lead, S. D., and the others who appear as next friends," but was instituted "at the instigation of a New York newspaper which has been trying to discredit Mrs. Eddy and her religious teachings."

Rules Against Mrs. Birdsong.

Jackson, Miss.—The supreme court Tuesday delivered its decision in the case of Mrs. Angie Birdsong, charged with the killing of Dr. Thomas Butler, at Monticello, on December 23, 1906, affirming the sentence of five years in the penitentiary. Immediately after the decision of the court was made Gov. Vardaman granted Mrs. Birdsong a respite, which will act as a stay of execution for 30 days, in which time she can arrange and have published her petition for pardon, as the law requires.

Lake Steamers in Collision.

St. Clair, Mich.—The steamer Australia and her tow, the Polynesia, and the steamer Bethlehem were in a collision in the St. Clair river a short distance below this place Thursday, and as a result the two steamers are ashore, badly damaged.

Kills His Wife in Quarrel.

Wausau, Wis.—Henry Wolff, of the town of Easton, in a quarrel with his wife Thursday killed her with a blow of his fist as they were struggling for the possession of a revolver.

Murderer Dies in His Cell.

Bloomington, Ill.—Thomas Baldwin, awaiting trial for the murder of an entire family in this county, was found dead in his cell at the county jail here Wednesday. He had been in poor health since his capture.

Bands Quit G. A. R. Parade.

Canton, O.—Because a nonunion band had been engaged to take a part all the union bands engaged here at the state Grand Army encampment withdrew Wednesday afternoon just as the parade started.

Bad Train Wreck in Texas.

Dallas, Tex.—Eastbound passenger train No. 6 on the Texas Pacific was wrecked near Edgewood, about 40 miles east of here Monday. R. M. Flack, chief mail clerk, was probably fatally injured. Many others are reported to have received minor injuries.

W. H. Hemenover, Canton, Ill., Dies.

Canton, Ill.—William Hart Hemenover, 86 years old, formerly mayor of this city and twice judge of the city court, died Monday.

HARRY ORCHARD IN TEARS

ATTACK ON HIS MOTIVES MAKES WITNESS WEEP.

Declares He Is Seeking to Make Reparation for Crimes Because He Was Converted.

Boise, Idaho.—The men who are battling to save the life of William D. Haywood and the good name of the Western Federation of Miners made their greatest assault upon Harry Orchard Thursday, when, carrying the review by cross-examination of his life down to his confession, they bitterly assailed his guiding motives.

Six days they spent in stripping him before the jury of every shred of morality of character, and then, suddenly turning upon him in final fierce attack, they fought with every means known to the legal craft to convince the jury that Orchard was committing a crime in falsely swearing away the lives of innocent men in the hope of saving his own. They carried their attack to the very language with which the witness answered their questions, and everywhere they alleged by forceful implication that it was put into his mouth by men controlling him.

Orchard broke down when they recited to him the tale of David and Uriah, that Detective McParland related to him when he came seeking a confession. He fought to save himself, but tears filled his eyes and he rocked unevenly like a fainting woman. His voice lowered to huskiness, and he hid his face in a handkerchief. Then he steadied himself and went on strongly to the end. He defended his motives by saying that he had finally experienced conversion and penitence and had resolved to make all possible reparation by freely confessing all. McParland had told him that he was doing a great service for the state, and that states were kind to men who served them; there was no other promise.

For hours the defense hammered away on the motive of saving his own life It was suggested that Orchard had placed his future in the keeping of McParland; that the Pinkertons had sent money to his family in Canada; that he had been supplied with dates to strengthen his story, and that McParland had trained him as a stage manager would for his appearance on the stand, but all this Orchard denied. Then they tried to show him a pampered, petted, hero-like prisoner, fed from the table of the warden, addressed as "Harry" by Gov. Gooding and Warden Whitney, given freedom and liberties that no other prisoner ever had in the world, and all this consideration implying directly that he would never be hanged for killing Steunenberg.

At the noon recess former Gov. Peabody greeted Orchard pleasantly and he wept again.

Orchard left the stand at 2:30 o'clock, after having occupied it for a total of 32½ hours.

INVADERS ARE DRIVEN BACK.

Salvador's Army Defeats the Nicaraguans and Revolutionists.

Mexico City.—According to a cablegram received in this city late Wednesday afternoon, the Salvadorean army has defeated the invading forces which captured the port of Acajutla Tuesday and has driven them back to the coast.

One of the leaders of the invading army was John Moisant, a former resident of San Francisco and an American citizen. He is reported to have been captured by the forces of President Figueroa.

FATAL EARTHQUAKE IN CHILE.

Five Persons Killed and Buildings Ruined at Valdivia.

Santiago, Chile.—A severe earthquake was experienced Thursday at Valdivia. Several buildings and the railroad bridges were destroyed and five persons were killed.

Kingston, Jamaica.—After an interval of six weeks, an earthquake shock occurred here at 1:20 a. m. Thursday. It lasted four seconds and came from a little west of north. The maximum movement was slight. There was considerable alarm but no damage was done.

Passengers Jump Overboard.

Nome, Alaska. — The steamship Ohio, owned by the White Star Steamship company, struck on ice at Port Safety early Wednesday morning. A huge hole was stove in the ship's bow and she began to fill rapidly. A panic ensued among the passengers. Before the lifeboats could be lowered more than 75 persons had jumped into the watter. Two white men and a Chinaman were drowned.

Horace Greeley's Secretary Insane.

Allegan, Mich.—Don C. Henderson, once private secretary of Horace Greeley, and for many years publisher of the defunct Allegan Journal, has been taken to the insane asylum at Kalamazoo.

Typhoid Prevails in Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Twenty-seven cases of typhoid fever have been reported to the Pittsburg bureau of health in the last 24 hours and a serious epidemic of the disease is feared by the authorities.

Alaska Land for Settlement.

Washington.—By authority of the secretary of the interior there will become subject to settlement on September 30, and to entry on October 30, 1907, about 2,980,000 acres of land, in Alaska.

Springfield (Ill.) Mayor Drowned.

Springfield. Ill.—Mayor David S. Griffiths, of this city, drowned at one o'clock Wednesday afternoon endeavoring to ford on horseback a stream of water ten miles southeast of the city.

Carrie Nation Arrested.

Washington.—Carrie Nation, after haranguing a crowd in front of a downtown saloon Wednesday night, was arrested on the charge of disorderly conduct. She was released on $20 collateral.

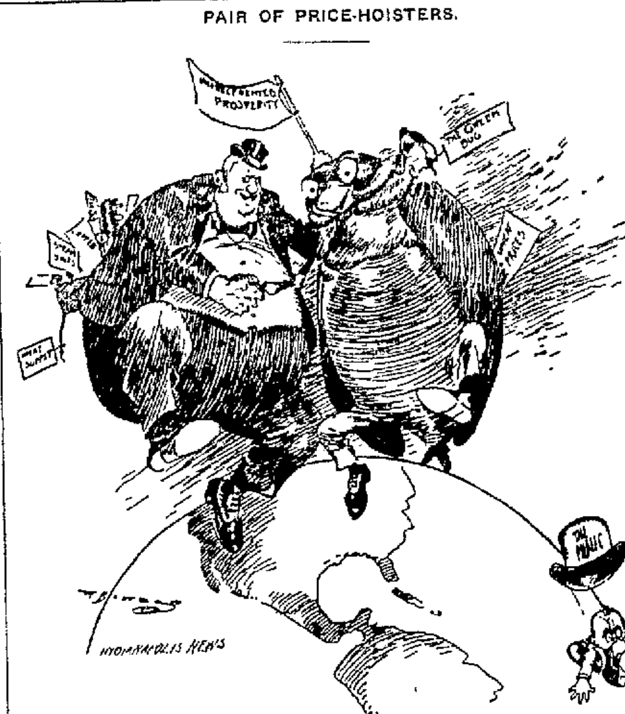
Dies in His King's Presence.

London.—While King Edward and Queen Alexandra were in attendance Tuesday night at a gala performance of the opera, with the king and queen of Denmark as their guests, Maj. Gen. Sir Arthur E. A. Ellis, extra equerry to the king, died suddenly during the performance.

Another Tornado at Duquoin.

Duquoin, Ill.—A tornado passed over this section Tuesday night, doing heavy damage. It is reported that there has been loss of life.

PAIR OF PRICE-HOISTERS.



With Bug Joining Trust, What Will Be Left for the Poor Public?

SIX MIDDIES ARE DROWNED

LADS FRESH FROM ANNAPOLIS DIE IN HAMPTON ROADS.

Crew of Five Also Lost—All Believed to Have Gone Down with Missing Launch.

Washington.—The loss at one time of six bright young midshipmen, fresh from the academy at Annapolis, and a boatswain and four enlisted men attached to the big battleship Minnesota —11 altogether—as reported briefly to the navy department Tuesday, was one of the most severe blows that has fallen upon the personnel of the navy since the Spanish war, in the estimation of the officials.

The first news of the calamity reached the department through dispatches from Norfolk. In the evening Admiral Evans sent the following dispatch:

"A ditty box belonging to fireman of the Minnesota's missing launch has been picked up afloat near berth 27 and I am forced to conclude that launch with all on board is lost. Have ordered board of investigation. Steamer last seen at exposition pier about midnight last night."

Because of their youth and very recent entry into the naval service, the young officers who were lost were not widely known outside of the naval academy. Midshipman Henry C. Murfin, Jr., was a native of Ohio and a member of the second class at the naval academy. Like the others he had been sent aboard the battleship Minnesota for a summer course of instruction, to afford the practical education necessary to supplement the theoretical work at the naval academy. Philip H. Field was a midshipman from Colorado who belonged to the first class of the academy. Midshipman Walter Ulrich, of the second class, was from Wisconsin, W. H. Stevenson, of North Carolina, was a member of the second class and Henry L. Holden, of Wisconsin, was a member of the same class. Midshipman F. P. Hocomb was attached to the Connecticut and is supposed to have taken passage on the Minnesota's missing launch. He was a member of the second class and was appointed to the naval academy from Newcastle, Del. His father, Thomas Holcomb, is employed as a clerk in the comptroller's office at the treasury department in this city and resides at 1619 Nineteenth street northwest.

SHOCKING TRAGEDY IN OHIO.

Man Kills Wife and Son and Shoots Mother-in-Law.

Ironton, O—One of the most horrible tragedies ever enacted in this section of the state took place on Symes Creek at about noon Thursday, when Charles Shafer shot his wife, her mother, and his eight-year-old boy, the latter being instantly killed, while Mrs. Shafer died about an hour later. Her mother, Mrs. Thacker, will recover. Family trouble is given as the cause of the shooting, and back of that is a long story of cruel and brutal treatment.

Arbitration Offered in Detroit.

Detroit, Mich.—The Detroit United Railway Tuesday afternoon, after receiving the ultimatum of the employes adopted at a stormy meeting, made a formal reply offering to submit to arbitration the entire working agreement between the company and men. The employes desired only the arbitration of their demand for an increase to 28 cents per hour. President Mahon and the other officials of the union will submit the proposition to the union. It is believed there will be no strike.

Sues to Preserve Indian Graves.

Leavenworth, Kan.—Lydia B. Conley filed a suit in the United States circuit court here Wednesday to enjoin Secretary of the Interior Garfield from disturbing the graves in the Huron cemetery, Kansas City, Kan., an old Indian burying ground. Following an act of congress, Secretary Garfield recently appointed three commissioners to sell the property, and the effect of the suit will be to tie up the sale. Miss Conley is a descendant of the Wyandotte Indians and a lawyer.

Saloons Close in Pittsburg, Kan.

Pittsburg, Kan.—This city was dry Tuesday for the first time in 15 years, every saloon here having closed at midnight upon order from Mayor Fisher, and as a direct result of Attorney General Jackson's crusade.

Three More Deaths from Explosion.

Connelsville, Pa. — Three more deaths have resulted from the natural gas explosion at the home of John J. Monoghan, which occurred early Monday morning, making a total of four fatalities.

Successor to Tams Bixby.

Washington.—Indian Inspector J. George Wright was appointed Monday commissioner to the five civilized tribes in the Indian territory, vice Tams Bixby. His appointment takes effect on July 1.

Six Miners Terribly Burned.

Johnstown, Pa.—Six Slav miners were frightfully burned, three perhaps fatally, as the result of an explosion that took place in a boarding house at Greenwich mine No. 2 near Barnesboro early Monday.

SENATOR MORGAN IS DEAD.

Veteran Statesman of Alabama Succumbs to Angina Pectoris.

Washington. — United States Senator John Tyler Morgan of Alabama, for 30 years a member of the upper house of congress, chairman of the senate committee on the



Senator John T. Morgan.

interoceanic canals, and prominent as a brigadier general in the Confederate army, died at his home here Tuesday night.

Senator Morgan had been in bad health for a number of years but had more or less regularly attended the sessions of congress. He suffered from angina pectoris which was the cause of his death. He passed away at 11:15 o'clock. At the death bed were his daughters, Miss Mary Morgan and Miss Cornelia Morgan, both of this city, and his secretary, J. O. Jones.

Mr. Morgan was born in Athens, Tenn., June 20, 1824. His home in Alabama was at Selma, where the funeral will take place, the body probably being taken from here Thursday.

The senator had held a number of important offices, including membership in the Hawaiian laws commission and arbitrator on the Bering sea fisheries. His chief active interest in the senate in recent years had been in connection with the isthmian canal question. He was a persistent advocate of the Nicaragua route.

PRESIDENT AT SAGAMORE HILL.

Oyster Bay Gives the Roosevelts a Heary Welcome.

Oyster Bay, N. Y.—President Roosevelt and his family are at home at Sagamore Hill. The trip from Washington, which was begun Wednesday morning in a drizzling rain, ended in sunshine at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

At Jersey City and Long Island City crowds surrounded the car, shouting greetings to the president, and when the train drew in here the station platform was thronged with neighbors, who extended Oyster Bay's usual demonstrative welcome.

After both the president and Mrs. Roosevelt had shaken hands with everyone, the family entered a carriage and were driven to Sagamore Hill. A chorus of cheers followed them.

Tate Confesses Scrip Theft.

Peoria, Ill. — Under promise of immunity from further prosecution and of a pardon from the Joliet penitentiary by Gov. Deneen "Eddie" Tate the "gentleman burglar," Thursday night for the first time admitted that he helped to blow the school board safe and stole 6,000 pieces of forger scrip being held as evidence against the former superintendent of school, Newton C. Dougherty.

Death Causes a Strike.

St. Louis.—The death of James Stewart, an iron worker, who fell ten stories Wednesday in the new Third National bank building being constructed, resulted in the strike Thursday of about 1,000 iron structural workers to enforce demands that temporary flooring be placed on alternate floors of buildings in course of construction, as required by a city ordinance. Contractors immediately yielded and began putting in temporary floorings to prevent workmen from falling to their deaths.

Green Bug Ruins in Ohio.

Circleville, O.—The green bug of Kansas is at work in this vicinity, having already destroyed many oats fields Stretches of 20 miles have already been destroyed. The bug is apparently moving southeast.

Leavenworth Saloons Closed.

Leavenworth, Kan.—The saloons of Leavenworth county were closed Monday for the first time in 18 years, as a result of the warning of the sheriff, backed up by Attorney General Fred S. Jackson.

Fatal Explosion of Gas.

Connellsville, Pa.—Mary Monoghan, two years old, is dead; Mr. and Mrs. John J. Monoghan, parents of the child, are dying, and three other persons are in a serious condition from burns received in a gas explosion early Monday at the Monoghan home.

Stray Torpedo Hits Steamer.

Kiel, Germany.—A stray torpedo Monday struck and badly damaged the German coasting steamer August while she was passing the practice range here.

DOUMA IS DEFIANT

REFUSES TO SUSPEND SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC MEMBERS.

DISSOLUTION IS AT HAND

Deputies Accused of Many Revolutionary Crimes—General Strike in St. Petersburg May Result.

St. Petersburg.—The dissolution of the lower house of the Russian parliament appeared Friday to be a question of only a few hours or at most of a day or two.

With only 130 opposing votes, the lower house Friday night rejected Premier Stolypin's ultimatum for the immediate suspension of 55 deputies for membership in the social democratic party, and referred the subject to a committee. Although the committee has been instructed to report Saturday evening, it is known in advance that the decision on the main question will be adverse, and that the douma will accept the recommendation.

An extraordinary session of the council of ministers was held Friday night to discuss the decision of the lower house. Up to a late hour no report had been received of the doings of the council, and no decree of dissolution had been issued. The general impression was that no edict would be promulgated pending final action by the lower house.

The session of the St. Petersburg committee of the social democrats was attended by a large number of the accused deputies. The committee discussed a proposal to proclaim a general strike in the capital. This meeting was held in secret, the police having occupied the headquarters of the party.

As soon as the house was called to order Friday the premier submitted an ultimatum saying that unless the demands of the government were granted, and granted immediately, the government would find itself unable to cooperate with parliament.

He then yielded the tribune to M. Kameshansky, the prosecutor of the St. Petersburg courts, who read a long indictment of the social democrats. The prosecutor then read specific charges against M. Alexinsky, Prince Tzeretell, M. Dzhapardize, Gerns, Ozel, Annikin, Byelousoff, Anisimoff, Kirienko, Lomatschidze, Lopatkin, Mittroff, Komar, Seyeroff, Salmikoff and Vinagradoff. The charges against the deputies named included almost every crime in the revolutionary calendar.

CONFIRM ORCHARD'S STORY.

Several Witnesses Substantiate Points in His Testimony.

Boise, Idaho.—The prosecution in the Steunenberg murder trial Friday, entering in earnest upon the substantiation and corroboration of Harry Orchard's testimony, showed a continuous thread of evidence connecting George Pettibone's store in Denver with Orchard at San Francisco engaged on the Bradley murder plot, partly another direct line by which it is hoped to show that Haywood engaged and paid Steve Adams for the same desperate work, and added special touches of confirmation to Orchard's general story.

WAIF HEIR TO BIG FORTUNE.

Harry Posner, of Kansas, Left $500,000 by His Father.

Howard, Kan.—Harry Posner, aged 19, a waif brought here from New York in 1899, and now studying at the Normal institute in Howard, Friday received a message from New York city stating that he had fallen heir to half a million dollars left by his father, who died in Cape Town, Africa. The boy's mother died when he was a child. His father disappeared and he had not heard from him in years until to-day.

BOODLERS ARE PARDONED.

Lehmann and Hartman Are Set Free by Gov. Folk.

Jefferson City, Mo.—Julius Lehmann and Emil Hartman, former St. Louis councilmen convicted of boodling and sentenced to the penitentiary over three years ago, were pardoned by Gov. Folk Friday and released after having served about half their sentences.

Eddie Guerin Is Set Free.

London.—"Eddie" Guerin, who escaped to the United States from Devil's Island, then came to England where he was arrested, and ordered to be extradited to France, was set free by the divisional court, which decided that the extradition act did not apply to the case.

Mayor Schmitz Sent to Jail.

San Francisco.—Eugene E. Schmitz, mayor of San Francisco since 1901, convicted Thursday night by a jury of the crime of extorting money from the owners of French restaurants in the issuance of liquor licenses, asked Judge Dunne Friday to release him on bail until sentence is pronounced Thursday, June 27. The request was denied by the judge who directed that Schmitz be taken to jail. The court intimated that the mayor, like any other convicted criminal, should be locked up in jail.

Alton Agreement Abrogated.

New York.—The agreement between the Harriman interests and the Rock Island company, entered into in 1904 for their alternative control of the Chicago & Alton railroad, has been abrogated by mutual consent, according to an authoritative announcement Friday. In the future, it was stated, the Chicago & Alton stockholders will manage the property. The Chicago & Alton officials explained that it was simply an instance of letting stockholders manage their own affairs.

Loses Bank's Funds on Wheat.

Seymour, Wis.—Thomas C. Coghill, cashier of the First National bank, has confessed that he has lost $40,000 of the bank's funds in the wheat pit during the last six months, and the bank is in charge of the national bank examiner.

Women Burned to Death.

Cincinnati, O.—Three women are dead and two seriously injured as the result of the burning of the four principal buildings of the Shaker settlement at Whitewater, O., Friday.

DIVERSITY IN SLEEVES.

As in the Case of Skirts, There Are All Sorts and Conditions.

There is wide diversity in the treatment of fashionable sleeves; in fact, it is a question whether or not they are more varied than skirts, for the best models among the latter are limited to six or seven styles. Not so with sleeves, however, which are as numerous in shape and design almost as the patterns of lace which adorn them. The open bell sleeve is a favorite model for dressy tailored suits, especially as designed for forenoon wear. The opening is usually bound with embroidery, lace or braid and underneath appears the sleeve of the blouse or guimpe.

One of the very smartest of the new sleeves has a long, tight undersleeve, with a "loop" extension at the inside, the outer sleeve being formed of rows of lace ruffles. The "loop" is a feature of many of the new sleeves on French frocks and makes a charmingly chic effect.

The fancy panamas used for dressy tailor-mades are so designed that they tempt one to the unique in sleeve effects. They combine the newest colorings with the last words in patterns, and, in addition, can be well handled by the average tailor. They are sufficiently cool and dust-resisting to make them a reliable fabric for spring and summer, while their cost is by no means extravagant. A gown in black and white striped panama exhibited in the Rue de la Paix this week was sufficiently striking to be picked out from a group of new models for especial admiration. The skirt is cut plain and touches the ground all around; whatever the fashion authorities of New York and London may say about the walking skirt's predominance, it certainly does not go in Paris for dressy occasions. Around the bottom of the skirt in question there is a fold of liberty satin, with a piping of plaited foulard on either side of the satin band.

TO TEMPT THE PALATE.

Raisin Pie—One cup raisins, two cups water, two eggs, three teaspoonfuls cornstarch, one and one-half of ginger, juice of two lemons.

Blanc Mange—A pretty effect may be gained by molding white blanc mange in egg cups ((arranging the molds in a circle, raising the center one), and garnishing the dish with strawberries and their leaves.

Cream Pie—Bake under crust when convenient. Put in double boiler one pint milk, three tablespoons sugar, one tablespoon tapioca, yolk of one egg; flavor to taste, when thick as custard, and add well beaten white of one egg. When cool add to your crust.

Mocha Tart—Beat seven eggs separately, add one cup of confectioner's sugar, one cup of pulverized graham crackers and one teaspoonful of vanilla extract, and bake in layers. When cold whip one-half pint of cream, add two tablespoonfuls of coffee extract and the same amount of confectioner's sugar. Place between layers and on top.

Indian Fruit Punch—Boil a pound of sugar, a quart of water and the grated yellow rind of a lemon five minutes and strain. Add a teaspoonful of bitter almond extract, the juice of three lemons, a teaspoonful of vanilla and two cupfuls of strong tea. When very cold add ice and a pint of effervescent or plain water.

Strawberry Pie—Put a good crust on a pie plate and brush it over with the white of an egg. In measuring ingredients allow half as much sugar as berries, and one-fourth as much flour as sugar. Mix sugar and flour together. Arrange berries and sugar in alternate layers on the crust. Cover the top with inch strips of pastry which cross each other and are pressed down where they touch the under crust. Bake in a quick oven.

The White Frock.

White may be worn by both stout and thin women, but while the thin woman may add touches of color to her toilet the one of more generous build should exclude them. Her costume must be entirely white. For evening wear black below the bust will be decidedly the best possible choice, relieved with a flat ivory lace arrangement about the decolletage, while for the slighter figure dove gray, silver blue or rich deep cream, a suit fichu of chiffon or lace trimming the bust, will be most suitable. A touch of pale blue or soft old rose may be the one note of color.

Fried Onions.

As usually served, fried onions are a delusion and a snare, but cooked in the Kenilworth ranch way it will be a rare thing if they go begging. Cut in slices and soak in milk ten minutes. Then dip in flour and immerse in boiling fat, hot enough to brown instantly. You can not keep the slices whole, after they have fried six or seven minutes. Take out with a skimmer, lay on brown paper a few moments to absorb every suspicion of fat and serve with steak or veal cutlets. They will be firm and thoroughly delicious.

Home-Made Perfume.

A pleasant perfume for clothes is made by mixing one ounce each of cloves, caraway seed, nutmeg, cinnamon and Tonquin beans, ground or beaten to a powder. Put this mixture in a number of little bags, and place them among the woolen clothes that are put away for the summer. It is said to be an excellent moth preventive also.

Green Pea Soup.

Press through a colander one can of green peas. Add to this two cups of water, one teaspoonful of salt and one heaping tablespoonful of cocoanut butter. Cook in a double boiler until the butter is melted. Dried peas may be used by first cooking until tender, then pressing through a colander.

Removing Cream Stains.

Milk and cream stains can be removed from linen cloths by washing the stains first with cold water and soap, then in the usual manner. Boil in water in which soda, in the proportion of one tablespoonful to three gallons of water, has been dissolved, and rinse thoroughly.

Lamps.

If a lamp flickers or does not burn brightly, put the burner in a pan of boiling water, to which has been added a half cup of common washing soda. Let boil for 20 minutes, take out, and when thoroughly dry put back on the lamp.

To Iron Embroidery.

This should be done on the wrong side with a thick ironing blanket beneath. In this way the embroidery stands out, and looks as handsome as when new.

JUST ABOUT APRONS

ARTICLE OF APPAREL LONG POPULAR WITH WOMEN.

Fashion Has Found Opportunity to Dictate Here as Well as in Matter of Dress.

Aprons are by no means modern inventions; their pedigree is extremely long and very interesting There have been fashions in aprons as well as in gowns for at least 600 years, for in illuminated manuscripts of the fourteenth century are obtained pictures showing long, narrow aprons, gathered at the top. These were more for utility than for ornament, but beginning with the reign of Queen Elizabeth the apron became and remained an important accessory to the toilet until late in the last century.

It was Queen Anne, or, rather, during her reign that lace aprons were followed by satin creations marvelously embroidered in colors and bordered with gold or silver fringe or lace.

The grande dame never wore a bib upon her apron; only children and the lower classes did this. The elaborate aprons were very expensive and were often of Oriental workmanship.

They came into wear even for dress occasions, these satin and gold lace affairs, and it was not until the shirtwaisted empire styles came into vogue that the dainty little ornaments, for such they had become, were gradually dispensed with.

In France very large aprons almost entirely hiding the scanty skirt were worn during the Napoleon era, but in other places the apron only appeared for home wear. In the time of our great-grandmothers it was made of shiny satin, usually black, but sometimes of gray hues, embroidered with hideous clusters of flowers and pipings or ruchings of lace.

To-day the apron has descended to its proper level, as suited only for home wear, but it is of two distinct classes, the working apron and the sewing apron. The latter are charming little affairs of lace, lawn, muslin, nainsook run with ribbon and trimmed with ruffles so dainty are they that it is a pity they are not worn more than they are In the sixties and seventies these pretty aprons, with smart little caps to correspond, were worn in the morning by almost every woman. It was a pretty fashion, and there were rumors of its revival this year—rumors which never materialized. Perhaps in the search for fashion of the past we will at length condescend to take this one up.

It certainly has its advantages. The little caps may hide a hastily arranged morning coiffure, but it also keeps it trim and neat when attending to household duties. The advantages of the apron are obvious.

By the way, charming little sewing aprons may be made from scraps left over from the summer frocks. The writer has two made of white barred dimity, with small wreaths of forget-me-nots over it. Some lace left over from the bodice of the frock was used as inserting and as edging for the bottom, which was finished with narrow tucks between the insertions. In this case the aprons were square and frilled slightly in the belt, the strings being also of the material inset with strips of the lace.

These aprons might have had blue ribbon strings or beading run with ribbon, but the maker used only the materials at hand, and the result justified the trial, for they not only were pretty but laundered excellently.

TO CLEAN.

Matting may be cleaned with salt water applied with a small brush. Rinse and dry thoroughly.

To clean windows use warm water and a little borax. Wipe dry, and polish with crumpled newspapers.

To clean venetian blinds, wash each lath separately with water to which a little ammonia is added. Sponge with clean water, and dry with a soft cloth.

Stains on blankets and other woolen goods can be removed by using a mixture of equal parts of glycerine and yolk of an egg. Spread it on the stain, leave it for half an hour, and then wash.

To remove grease spots from carpets, sprinkle powdered Fuller's earth thickly on the spot, cover with a piece of coarse brown paper, and put a hot iron on the paper; when the iron is cold remove it, but do not brush off the Fuller's earth for several hours.

Here are three good rules for cleansing a sink after washing up the dinner things. Collect any refuse by scraping it together with a little sink shovel and burn it. Scrub the sink with hot soda water. Pour a quantity of hot soda water down the pipe and then a flush of cold.

To remove stains of long standing from marble, mix together one gill each of soap-suds and ox-gall and half a gill of turpentine, then add as much finely-powdered pipeclay or Fuller's earth as will form a stiff paste. Apply the mixture with a brush, and let it remain on the marble for two or three days. Then wipe it off.

Delicious Pudding.

A homely pudding made on the farms comes near the Virginia idea of egg corn pone, which is more custard and cake than corn bread. Beat two eggs, add one pint of milk and half a teacupful of molasses. Sift together one cupful of cornmeal, one cupful of cornstarch and three teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Add the milk and eggs to the meal mixture, adding also one cupful of freshly boiled and cooled rice. Mix a thin batter, pour into a shallow buttered pan and bake in a hot oven. Cut in squares and serve at the table while hot.

New Touch in Upholstery.

Brown, red and a very dark bottle-green are quite familiar finishes for upholstery leather. A newcomer is a green of a very bright shade, just a trifle darker than the tint known as "grass" green, but of much softer tone. Upon inquiry one is told that these special finishes are very exclusive and are to be had to order, a delightful shade of old blue being a companion to this green, that would blend admirably with almost any of the finishes of oak furniture in vogue now.

Room Purified Easily.

Set a pitcher of water in the apartment and in a few hours it will have absorbed all the respired gases in the room, the air of which will have become much purer, but the water utterly filthy. The colder the water is the greater the capacity to contain these gases. At ordinary temperatures a pail of water will absorb a pint of ammonia. The capacity is nearly doubled by reducing the water to the temperature of ice. Water kept in a room a while is unfit for use, least of all for drinking.



CHAPTER X.—Continued.

I gathered up the fragments of Morgan's lantern and went back to the library. The lights in half the candlesticks had sputtered out. I extinguished the remainder and started to my room.

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JUST ABOUT APRONS

ARTICLE OF APPAREL LONG POPULAR WITH WOMEN.

Fashion Has Found Opportunity to Dictate Here as Well as in Matter of Dress.

Aprons are by no means modern inventions, their pedigree is extremely long and very interesting. There have been fashions in aprons as well as in gowns for at least 600 years, for in illuminated manuscripts of the fourteenth century are obtained pictures showing long, narrow aprons, gathered at the top. These were more for utility than for ornament, but beginning with the reign of Queen Elizabeth the apron became and remained an important accessory to the toilet until late in the last century.

It was Queen Anne or, rather, during her reign that lace aprons were followed by satin creations marvelously embroidered in colors and bordered with gold or silver fringe or lace.

The grande dame never wore a bib upon her apron only children and the lower classes did this. The elaborate aprons were very expensive and were often of Oriental workmanship.

They came into wear even for dress occasions, these satin and gold lace affairs, and it was not until the shirt-waisted empire styles came into vogue that the dainty little ornaments for such they had become, were gradually dispensed with.

In France very large aprons almost covered, and as the scanty skirt were worn during the Napoleon era but in other places the apron only appeared for home wear. In the time of our great grandmothers it was made of stiff satin usually black but sometimes of gay hue embroidered with brilliant clusters of flowers and pipings or ruchings of lace.

To-day the apron has descended to its proper level as suited only for home wear but it is of two distinct classes, the working apron and the sewing apron. The latter are charming little affairs of lace, lawn, muslin, organdie with ribbon and trimmed with ruffles, so dainty are they that it is a pity they are not worn more than they are. In the sixties and seventies these pretty aprons, with small little caps to correspond, were worn in the morning by almost every woman. It was a pretty fashion, and there were rumors of its revival this year—rumors which never materialized. Perhaps in the search for fashion of the past we will at length condescend to take this one up.

It certainly has its advantages. The little caps may hide a hastily arranged morning coiffure, but it also keeps it trim and neat when attending to household duties. The advantages of the apron are obvious.

By the way, charming little sewing aprons may be made from scraps left over from the summer frocks. The writer has two made of white barred dimity, with small wreaths of forget-me-nots over it. Some lace left over from the bodice of the frock was used as inserting and as edging for the bottom, which was finished with narrow tucks between the insertions. In this case the aprons were square and frilled slightly in the belt, the strings being also of the material inset with strips of the lace.

These aprons might have had blue ribbon strings or beading run with ribbon, but the maker used only the materials at hand, and the result justified the trial, for they not only were pretty but laundered excellently.

TO CLEAN.

Matting may be cleaned with salt water applied with a small brush. Rinse and dry thoroughly.

To clean windows use warm water and a little borax. Wipe dry, and polish with crumpled newspapers.

To clean venetian blinds, wash each lath separately with water to which a little ammonia is added. Sponge with clean water and dry with a soft cloth.

Stains on blankets and other woolen goods can be removed by using a mixture of equal parts of glycerine and yolk of an egg. Spread it on the stain, leave it for half an hour, and then wash.

To remove grease spots from carpets sprinkle powdered Fuller's earth thickly on the spot, cover with a piece of coarse brown paper, and put a hot iron on the paper; when the iron is cold remove it but do not brush off the Fuller's earth for several hours.

Here are three good rules for cleansing a sink after washing up the dinner things. Collect any refuse by scraping it together with a little sink shovel and burn it. Scrub the sink with hot soda water. Pour a quantity of hot soda water down the pipe and then a flush of cold.

To remove stains of long standing from marble mix together one gill each of soap suds and ox gall and half a gill of turpentine, then add as much finely powdered pipeclay or Fuller's earth as will form a stiff paste. Apply the mixture with a brush, and let it remain on the marble for two or three days. Then wipe it off.

Delicious Pudding.

A homely pudding made on the farms comes near the Virginia idea of egg corn pone which is more custard and cake than corn bread. Beat two eggs, add one pint of milk and half a teacupful of molasses. Sift together one cupful of cornmeal, one cupful of cornstarch and three teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Add the milk and eggs to the meal mixture, adding also one cupful of freshly boiled and cooled rice. Mix a thin batter, pour into a shallow buttered pan and bake in a hot oven. Cut in squares and serve at the table while hot.

New Touch in Upholstery.

Brown red and a very dark bottle-green are quite familiar finishes for upholstery leather. A newcomer is a green of a very bright shade, just a trifle darker than the tint known as "grass" green, but of much softer tone. Upon inquiry one is told that these special finishes are very exclusive and are to be had to order, a delightful shade of old blue being a companion to this green, that would blend admirably with almost any of the finishes of oak furniture in vogue now.

Room Purified Easily.

Set a pitcher of water in the apartment and in a few hours it will have absorbed all the respired gases in the room, the air of which will have become much purer, but the water utterly filthy. The colder the water is the greater the capacity to contain these gases. At ordinary temperatures a pail of water will absorb a pint of ammonia. The capacity is nearly doubled by reducing the water to the temperature of ice. Water kept in a room a while is unfit for use, least of all for drinking.

THE HOUSE OF A THOUSAND CANDLES

By MEREDITH NICHOLSON

AUTHOR OF "THE MAIN CHANCE," "ZELDA DAMERON," ETC.

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"Bates," I asked, "do you know what Mr. Glenarm did with the plans for this house?"

He started slightly. I should not have noticed it if I had not been so keen for his answer.

"No, sir. I can't put my hand upon them, sir."

"That's all very well, Bates, but you didn't answer my question. Do you know where they are? I'll put my hand on them if you will kindly tell me where they're kept."

"I fear very much, Mr. Glenarm, that they have been destroyed. I tried to find them before you came, to tell you the whole truth, sir; but they must have been put out of the way."

"That's very interesting, Bates. Will you kindly tell me whom you suspect of destroying them? The toast again, please."

His hand shook as he passed the plate.

"I hardly like to say, sir, when it's only a suspicion."

"Of course I shouldn't ask you to incriminate yourself, but I'll have to insist on my question. It may have occurred to you, Bates, that in a sense—in a sense, mind you—I'm the master here."

"Well, I should say, if you press me—that I fear Mr Glenarm, your grandfather, burned the plans when he left here the last time. I hope you will pardon me, sir, for seeming to reflect upon him."

"Reflect upon the devil! What was his idea, do you suppose?"



"Damn Your Pardon, and Go On!"

"I think, sir, if you will pardon—"

"Don't be so fussy!" I snapped. "Damn your pardon, and go on!"

"He wanted you to study out the place for yourself, sir. It was dear to his heart, this house. He set his heart upon having you enjoy it—"

"I like the word—go ahead."

"And I suppose there are things about it that he wished you to learn for yourself."

"You know them, of course, and are watching me when I'm hot and cold, watching me to see when I'm hot and cold, like kids at a child's game."

The fellow turned and faced me across the table.

"Mr. Glenarm, as I hope God may be merciful to me in the last judgment, I don't know any more about it than you do."

"You were here with Mr. Glenarm all the time he was building the house, but you never saw walls built that weren't what they appeared to be, or doors made that didn't lead anywhere."

I summoned all my irony and contempt for this arraignment. He lifted his hand as though making oath.

"As God sees me, that is all true. I was here to care for the dead master's comfort and not to spy on him, sir."

"And Morgan, your friend, what about him?"

"I wish I knew, sir."

"I wish to the devil you did," and I flung out of the room and into the library.

At 11 o'clock I heard a pounding at the great front door and Bates came to announce a caller, who was now stamping the snow from his shoes audibly in the outer hall.

"The Reverend Paul Stoddard, sir."

The chaplain of St. Agatha's was a big fellow, as I had remarked on the occasion of his interview with Olivia Gladys Armstrong by the wall. His light brown hair was close-cut; his smooth shaven face was bright with the freshness of youth. Here was a sturdy young apostle without frills, but with a vigorous grip that left my hand tingling. His voice was deep and musical—a voice that suggested sincerity and inspired confidence.

"I'm afraid I haven't been neighborly, Mr. Glenarm. I was called away from home a few days ago after I heard of your arrival, and I have just got back. I blew in yesterday with the snow storm."

He folded his arms easily and looked at me with cheerful directness, as though politely speculating as to what manner of man I might be.

"It was a fine storm; I got a great day, out of it," I said. "An Indiana snow storm is something I have never experienced before."

"This is my second winter. I came out here because I wished to do some reading and thought I'd rather do it alone in a university."

"Studious habits are rather forced on one out here, I should say. In my own case my course of reading is all cut out for me."

"The Glenarm collection is famous—the best in the country, easily. Mr Glenarm, your grandfather was certainly an enthusiast. I met him several times, though he was a trifle hard to meet!"—and the clergyman smiled.

"My grandfather had his whims; but he was a fine, generous-hearted old gentleman," I said.

"You haven't been on our side of the wall yet? Well, I promise not to molest your hidden treasure if you'll be neighborly," and he laughed merrily.

"I fear there's a big joke involved in the hidden treasure," I replied. "I'm so busy staying at home to guard it that I have no time for social recreation."

He looked at me quickly to see whether I was joking. His eyes were steady and earnest. The Reverend Paul Stoddard impressed me more and more agreeably. There was a suggestion of quiet strength about him that drew me to him.

"I suppose every one about here thinks of nothing but that I'm at Glenarm to earn my inheritance. My residence here must look pretty sordid from the outside."

"Mr. Glenarm's will is a matter of record in the county, of course. But you are too hard on yourself. It's nobody's business if your grandfather wished to visit his whims on you. I should say, in my own case, that I don't consider it any of my business what you are here for. I didn't come over to annoy you or to pry into your affairs. I get lonely now and then and thought I'd like to establish neighborly relations."

"Thank you; I appreciate your coming very much,"—and my heart warmed under the manifest kindness of the man.

"And I hope"—he spoke for the first time with restraint—"I hope nothing will prevent your knowing Sister Theresa and Miss Devereux. They are interesting and charming—the only women about here of your own social status."

My liking for him abated slightly. He might be a detective, representing the alternative heir, for all I knew and possibly Sister Theresa was a party to the conspiracy to drive me away.

"In time, no doubt, in time, I shall know them," I answered evasively.

"Oh, quite as you like!"—and he changed the subject. We talked of many things—of outdoor sports, with which he showed great familiarity, of universities, of travel and adventure. Columbia was his alma mater, but he had spent two years at Oxford.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

North Carolina Wonders

Mr. Tom Pennell was down in Antioch last week and stayed over night with Mr. Moses Armstrong. He tells us that Mr. Armstrong has a wonderful pet pig, and he saw it himself with a broom sweeping out the yard. Of course the pig couldn't do as well at sweeping as some of his two-legged brethren, but it was wonderful to see how hard the pig worked and what progress he made. Mr. Armstrong says he has a wonderful gander, too. The gander will climb an apple tree, shake it and then get down and eat the apples. Mr. Pennel says he did not see the gander, but after seeing the pig sweep he believed anything Mr. Armstrong told him—Wilkesboro Chronicle.

Poor Economy.

Some fellow's idea of a good time is to pay a ten-dollar fine for 50 cents worth of fun.

For Broken-Down Horses

Red Acre Farm a Home Founded by a Young Woman.

One of the most notable of the semi-private humane establishments for the rescue of broken-down horses is known as Red Acre Farm, a charitable home for horses opened on May 8, 1903, at Stow, Mass., says Home Magazine. The farm is situated 23 miles from Boston, and consists of 87 acres of land, divided up into pasture land and paddocks, with a portion of it devoted to stables, office and hospital. Red Acre Farm was founded by a young woman, Miss H. C. Bird, who gave up to the use of the horse the home and grounds which she inherited from her father, and who devotes all her time and strength to succoring the horse. She daily oversees the conditions at the home and has the advice and support of well known humanitarians.

The farm is kept up by contributions and the board of pensioners or horses put out to pasture during the summer by owners who want good care taken of them while out of town. Members of Red Acre Farm also pay a small annual fee of $5, and philanthropists can endow a stall in the stables of Red Acre Farm for $100, which the donor can keep filled by horses of his own choosing all the time. None of the active officers accept salaries, and all money coming into the farm is expended for the object of its inception.

News of Wisconsin

Interesting Happenings in the Various Cities and Towns of the State.

WASHOUT CAUSED BIG LOSS.

High Water at Hayward Ruined Dam and Bridges.

Hayward.—The recent washout at Hayward forced the shutting down of the big mill of the North Wisconsin Lumber & Manufacturing company for a month. The dam has been carried out and two bridges ruined. Five million feet of logs were washed through the dam, at which an 18-foot head of water was maintained. The electric light plant and the mill were both operated by this dam. Part of the railway at the track was washed away by the rush of the water, about 30 feet being carried out, the railroad track sagging as it hung over the washed out portion of the river bed. A wagon bridge 300 yards above the dam was carried out when the dam gave way, and logs were piled up in various odd shapes when the force of the water was spent. One hundred yards below the dam the railway bridge was dropped into the river, logs jumping entirely over the bridge when the break came. After the flood had passed only the rails held the structure together, the piling having been carried out.

PLAN STATE LABOR MEET.

Organization of Union of Cheesemakers is Well Under Way.

Racine.—Frank J. Weber and Fred Brockhausen, of the State Federation of Labor were in the city making arrangements for the convention of the federation which takes place here on July 17 to 20. According to the present plans, a general mass meeting will be held on July 18, while a ball will close the convention. Efforts are being made by the federation to organize cheesemakers throughout the state, and it is probable that within a few weeks a new union will be added to the ranks of organized labor.

Former Racine Postmaster Dies.

Racine.—Former Postmaster Andrew Simonson, of this city, died in the Sherman house, Chicago. Some days ago Mr Simonson and his wife went to Chicago, where he was operated upon. It was not considered a dangerous operation, and his death was entirely unexpected. In 1834 he became manager and publisher of the Wisconsin Agriculturist. He was a director of the Commercial and Savings bank, a member of the Racine park commission, director of the Home Building Loan association, and a member of the B. P. O. Elks.

Keep Municipal Lighting Plant.

Negaunee.—At a special election the electors defeated the proposition of the Marquette County Gas & Electric Light company to buy the municipal lighting plant for the sum of $35,000 cash. Not only did the electors refuse to authorize the common council to dispose of the plant, but they declined to sanction a bond issue for making improvements to the lighting system which are held to be absolutely necessary. Another special election will probably take place shortly and the bonding proposition once more submitted.

Sister Borromea Identified.

Superior.—It is learned that Sister Borromea, the kidnaped nun, was formerly Miss Minnie Digle, of Itasca, the section of this city where the Omaha railroad yards are located. Her father was connected with the road at Itasca for about 12 years until going to St. Paul to become superintendent of terminals for the same company last spring. It was while living at Itasca that Minnie Digle left home determined to become a nun.

Offers to Settle Indebtedness.

Milwaukee.—Henry Herman, $600,000 absconder who disappeared four years ago after defrauding scores of people through the agency of valueless mortgages and raised notes, wants to come back. He is said to be negotiating for immunity through one of his bondsmen, and promises to repay those he defrauded. Herman built the Railway Exchange building here and was associated in dozens of speculative construction schemes.

Racine Strike Ended.

Racine.—The carpenters' strike was settled and all of the carpenters resumed work. It was nearly ten days ago when the men demanded 45 cents an hour, an increase of five cents, eight hours per day. It was refused, and about 75 men went out, practically stopping all building and repair work in the city. The trouble was settled by the men receiving 42½ cents per hour.

Lawrence's Semi-Centennial.

Appleton.—Lawrence university's semi-centennial is marked by the graduation of 50 students, the largest class in its history. Commencement day was Thursday and Dr. William Quale, of Chicago, was the orator.

Mail Carriers Organize.

Grand Rapids.—The rural mail carriers of Wood county recently organized in this city for their mutual benefit and advancement and will secure a charter from the State Rural Letter Carriers' association.

Less Tobacco Planted.

Janesville.—Tobacco growers report that a third less tobacco will be planted this season than last and if the present cold, wet weather continues the acreage will drop considerably below this estimate.

Dedicate New Beloit Church.

Beloit.—The new $40,000 building of the First Presbyterian church of Beloit was dedicated. Dr. E. P. Hill, of Chicago, gave the dedicatory address. Ten thousand dollars were raised by subscription.

Cupid's Arrows for Gray Hairs.

Chippewa Falls.—James Donaldson and Mrs. Mary LaRose were married at the bride's home at Lafayette, near here. The age of the groom was 75 and the age of the bride 72. The marriage was a culmination of a childhood romance.

Find Lost Man in River.

Marinette.—The body of Anton Wangerg was found at the bottom of the river here entangled in a fish net. He had been missing since last December.

SETTLES FOR LARGE SUM.

North Wisconsin Lumber Company Gives Ole Odegard $7,000.

Hayward.—With Judge Silverthorn on the bench ready to call a jury the five year legal battle between Ole Odegard and the North Wisconsin Lumber company came to an end by settlement. Odegard was injured in the company's mill in 1902 on a runaway log carriage. Twice his case was thrown out of court, and the third time his case seemed so hopeless that he asked the company to give him $800 in full settlement. The company refused to do this, and he tried the case and a jury in this county gave him $8,500. On appeal to the supreme court this was reversed, and the case came back for a new trial. Odegard moved the case for trial for the fourth time at this term of the court, and after the trial had opened, but before the jury was drawn, the company acceded to the demands of Odegard's counsel and settled the case for $7,000.

SEEKS TO DIE; WINS AT LAST.

Milwaukee Man, Fined for One Attempt, Is Finally Successful.

Milwaukee.—Albert Krenske was fined in the district court five dollars and costs June 4 for attempting suicide after he had been trapped by a drug clerk who gave him a harmless mixture for carbolic acid instead of the real thing and then informed the police. June 6, after a quarrel with his wife, Krenske disappeared. He returned later and knocked on the door. When his wife opened it Krenske fell dying at her feet with a bottle of carbolic acid in his hand. Krenske was a laborer and had served several terms in the workhouse, once for beating his wife.

Girl Hid from Parents.

La Crosse.—After an absence of four days, during which distracted relatives and the county authorities scoured the bluffs and surrounding territory east of the city for traces of the girl, Mabel Subey, aged 16, was found by her mother, Mrs. William Subey, hiding under the front porch of their residence. The girl offered no explanation of her long absence, seeming still to harbor the hallucination under which she left home, that her parents intended her harm.

Will Settle Fence Question.

Chippewa Falls.—The officers of the town of Anson have decided to call a meeting of the voters on June 27 to dispose of the aggravating Rudolph Pitsch road obstruction question. Rudolph Pitsch, a farmer, has twice erected a fence in a public highway. In October Mrs. Pitsch fired upon officers, who finally succeeded in removing the fence. After Pitsch erected the fence this year he threatened to shoot anyone who should dare to tear it down.

Meets Next at Menominee.

Racine.—At the convention of the trustees, superintendents and matrons of Wisconsin county insane asylums, Menominee was chosen as the next place for holding the convention. Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, J. E Coffland, Richland Center; vice president, Charles A Cox, Augusta; treasurer, G. H. Seeley, Menominee; secretary, Henry Wornecke, Manitowoc.

Lay Monument Cornerstone.

Oshkosh.—In the presence of a throng of people and with impressive ceremonies, the cornerstone of the soldiers' memorial monument, which is to be erected in Opera House square as a gift to the city from Col. John Hicks, was laid. An invocation was delivered by Bishop Samuel Fallows, of Chicago. Gen. Benjamin F. Bryant, of La Crosse, was the principal speaker.

Janesville Has Boom.

Janesville.—Janesville has been struck by a real estate boom after several years of inactivity. Two firms, one from Cincinnati, and the other from Peoria, have purchased large tracts of land for the purpose of lot sales. South Janesville, adjacent to the new Northwestern assorting yards, is being platted and three other plats have been made of property within the city limits.

Sager Will Deliver Address.

Kenosha.—Arthur N. Sager, who succeeded Joseph W. Folk as district attorney of St. Louis, has been asked to deliver the address at the biennial reunion of the Kenosha High School association, to be held here in June 29.

Arrested; Asks $20,000 Damages.

Janesville.—City Marshal W. H. Appleby and former Policeman Robert Bear were sued for $20,000 by Charles Eunson, who alleges he was seriously injured in person and reputation by being arrested and clubbed a year ago.

Woman Injured in Quarrel; Dies.

Gay's Mill.—Mrs. Park Hittsenberger died from injuries inflicted by John Rounds, a neighbor. The two quarreled and Rounds struck the woman with a hammer.

Capt. T. C. Smythe Dead.

Delafield.—Capt. T. C. Smythe, father of Rev. Sydney T. Smythe, president of St. John's Military academy, died suddenly of heart failure. Capt. Smythe was 80 years of age and was one of the oldest settlers in Waukesha county.

Verdict of Natural Death.

Kenosha.—Mrs. Johana Johnson, aged 60 years, was found dead on the floor of one of the rooms in her home. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of death from uraemic poisoning.

Lime Causes Destructive Fire.

Sheboygan.—Hot lime in a boxcar was the cause of a destructive fire at the Sheboygan Lime works. The burning freight car, which was standing near the company's warehouse, caused the building to ignite. The damage will not exceed $2,000.

Old Racine Mason Dies.

Racine.—William Henry Beswick, one of the best known members of the Masonic fraternity in this state, died at the St. Mary's hospital of stomach complaint.

FEED THE BRUTE.

The Certain Way to the Heart of a Man.

Baked Potatoes.—When baking potatoes, either sweet or Irish, the skins will remain soft if, after the potatoes are carefully washed, the skin is greased with lard or butter.

Sausage and Eggs.—Don't destroy smoked sausage from a meal. When minced and fried with scrambled eggs makes a savory dish.

Egg Plant Fritters.—Peel the egg plant, cut in half inch slices boil in hot water until soft, mash smooth, let cool; beat one egg light, add salt, pepper, one cup of flour, two spoonfuls of baking powder in the flour. Batter must be like cake; drop in smoking hot lard in iron frying pan in large spoonfuls; two spoonfuls of lard are sufficient. Cook 15 minutes.

Fried Smelts.—Wash the smelts and dry them thoroughly with a cloth, then dip them in flour. On taking from the flour cover them thoroughly with a mixture made from the beaten yolks of two eggs and a heaping teaspoonful of melted butter, then roll in hot fat until brown and crisp and serve with tartare sauce.

Toast and Cheese.—A good way to serve up stale pieces of cheese is to put them through the food-chopper (using the nut-butter grinder), place in a dish and moisten with a little milk. Put in a hot oven for ten minutes and serve hot on toast. Season with salt and pepper to taste.

Flavoring Coffee.—To give boiled coffee a delicious flavor soak the grounds in the amount of water in which it is to be boiled, at least one hour before using. Then boil hard ten minutes.

Boiled Pudding.—One cup of molasses, one cup of seeded raisins and currants mixed, one cup of sour milk or of buttermilk, one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in the milk, two cups of graham flour, salt and spice to taste. Stir all well together, pour into a buttered mold or double boiler and steam for three hours. Serve with a pudding sauce.

PEWTER A FAD.

Articles Made of This Metal Growing in Favor.

Pewter is rapidly regaining the high place it once held in the hearts of American housewives. Time was when it was much more highly regarded than silver-plated ware and ranked second only to solid silver.

Apparently that time is returning. Nor is it without reason. Pewter, while not one of the precious metals, is full of artistic possibilities. Its dull luster lends itself to all sorts of decorative effects and the burnished finish gleams almost as brilliantly as the true white metal. Moreover, it recalls the really refined simplicity of colonial days. It is particularly effective against the fine old mahogany of grandma's time, or the rosewood of the great-grandmamma's.

Set against a shining background, pewter is pleasing to those who value the aesthetic above the costly. The ware comes in graceful shapes, including tea urns, tea, coffee and chocolate pots, flagons, tankards, mugs and goblets. Pewter plates are singularly decorative and the platters and bread trays are not without their place in the general art scheme. Thus far the pewter relics dug up from the curiosity shops have been devoted largely to the adornment of walls and cabinets, but it is predicted the ware shortly will be in more practical use when womankind of to-day realizes its worth as fully as did the woman of a hundred years ago.

LITTLE ECONOMIES.

The skimming of fat from off soups, etc., should be saved for frying purposes.

Old stockings make excellent floor-polishers. Split open and sew together, cutting off the feet if they are much darned. They are also excellent for polishing shoes.

Instead of throwing away the peels of oranges and lemons, put them into the jug on the washstand. This will give the water a delightful perfume, besides softening it until it is equal to rain water for the complexion.

From an economical point of view, it would surprise a good many, especially those who drink two or three cups of tea or coffee at a meal if, instead of putting the sugar into the tea, it was saved for a week to find what a saving could be effected in the matter of sugar to the benefit of both health and pocket.

To make over old nightgowns to advantage cut the bottom of a flannel nightgown the length of your petticoat and then gather into a belt. The same can be done with a muslin gown by adding straps over the shoulders, a little lace and beading, and you have a nice chemise.

One pair of stockings will make a stocking cap for big brother. Use fleeced hose with wide ribbed top, golf hose or boys' heavy ribbed ones. Cut off foot; open down seams; and cut in a point. Sew up; reversing seam about four inches from top for turn back; add tassel of germantown yarn.

This Is the Way.

To clean thread lace, sew new white muslin around a bottle, then roll lace smoothly and securely, tacking the ends. Touch the lace lightly with sweet oil while winding. Fill the bottle with cold water to keep it from bursting, and set it upright in a strong suds of cold water and castile soap. Tie a string around the neck of the bottle, and secure it to the kettle, and boil half an hour or more, or until the lace is clean. Rinse with hot water and set the bottle in the sun. When quite dry, remove the lace and lay in long folds between sheets of white paper, and press for a day or two.

To Remove Paint.

When a house is being done up paint is not infrequently spilt in doorsteps, and it is sometimes found very difficult to remove. In that case make a strong solution of potash and wash the steps, simply leaving the solution to soak in. In a short time the paint will become soft, and can then be washed off with soap and water. Then use cold water. Paint which has been left on for some time will yield to this treatment.

Take Care of Flatirons.

Flatirons which are not used for a few weeks will often grow rusty. To prevent this, rub them with a little warm grease, then wrap each in a piece of heavy brown paper. Before using, dip them in hot water in which a little soda has been dissolved, rub dry, heat and rub over sand paper or over brown paper on which a little powdered brick has been sprinkled. This process will keep the irons in good condition and make them smooth and easy to use.

State Capital Notes

Weekly Budget Gathered by Our Special Correspondent at Madison.

Madison.—The state factory inspectors' report for the biennial period ending Oct 31, 1906, has just been issued by the bureau of labor and industrial statistics. The report shows that there were 1,247 establishments and 12,533 buildings inspected and that the inspectors reached 199,924 employes. It also shows that it requires 445,253 horsepower to run the entire factory system of the state. Estimating this horsepower at a cost in coal at $20 per horsepower, it costs the factory owners of the state nearly $10,000,000 in fuel annually to run their factories. This enormous sum could be nearly all saved to employers and employes by partially developing Wisconsin's water powers along the rivers that are now running to waste. The report also shows that there is an average of three buildings to each establishment, that one-half of these buildings are constructed of wood, two-fifths of brick and the remainder of iron, stone or steel. It further shows that 86 per cent of all the employes of the state are males, 14 per cent females, and only about one-half of one per cent are children under 16 years of age. This is a relative decrease of 87 per cent in the amount of child labor since 1904. Nearly 1,000 fire escapes were examined by the inspectors also. Besides the 4,237 factories and workshops inspected, the inspectors reached 1,526 cigar shops, bowling alleys, mercantile establishments, making a total of 6,763 establishments inspected. In addition to this the inspectors granted 11,958 permits to work in factories, and there were 4,500 permits granted by county judges, making a total of 16,458 for the biennial period. Of the permits granted, five out of eight were males and three out of eight females, five out of six lived with their parents, one out of ten with the mother and the remainder with the father or other person, and in a small percentage of cases was the child the chief support of the family. About 20 per cent of the public school children receiving permits had attended school nine years, and 99 per cent had attended school four or more years. Of the parochial school children receiving permits, the average school attendance was seven years, while only six per cent had attended school more than eight years. As a whole, the percentage of parochial school children asking for permits is much larger than the percentage of public school children, when the total population of these two classes of children are considered.

Appropriation Reduced.

The assembly committee on claims recommended that the bill appropriating money for improvements on the state fair grounds be passed with an amendment reducing the appropriation from $67,500 to $62,500. The cut was made in the amount provided for a new cattle barn, the reduction in the sum for that purpose being from $35,000 to $30,000. The Thomas bill appropriating $125,000 for the establishment of a binding twine plant at the state prison at Waupun was reported without recommendation. The committee recommended for indefinite postponement the bill appropriating $500 annually for clerical work for the state livestock sanitary board and the bill providing for 12 additional deputy factory inspectors.

Labor Asks Appropriation.

The committee on manufactures and labor has introduced a bill in the legislature providing for an annual appropriation of $1,000 for the benefit of organized labor of the state. This bill was introduced at the suggestion of Fred Brockhausen, who claims that inasmuch as the various "grower" associations of the state receive annual funds from the treasury, the labor unions are also entitled to a similar appropriation.

Price on Railroad Tickets.

Among bills passed by the assembly was one requiring that every railroad ticket sold for points within the state shall have its price stamped or written on it. Another bill passed provides that a person shall not take more than one deer during a season. A bill providing that persons using vehicles with tires three inches wide shall have one-half of their highway taxes remitted, was passed.

Two Bills Killed.

Among bills killed by the assembly was one prohibiting minors from being in places where intoxicating liquors are sold unless accompanied by their parent or guardian, and one requiring that the stone used in construction of the new state capitol shall be of Wisconsin.

Anderson Bill Amended.

The Anderson bill limiting the hours of service of railroad employes was amended and ordered engrossed and read a third time. The amendment adopted provides for an eight-hour day for all railroad telegraphers. Other railroad employes cannot, under the bill, be required to work more than 16 hours in any 24 without given at least eight consecutive hours of rest. The bill will especially affect employes at small railroad stations where telegraphers are required to perform the duties as clerk or agents.

Rotation in Candidates' Names.

The committee on elections introduced a bill providing for the rotation of the names of candidates for nominations for office at primary elections. The bill only affects candidates who are required to file the nomination petitions in the office of the secretary of state. The rotating is to be done by placing the names of the candidates in alphabetical order on the ballots in the highest numbered assembly district of the state and then drop the first name to the bottom of the list in each succeeding district.

Bar Saloons Near Varsity.

By a vote of 53 to 29 the assembly passed the committee bill prohibiting saloons within three-quarters of a mile of the main front door of Main hall at the state university or within 50 feet of either side of State street, which is the principal thoroughfare between the capitol and the university. Existing saloons near the Illinois Central and Milwaukee railroad stations on West Washington avenue and about half a mile from the university are exempted.

Valuation of Railroad Property.

The state tax commission, acting as the state board of assessment, announced that it had fixed the preliminary valuation of the railroad property of the state at $225,856,000, an increase of $12,670,000 over the preliminary assessment of last year. The average rate of taxation of the general property of the state is found to be 1.09565 cents per dollar of valuation this year as against 1.13811668 cents last year, or 11.1466 cents per $1,000 of valuation more than last year. The total amount of taxes paid to the state by the railroads last year was $2,500,237.56, while this year under the assessment announced it will be $2,501,710.17, or an increase of a little more than $100,000. The tax commission also announced the first valuation of the property of telegraph companies under the ad valorem tax law. The property also pays the same rate of taxation as the railroad companies. The valuation of the telegraph companies is as follows:

Western Union	$1,890,000
North American	120,000
Chicago, Milwaukee & Lake Shore	[illegible]
Chicago & Milwaukee	[illegible]
Total	$2,15[illegible]

The total taxes on this property will be $23,558.33, or about $10,000 more than it was under the license fee system. The valuations placed on the railroad and telegraph property are preliminary and subject to changes if the companies interested can convince the tax commission that they are too high. The board will be in session from June 14 to July 16 to hear companies that may be dissatisfied.

Insane Asylum Bill Killed.

Among the bills killed were the Whitehead measure appropriating $100,000 for the erection of a state hospital for violent and criminal insane, two bills requiring street cars to be heated between Oct. 1 and April 15, and the Smith bill providing that the "war claim" money received by the state from the federal government be transferred to the school trust funds.

When the university appropriation bill came up for consideration, Senator Browne offered an amendment restoring the appropriation of $50,000 annually for a college of medicine and $200,000 annually for a woman's building, which were cut out of the original bill by the claims committee, and then had consideration postponed until Wednesday.

The committee on transportation, through its chairman, Senator Hudnall, introduced a bill authorizing the state board of control to convey to Waukesha for waterworks purpose a small piece of state land occupied by the State Industrial School for Boys. Owing to the fact that only a few senators were present, many of the important bills on the calendar and all appropriation bills were laid over.

Concur in Senate Bills.

The assembly concurred in the senate amendments to the Dailey comparative negligence bill, the Thompson child labor bill, the Nye sleeping car berth bill, the Henderson bill authorizing cities to purchase property for railroad terminals and lease it to private parties, the Thompson bill providing that railroad trains shall not be run without full crews, and the Harrass bill providing that sidetracks and spurs shall be laid in accordance with regulations prescribed by municipalities in which they are located.

McGovern Bill Postponed.

By the unanimous action of the assembly judiciary committee the McGovern bill, which provides that the district attorney and his assistants shall not be required to disclose in any court or in any proceeding, judicial or otherwise, any information acquired by them, was reported for indefinite postponement.

For a La Crosse Normal School.

With only one dissenting vote, that of Senator Barker, the senate passed the La Crosse Normal school appropriation bill, which gives $210,000 for the new normal school. Senator Barker followed the instructions of the county board of Jackson county in voting against the bill.

Advance Uniform Divorce Bill.

The senate ordered what is known as the uniform divorce bill, introduced by Senator Sanborn, to engrossment. Division resulted in a tie vote which was decided in favor of passing the bill when Lieut. Gov. Connor voted for its engrossment.

Measure Goes to Conference.

The senate refused to recede from its position on the bill to regulate the partition and distribution of estates and Senators Sanborn, Owen and Hudnall were appointed a conference committee. Under suspension of the rules the Georgi bill, No. 1011A, giving immediate effect to chapter 183, laws of 1907, providing that in Milwaukee county bonds taken by one of the county judges shall run to both of them, was concurred in and sent back to the assembly so that it might be put into effect as soon as possible.

Against Two-Cent Fare Bill.

The senate committee on transportation considered the two-cent railroad fare bills introduced in that house and will submit a report adverse to the passage of the measures. It is understood that Senator Randolph dissents from the majority report of the committee. The decision of the committee is based entirely, it is stated, upon the investigations made and conclusions reached by the Wisconsin railway rate commission after months of research covering the passenger situation.

Roberts' Appointment Confirmed.

The senate confirmed the appointment of David Roberts as state veterinarian, Senator Wolff presenting the minority report reiterating the charges made against him before the agricultural committee. Upon the roll call Gov. Davidson's appointee was confirmed, 20 senators voting in his favor, while eight voted against confirmation.

Public Utility Bill Passed.

By a vote of 77 to 10 the state assembly passed the public utility bill.

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SCHOOL TREASURER'S REPORT

Report of the Treasurer of the Board of Education of the city of Grand Rapids March 15th, 1906 to March 16th, 1907

RECEIPTS

Balance on hand, March 16 1906		$ 1108 57	
Sept 19, 1906 State Treasurer State Aid Man Training		500 00	
Dec 20 " " " " High School		75 62	
Jan 15 1907 City Treasurer, City School Tax		5000 00	
Feb 18 " " "		10000 00	
Mar 15 " " "		12000 00	
" " " County School Tax 05		967 03	
" " " " 06		2025 47	
Mar 30 1906 Town of Sigel	290 25		
" " " Dexter	18 00		
June " " Seneca	18 25		
" " " Carson	18 25		
" " " Rudolph	12 25		
" " " Saratoga	18 25		
July " " Hazelhurst	18 00		
" " " Cranmoor	18 00		
" " " Port Edwards	24 00		
" " " Sherry	36 00		
Mar 15 1907 " Grand Rapids	18 25		
" " " Sigel	51 25		
" " " Eau Pleine	17 75		
June 11 1906 Tuition Grades	9 00		
Nov "	24 55		
Dec 22 "	19 10		
		584 65	
July 9 1906 Sale of Porterville House		20 00	
Nov 7, 1906 Sale of Sidewalk		1 00	
Nov 20 1906 Sale of Seats and Iron		28 00	
Total			$ 5269 35
Overdraft March 15 1907			789 18
			$1058 83

DISBURSEMENTS

Teachers Salaries	$2153 63		
Janitors Salaries	2112 86		
Wood and Coal	265 47		
For Other Purposes	198 70		
		$1858 72	
Repairs	$ 878 11		
Interest on Overdrafts	88 00		
Orders Outstanding	1 0 50		
		$ 9641 61	
Total Expenditures		1180 07	
Less Orders Outstanding and Unpaid '06-'05		1 1 50	
Cash Paid Out			$1058 8

The following amounts due the Board of Education are uncollected

City Treasurer, State School Funds 'on Tuition	90 00		$ 1032 71
Town of Carson, Portage Co	105 00		
Town of Remington	18 00		
Village of Nekoosa	18 00		
Town of Seneca			
			$ 233 00
			$1265 71

Respectfully submitted
W. H. REEVES, Tres Board of Education

We the undersigned Committee appointed at the annual school meeting March 18, 1906, to check up and compare orders issued with stubs and cancel the same do hereby report that we have done the work assigned and it is correct.

A. L. FONTAINE
M. H. JACKSON
J. P. HORTON

Dated Grand Rapids, Wis., April 13 '07

AMONG CRANBERRY MEN.

EDITED BY J. A. GAYNOR.

Grand Rapids Wisconsin

Cranberry Insects this Season.

By H. J. Franklin.

On account of the lateness of the season the insects, as well as vegetation, were late in starting this season. The false army worm is at present fully a week behind what it was last year in its development, at the same date, and the fire worm did not commence hatching until the 25th of May, two weeks and a half later than last year, thus establishing a record later than any heretofore published.

The yellowhead cranberry worm began hatching May 15 and the leaders are now well along in their development.

It is now too late to spray with arsenate of lead for either the False army worm or the yellowhead. The false army worms have all hatched and if any grower is waiting to be sure of the complete hatching of this insect before flooding, he may be assured that the sooner he uses the water the better.

A large percentage of the eggs of the fire worm are as yet unhatched and it does not seem probable that they will all be hatched this year until it is too late to reflow with safety. Nevertheless a later reflow is advisable, as it will at least reduce, to a considerable extent, the injury which these worms will do.

Such a late reflow together with thorough arsenical poisoning for the second brood should so reduce their injury that it will not be heavily felt this year, and the chances are that the eggs will hatch early enough next year to enable the grower to get rid of the pest entirely.

If any grower who is troubled with either the fire worm (blackhead) or the yellowhead, has not communicated with me about the matter, I should be glad to hear from him at his earliest convenience.—Wareham Courier.

TO FORM CENTRAL COMPANY.

Meeting of New England Sales Company Held Monday.

From the Wareham Courier.

A meeting of the stockholders of the New England Cranberry Sales Company was held at Middleboro on Monday at which a goodly number of representatives growers were present.

The expected delegation from the New Jersey Sales Company was not present as the threatening weather conditions did not admit of their leaving at this time. Letters were read from them, however, assuring the New England growers that they were willing and anxious to work in harmony with them.

The principal business transacted was a vote to join with the Wisconsin and New Jersey Association in the formation of a central sales company with headquarters in New York with A. U. Chaney the selling agent. Pres. G. R. Briggs, Dr. J. R. Rogers, Seth C. C. Finney and John Clark were appointed a committee to meet delegates from the other associations at a meeting held in New York.

The various brands under which the cranberries are to be marketed were discussed, samples being on exhibition.

The affairs of the company seem to be working smoothly and the utmost harmony has prevailed at the meetings which have been held

Most of our growers are inclined to agree that flooding for fire worms is a failure. It would seem that some of the worms were destroyed by a three or four days' flood, and would be probably all destroyed if they could have been put under and kept under, but unfortunately for the growers most of them appear to have the power not only to come to the surface, but to get out high and dry above the surface where they rest like a water spider, the surface of the water appearing to sustain them above it. They float on the surface of the water as a dry needle might be made to float.

James Gaynor is now sprinkling kerosene over the surface of the water, as this is a very powerful insecticide. He is of the opinion that they can not live on the surface if that surface is a film of kerosene.

Mr. A. E. Bennett is sprinkling his vines with air slacked lime and paris green mixed and has already found worms that appear to have been killed by this treatment.

Prof. Hardenberg and Mr. Malde are very busy experimenting on these pests and will doubtless be able to give the growers something reliable before long.

H. R. Laing spent Sunday and Monday on Cranberry business at Grand Rapids and Cranmoor, and left Monday afternoon in company with A. C. Bennett to attend a meeting of delegates from N. E. Sales Co., and the N. E. Sales to establish some form of organization to promote the sale and consumption of cranberries.

The last few warm days has pushed vegetation of all kinds forward with great rapidity.

The first batched fire worms are now nearly ready to pass into the pupa or chrysalis condition, and some of them will come out as full fledged moths before July 1st. These will deposit their eggs on the underside of the leaves as before. It is the worms from this brood that is the most destructive and the hardest to combat.

Prof. Hardenberg and wife arrived on Saturday last. The Prof. will devote his entire vacation to the study of insects injurious to cranberries; and especially to the fire and fruit worms

Present indications leads many of the growers to suspect that the attack of the fire worm in July of this year will be more severe than has been known heretofore.

Weak Women

To weak and ailing women, there is at least one way to help. But with that way, two treatments, must be combined. One is local, one is constitutional, but both are important, both essential. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is the Local. Dr. Shoop's Restorative, the Constitutional.

The former—Dr. Shoop's Night Cure—is a topical mucous membrane suppository remedy, while Dr. Shoop's Restorative is wholly an internal treatment. The Restorative reaches throughout the entire system, seeking the repair of all nerve, all tissue, and all blood ailments.

The "Night Cure", as its name implies, does its work while you sleep. It soothes sore and inflamed mucous surfaces, heals local weaknesses and discharges, while the Restorative, eases nervous excitement, gives renewed vigor and ambition, builds up wasted tissues, bringing about renewed strength, vigor, and energy. Take Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—as a general tonic to the system. For positive local help, use as well

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure

WOOD COUNTY DRUG CO.

VESPER.

Our little burg is planning for a mammoth picnic July 4th under the auspices of the Farmers Equity. The well known Pittsville band has been secured and several noted speakers are expected.

J. J. Iverson of Sherry was a Vesper caller Monday.

Arthur Bean of Hansen transacted business in Vesper Monday. He is very cheerful about the hay crop.

Parties are drawing the brick for the Hansen Hardware block.

Mr. Beimler is building a new porch on his hotel, The Commercial. Eddie Flannagan is doing the painting.

Albert Genrick raised his new barn Friday. It is 36x60 upon an eight foot wall. The basement will be finished for a cow barn and will have an up to date ventilating system and cement floor.

George Sarcoloski will raise a new barn the coming week. This barn will have a basement 36x60 and will be up to date in every part.

Wm. Edwards and wife have returned to their home in Brown Co, Ill., after visiting a week with C. E. Edwards, a brother. Mrs. Thomas, a sister of Mr. Edwards, came with them. They were highly elated with the country.

The recent warm weather has caused vegetation of all kinds to grow. The prospects are that Wood Co., will come to the front with usual large crops of all kinds.

Miss Alice Murgatroyd of Union Grove, is visiting her brother, who has been ill so long. She reports the season cold and wet in the southern part of the state.

Edwin Watkins from Baraboo is visiting with Lynn Turner.

BIRON.

A fish chowder was given by Tom McGrath Sunday. A great many people partook of the delicious feast and all report the chowder to have been first class

Wedding bells will soon be ringing in our burg.

A miscellaneous shower was given Miss Dora Akey Thursday night. Miss Dora recieved many nice presents and all the young ladies enjoyed themselves immensely.

Clarence Sipo has purchased a fine driving horse and carriage.

Misses Helen and Sadie Rector and Belle LaVaque were guests of Misses Bertha and Dora Akey a short time Saturday afternoon

Peter Horman of your city is again employed in our mill.

CRANMOOR

Vigne Carey of Grand Rapids is spending part of his vacation rusticating on the marsh.

Prof. Stoddard of Madison, who is taking Prof. Whitson's place while the latter is abroad, made a couple days stay at the experiment station last week.

Mrs. Charles Whittlesey terminated a weeks visit at the Whittlesey homes Friday, returning to Grand Rapids with the senior members of the family, who spent the day at the James Miller home.

The north school closed Friday with a program and picnic dinner. In the evening a dancing party was given in honor of the departing teacher, Miss Adeline Koch, to which all the young people gladly responded

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Searls are entertaining their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Babcock of Billings, Montana, and with their sister Miss Mayme and friend Miss Cahill, were among the dancers Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs Foley and Miss Myra Kruger attended the party Friday evening.

W. H. Fitch is spending a few days with his daughter and family, Mrs. H. F. Whittlesey.

Throwston and Jerome Farrar and a friend from St. Louis arrived last week and will spend the summer with their relatives at the Fitch homes.

Mrs. Codding Sr., of Grand Rapids came down Sunday eve for an indefinite stay at the marsh.

Miss Kittie Cahill arrived Monday noon and will be for a time at the Whittlesey home

Oscar Potter departed Monday noon for Stoughton, where he goes to seek improvement in health.

How Preachers Are Influenced.

It may not be denied that some ministers are swerved from the straight path of conscience by the fear of irritating those who pay the greater part of their salaries. When this happens one must look for the cause not in anybody's purpose to coerce the pulpiteers but in the weakness of their own characters. There are men born to be valets who are not without emotional eloquence and personal attractiveness. They sometimes get good charges as ministers, and what is bred in the bone will come out in the flesh. —Brooklyn Eagle.

The "Wandering Stones."

In Peru, on the shores of the lake of Titicaca, the most lofty lake in the whole known world, are three pillars of stone of unequal height. On one of these huge blocks the rude features of a human being have been cut, and the other two are covered with designs of various kinds, all believed to have some mysterious reference to sun worship. Who the engraver of these monoliths was or at what age of the world the engraving was done is not known, but it is highly probable that it was done long before the Americas had ever been seen by any white men. The stones are so large as to preclude the idea of their having been erected by human beings, the best explanation being that they were deposited by glaciers where they stand. That the natives have some legend to this effect is proved by the fact that they call them "wandering stones."

A Lesson in Health.

Healthy kidneys filter the impurities from the blood, and unless they do this good health is impossible. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys and will positively cure all forms of kidney and bladder disease. It strengthens the whole system. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

A man who is in perfect health, so he can do an honest day's work when necessary, has much for which he should be thankful. Mr. L. C. Rodgers, of Branchton, Pa., writes that he was not only unable to work, but he couldn't stoop over to tie his own shoes. Six bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure made a new man of him. He says, "Success to Foley's Kidney Cure." Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Had Been Cheated.

A Scotsman visited London by himself for the first time to "speer roond," as he termed it. On his return to his native village he informed a boon companion that it was a grand place, but that the people "war no honest." He'd had his "doots" all the week, but satisfied himself of the fact on leaving. Asked how he tested the matter, he said:

"Ah bowt a box o' pins labeled '1,000 for a penny,' and on counting them in the train I fun' they war seventeen shoort!"—London Financial Times.

Where the Block System Works.

"I am going to railroad this case through the courts," declared the indignant citizen.

"You can't," replied the astute lawyer. "The block system works too perfectly there now."—Baltimore American.

COUNTY BOARD PROCEEDINGS.

Continued From Last Week.

To the Board of supervisors of Wood County, Wisconsin.—

Gentlemen:—Your committee on roads and bridges to whom was referred the following entitled claims, would respectfully report that we have had the same under consideration and after a careful examination of all items contained therein, recommend that the several amounts as set forth in this report be allowed each claimant respectfully to-wit:

No.	Name of Claimant	What for	Estimated cost	Amt. Appropriated
1	Remington town	Bridge	$2000 00	$1000 00
2	Hansen town	"	600 00	300 00
3	Wood town	"	1500 00	750 00
4	Milladore town	"	500 00	250 00
5	Mil adore town	"	600 00	300 00
6	Cranmoor town	"	300 00	150 00
7	Arpin town	"	770 00	385 00
8	Arpin town	"	1150 00	575 00
9	Saratoga town	"	700 00	350 00
10	Rudolph town	"	600 00	300 00
11	Saratoga town	"	500 00	250 00
12	Dexter town	"	1000 00	500 00
13	Cranmoor town	"	300 00	150 00
14	Auburndale town	"	800 00	400 00
15	Cameron town	"	300 00	150 00
16	Seneca town	"	1100 00	550 00
			$12680 00	$6340 00

G. H. Conklin chairman, Simon Worlund, J. J. Iverson, John Wolf, Herman Wood, Michael Krings—Committee on roads and bridges.

Moved by Mr. Connor that the report of the committee on roads and bridges be adopted.

Roll call on same:—Ayes—M. M. Lochner, N. M. Berg, A. L. Williams, C. I. Morrison, A. E. Bennett, Nash Mitchell, William Peters, L. F. Phillips, P. N. Christensen, John Wolf, Michael Krings, L. Ward, John Jenkins, Ed Provost, H. J. Jensen, J. J. Iverson, Simon Worlund, Norman Wood, G. H. Conklin, Peter Hansen. Total 20. Absent and not voting:—Frank Whitrock, Ed Witzel—Total 2.

Moved by Mr. Christensen that the road and bridge committee meet with the town board of the town of Milladore if the bridge comes within the ⅛ percentum.

Mr. Christensen withdraws his motion in regard to Milladore bridge.

Moved that this board adjourn until 2 o'clock p. m.

Carried.

Court House 2 o'clock p. m. May 9th 1907.

Board met pursuant to adjournment and was called to order by Chairman Hooper.

Roll was called and a quorum present. By motion the reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Moved by Mr. Bennett that ½ the amount of the Milladore bridge be raised and paid from the rural bridge fund.

Roll call on same:—Ayes—M. M. Lochner, N. M. Berg, A. L. Williams, C. I. Morrison, A. E. Bennett, Nash Mitchell, William Peters, L. F. Phillips, P. N. Christensen, John Wolf, Michael Krings, L Ward, John Jenkins, Ed Provost, H. J. Jensen, J. J. Iverson, Simon Worlund, Norman Wood, G. H. Conklin, Peter Hansen. Total 20. Absent and not voting:—Frank Whitrock, Ed. Witzel. Total 2.

To the Board of Supervisors of Wood County, Wisconsin.

Gentlemen:—Your committee on road and bridges to whom was referred the following entitled claims, would respectfully report, that we have had the same under consideration, and, after a careful examination of all items contained therein, recommend that the several amounts as set forth in this report be allowed each claimant respectively to-wit:

No.	Claimant	What for	Est'd cost	Amt. Appd
1	T of Grand Rapids	road work	$800 00	$400 00

G. H. Conklin, Simon Worlund, J. J. Iverson, John Wolf, Norman Wood, Michael Kringe.

Moved that the report of the committee on road and bridges be adopted.

Roll call on same:—Ayes—M. M. Lochner, N. M. Berg, R. A. Connor, A. L. Williams, C. I. Morrison, A. E. Bennett, Nash Mitchell, A. J. Hasbrouck, Geo. P. Hambrecht, Geo T. Rowland, E. R. Griffith, E. Oberbeck, P. Mulroy, J. B. Nash, Frank Whitrock, William Peters, L F. Phillips, P. N. Christensen, Jacob Specht, O. G. Lindemann, E E. Ames, E. M. Deming, John Wolf, Michael Krings, William Hooper, E. Eichsteadt, Ed Witzel, Geo. W. Brown, J. C. Kurtz, A. B. Cotey, L. Ward, John Jenkins, Ed Provost, H. J. Jensen, J. J. Iverson, Simon Worlund, Norman Wood, G. H. Conklin, Peter Hansen. Total 39. Absent and not voting:—E. P. Arpin, R. H. Schroeder, Michael Wagner. Total 3.

To the Board of Supervisors of Wood County, Wisconsin:

Gentlemen:—Your committee on Poor Farm and Poor Accounts to whom was referred the following entitled claims, would respectfully report that we have had the same under consideration, and, after a careful examination of all items contained therein, recommend that the several amounts as set forth in this report be allowed each claimant respectively to-wit

No.	Name of Claimant	What for	Amt Claimed	Amt. Allowed
1	Wm Haskins	Supt. of Poor farm Feb. 1st to May 1st	$ 150 00	$ 150 00
2	Gust Schacht	Hired man to May 1st	60 00	60 00
3	Anna Jacobson	Hired girl to Apr. 1st	32 00	32 00
4	Stella Kinister	Hired girl to May 1st	14 00	14 00
5	Bender Bros,	8 cord rock	28 00	28 00
6	A. J. Hasbrouck	Livery	3 00	3 00
7	Corkins Chemical Co.		12 00	12 00
8	J. F. Moore	For repairing	6 85	6 65
9	J. R. Ragan	For mattresses	27 00	27 00
10	W. J. Dickson	Livery	3 00	3 00
11	Cohen Dept. Store	Merchandise	84 78	84 78
12	Johnson Hill & Co.	"	170 80	170 80
13	H Binnebose	Whitewashing	14 25	14 25
14	Wood Co. Tel. Co.	Repair of wire	1 20	1 20
15	H. H. Milbee M. D.	Medical services	20 00	20 00
16	St. Joseph hospital	For board and care	10 00	10 00
17	city of Grand Rapids	Aid of Poor	26 55	26 55
18	H. Nipple M. D.	Medical attendance	14 05	14 05
19	John M. Seale	Medical services and M.	37 18	37 18
20	Ferdinand Lodes	Referred to Dist. Attorney		
21	city of Grand Rapids	Aid to Anna Board	14 25	14 25
			$ 735 51	$ 735 51

Frank Whitrock Chairman, Ed Witzel Committee.

Wood County Teacher's Association $ 10 75

Referred to the Finance Committee.

The committee recommend that the within bill be allowed and paid from the general fund. A. E Bennett Chairman, P. Mulroy, J. B. Nash, H. J Jensen, E. E. Ames, Committee.

Moved that the bill of the Wood County Teachers' Association be allowed. Carried.

Bill of the City of Marshfield for non residence poor presented to the open Board, for $37.40.

Moved by Mr. Arpin that the bill of the City of Marshfield be allowed and that the District Attorney be instructed to collect the same from the proper parties. Carried.

Bill of St. Joseph Hospital for medical attendance to non-residence poor for $13 00, presented to the open Board.

Moved by Mr. Iverson that the bill of St. Joseph hospital be allowed. Carried.

May 5th, 1907.

To the Honorable the County Board of Wood County.

I, the undersigned District Attorney for said county, hereby submit my report in writing on the statements of the Justices of the Peace, constables etc., filed with the county Clerk of said county and by him delivered to me in accordance with the provisions of sections 677 and 688 of the revised statutes.

The amounts set opposite the names of the respective parties in the following report have on examination been found to be legally chargeable against Wood county and are hereby recommended for allowance.

No. 1.

State of Wisconsin VS. M. L. Ohmstead Burglary.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	$3 08

No. 2

Inquest upon the body of Nicholas A. Schafer, deceased.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	$ 8 40
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	5 46
" " Joseph Deckert	Juror	2 40
" " Andrew Mercer	"	2 40
" " Fred Warzinski	"	2 40
" " Peter J. Lahman	"	2 40
" " Henry Oliver	"	2 40
" " Geo. Whitney	"	2 40
" " Fred Krahn	Witness	1 08
" " Wm. McCulloch	"	1 08
" " John Schuler	"	83
" " John Bleisner	"	1 08
" " Anton Veit	"	83
" " A. Paulson	"	1 08
		$31 23

No 3

State of Wisconsin VS. William Marterson, assault and battery.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	2 32
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	6 96
" " Joseph Grall	Witness	1 07
		$10 28

No. 4

State of Wisconsin VS. L. Wenzen, peace proceedings.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	$4 25
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	4 04
" " Solomon Shapiro	Witness	1 08
" " Max Wellner		1 08
		$11 05

No. 5

State of Wisconsin VS. William Meyer, assault and battery.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	$8 45
" " A. F. Gerwing	Officer	3 54
" " I. P. Tiffault	Juror	62
" " Jacob Thomas	"	62
" " H. Koenig	"	62
" " L. Nick	"	0
" " W. L. Little	"	62
" " L. Wenzen	Witness	1 08
" " John Holz	"	1 08
" " Margaretha Tremmel	"	1 08
" " A. F. G rwing	"	1 08
" " Emil Tremmel	"	1 08
" " Ed Boyer	"	1 08
		$20 95

No. 6

State of Wisconsin VS. Gustav Paschke larceny.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Justice	$2 06
" " J. W. Wicker	Officer	1 77
		$3 83

No. 7

State of Wisconsin VS. J sse Congdon, assault and battery.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Municipal Judge	$3 29
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	3 97
		$7 26

No. 8

State of Wisconsin VS. John Schroeder, assault with a dangerous weapon with intent to kill.

Fees of Chas Hahn	Justice	$37 66
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	21 83
" " Gust Anderson	Witness	3 24
" " Casper Gallantine	"	3 96
" " Charley Weiranch	"	4 20
" " Henry Farll	"	4 20
" " Francis Farll	"	4 20
" " Flora Wundrow	"	4 20
" " John Wundrow	"	4 20
" " Henry Wundrow	"	4 20
" " Louis Wundrow	"	4 20
" " Charles Wundrow	"	4 20
" " Anna Wundrow	"	4 20
" " Mary Wiedarek	"	1 40
" " Henry Wahle	"	1 68
" " Fred L. Frederick	"	5 60
		$112 57

No. 9

State of Wisconsin VS. Mathias Nunnler, abusive and obscene language

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Municipal Judge	$2 93
" " Louis Thompson	Deputy Sheriff	2 27
" " Theresia Nunnler	witness	1 08
		$6 28

No. 10

State of Wisconsin VS. Roy Wilson, breaking and entering a dwelling house in the night time Sec. 4408 statutes 1898.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Municipal Judge	$3 97
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	19 57
" " Margaret Schmitt, witness		1 08
		$24 62

No. 11

State of Wisconsin VS. Walter Lochman and Gustave Arndt, larceny from depot building.

Fees of Chas. Hahn	Municipal Judge	$6 50
" " Michael Griffin	Officer	8 50
		$15 00

No. 13.

State of Wisconsin vs. Robert Quamman, larceny from a building in the night time.

Fees of Chas. Hahn, Justice	$14 78
Fees of Michael Griffin, officer	20 95
	$35 73

No. 14.

State of Wisconsin vs. John Casberg, selling Liquors to minors.

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice	$ 3 28

No. 15.

State of Wisconsin vs Fred Pagel, Assault and battery.

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, Justice	$ 3 04

No. 16.

State of Wisconsin vs Albert Podbiski, Abandonment.

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, Justice	$ 1 88

No. 17.

State of Wisconsin vs David Samida, Larcency.

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, Justice	$ 1 88

No. 18.

State of Wisconsin vs Carl Schiller and Fred Schiller Search Warrant.

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice	$ 2 06

No. 19.

State of Wisconsin vs John Scofield, larceny.

Fees of J. A. Keyes, justice	$ 1 88

No. 20.

State of Wisconsin vs Mahlon O. Lichty, drunkenness.

Fees of J. A. Keyes, Justice	$ 2 82

No. 21.

Inquest upon the body of Orville Simpson, deceased.

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice		$ 6 20
" " J. C. Davis,	juror	1 58
" " C. Persohn,	juror	1 58
" " F. Fandrich,	"	1 58
" " M. S. Moran,	"	1 58
" " W. E. Little	"	1 58
" " Chas. Natwick,	"	1 58
" " John Labae,	witness	1 08
" " Peter Love	"	1 08
" " B Altenberg,	"	1 08
" " A. Kallman,	"	1 08
" " Harry Fransen	"	1 08
" " Dr. Pomainville Medical examination and testimony		10 00
		$ 31 08

No 22.

State of Wisconsin vs Robert Engleman vagrancy.

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice		$ 2 82
" " John Garlihee, officer		1 84
		$ 48 85

No. 23.

State of Wisconsin vs Robert Frederick and Stephen Footit, fighting game cocks

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice		$ 5 85
" " John Warren,	witness	1 39
" " Ora White	"	1 39
" " Mrs. O. White	"	1 39
" " Dan Brown	"	1 39
" " Sam Rodgers	"	1 39
" " Wm. Hodge	"	1 39
" " Jesse Lapene	"	1 39
" " Geo. Crowns	"	1 39
" " Joe Arnold	"	1 39
		$ 18 36

No. 24.

State of Wisconsin vs Herman Ramthun, peace bond.

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice	$ 2 28

No. 25.

State of Wisconsin vs John Casberg, selling liquors to minors.

Fees of Jas. A. Keyes, justice	$ 3 28
Jas. A. Keyes, making report to county board,	1 44
Jas. A. Keyes 12 certificates of convictions filed	3 00
	$ 7 72

No. 26.

Burton L. Brown Report to County board	$ 1 50
Burton L Brown travel and filing certificates of convictions	81
	$ 2 31

No. 27.

State of Wisconsin vs M. L. Ohmstead, burglary.

Fees of B. L. Brown, justice		$23 93
" " H. Parker,	witness	3 60
" " Abraham Nipple	"	2 36
" " Jacob Grimm	"	2 36
" " P. Wittingham	"	2 36
" " G. M. Johnson	"	3 16
" " H. Zimmerman	"	6 32
" " Bertha Zurfluh	"	2 20
" " J. T. Welch	"	1 08
" " Frank Zurfluh	"	2 20
" " I. Zimmerman Interpreter		1 08
		$ 49 05

No. 28.

State of Wisconsin vs John Brandel assault and battery.

Fees of B. L. Brown, justice		$ 3 72
" " C. Hardis,	witness	2 60
		$ 6 32

No. 29.

State of Wisconsin vs John Warren, assault and battery.

Fees of B. L. Brown, justice	$ 2 86
" " A. Schafhauser, witness	1 64
	$ 4 50

No. 30.

State of Wisconsin vs Peter Shouse, drunkeness.

Fees of B. L. Brown, justice	$ 2 75
" " J. D. Gibson, officer	1 64
" " John Garihee, witness	1 08
	$ 5 47

No. 31.

State of Wisconsin vs Nick Tomsky, bastardy.

Fees of B. L. Brown, justice	$ 33 14

No. 32.

State of Wisconsin vs John Warren, assault and battery.

Fees of B. L Brown, justice	$ 2 75
" " A Schafhauser, witness	1 64
	$ 4 39

No. 33.

State of Wisconsin vs Walter Kiselenski, abandonment.

Fees of Justice Brown,	$ 2 70
" " A. Kiselenski, witness	1 80
	$ 4 50

No. 34.

State of Wisconsin vs Fred Staley, adultery.

Fees of Justice Brown,	$ 2 08

No. 35.

State of Wisconsin vs John Cochran, larceny.

Fees of Justice Brown	$ 2 62

No. 36

State of Wisconsin vs Albert Neuenfeldt, murder.

Fees of Justice Brown	$ 3 50

No. 37.

State of Wisconsin vs Henry J. Stumpf, assault and battery.

Fees of B. L. Brown, justice		$ 5 42
" " I. Zimmerman,	juror	62
" " Chas. Lester	"	62
" " Mike Dolan	"	62
" " Ernst Young	"	62
" " August Bandelin	"	62
" " John Wheir	"	62
" " A. O. Stumpf,	witness	3 78
		$ 12 92

Continued Next Week

Wood County Real Estate Transfers.

Anton Gerspach and wife of Wood county to Merten Vanderhoof of the same place on June 7th, '07. Lot 3 blk. "B" of L. A. Lathrop's home addition to the city of Marshfield. Con. $1000.

Clinton Dunning and wife of Pittsville, Wis. to M. J. Miller of Alma Center on the 7th of June 07 SE¼ of SW¼ of Sec. 28 T 23 N of R 3E. Con $1200.

Elizabeth C. Ames of Essex county, Mass., to Albert Wirkus of Wood county. Lot 1 blk. 41 Marshfield. Con. $250.

John Sikorski and wife of the city of Chicago, Cook county, Ill., to Martin Mach and wife of the same place. Part of SE¼ of Sec. 8 T 22 R 5E in Wood county. Con. $1100.

Clinton Dunning and wife of Pittsville to M. J. Miller of Alma Center on the 7th of June '07. Part of NE¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 27 T 23 N of R3E. Con. $1500

Tom Knutson and wife of Wood county to Martin Roethle of the same place on the 3rd of June '07, Part of Sec. 26 T 25 N of R 3E. Con. One dollar etc.

Elmer D. McKercher of Wood county to Wesley Armstrong of the same place on the 13th of June. Part of N½ of NW¼ Sec. 7 T 25 N of R2E. Con $1100.

Math Derrichs and wife of the town of Sigel to John Wheir of the city of Grand Rapids on the 7th of June '07. Part of NW corner of SW¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 36 T 23 N of R 5E. Con. $5000.

Ed Clack and wife of Pittsville, Wis., to Geo. A. Davey of Belvidere, Boone Co., Ill., on the 10th day of June '07. S½ of NW¼ of Sec. 3 T 22 R 3E 80 acres. Con. One dollar etc.

P. J. Lyons and wife of Wood county and T. F. Roessler and wife of Milwaukee county to Ole Boson and wife of Wood county. Part of NE¼ of Sec. 18 T 25 N of R 3E. Con. $125.

Market Report.

Victoria	$ 5 70
Patent Flour	5 20
Rye Flour	4 80
Rye	70
Oats	44
Middlings	1 20
Feed	1 37
Bran	1 15
Corn	1 20
Corn Meal	1 23
Butter	18 20
Eggs	18
Chickens	8 10
Turkeys	14-16
Lard	15
Hogs live	$5 50 5 75
Hogs dressed	7.00 7.50
Beef live	3 00 3.50
Beef dressed	5 00 6 00
Hams	14
Hay, timothy	$15 00-18.00
Potatoes	35

WHY SO WEAK?

Kidney Troubles May be Sapping Your Life Away. Grand Rapids People Have Learned This Fact.

When a healthy man or woman begins to run down without apparent cause, becomes weak, languid, depressed, suffers backache, headache, dizzy spells and urinary disorders, look to the kidneys for the cause of it all. Keep the kidneys well and they will keep you well. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys and keep them well. Mrs. Joseph Gower of 6 Park Ave., Janesville, Wis., says:

"Dull aching and pain in the loins often extended around to my sides and there seemed to be no relief from the misery it brought me. Sometimes I was actually unfit for work. I used liniments and hot applications and tried various remedies but all the time I was growing worse. Finally I saw Doan's Kidney Pills recommended in our papers and got a box at a drug store. They gave me some relief almost instantly and in a few days after taking the first dose the backache and misery left me. I gained and since then have had no return of the trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name-Doan's-and take no other.

FOR FORECLOSURE SALE

State of Wisconsin, Wood county, In Circuit court

B. G. Chandos, Plaintiff, vs. Thomas F. Cummings, Mary A. Cummings, his wife, E. D. Main, James McLaughlin and McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered and entered in the above entitled action in the Circuit court for said county on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1907, in favor of the above named plaintiff and against the above named defendants therein (more than one year having elapsed since such entry) and no part of said judgment having been paid, I, J. T. Welch sheriff of said Wood county, Wisconsin, will on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1907, at 9 00 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the front and north door of the court house in the city of Grand Rapids in said county and state, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the premises described in said judgment, to-wit:

The southwest quarter (SW¼) of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of section No. Fifteen (15) Township No. twenty one (21), north of range No three (3), east except that part of Block twenty-three (23) of the town plat of Remington Wood county, Wisconsin, which lies within said forty in Wood county, Wisconsin.

Dated June 18th, 1907

J. T. Welch,
Sheriff of Wood county, Wisconsin

First Pub. June 19
Last Pub. July 31

Wood County court—In Probate,
State of Wisconsin } ss
County of Wood

In the matter of the estate of Dominick Hilbert, deceased.

On this 11th day of June, A. D. 1907, upon reading and filing the petition of Anna Hilbert, stating that Dominick Hilbert of the county of Wood died intestate, on or about the 11th day of June, 1907, and praying that Anna Hilbert be appointed administratrix of the estate of said deceased.

It is ordered that said application be heard before me, at the probate office in the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1907 at 10 o'clock, A. M.

And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the court,

Goggins & Brazeau, Attorneys for Petitioner
W. J. Conway, County Judge

First Pub. June 12
Last Pub. June 26

State of Wisconsin, Wood county, In county court.

In the matter of the estate of Martyn Rucinski, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Martyn Rucinski, late of the town of Seneca in said county of Wood, deceased, having been duly granted to Katarzyna Rucinski by this court.

It is ordered, that the time from the date hereof until and including the 1st day of December, A. D. 1907, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Martyn Rucinski, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Martyn Rucinski, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this court, at its court room in the court house, in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the third Tuesday of December, 1907, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the county of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1907.

By the court,
W. J. Conway, County Judge

First Pub. June 12
Last Pub. July 3

Wood County Court—In Probate.

In the matter of the Will of Albert Hamm, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of William Hamm, executor of the last will and testament of Albert Hamm, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered the said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing his account of his administration, and that the residue of the said estate be assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same.

It is ordered, that said application be heard before me, at my office in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 2d day of July, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.

And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, before the day fixed for said hearing.

Dated this 28th day of May 1907.

By the Court
Wipperman & Hambrecht, Attorneys for Executor
W. J. Conway, County Judge

First Pub. May 29
Last Pub. June 12



June is a great month for weddings. Speaking of weddings reminds one that there is such a thing as wedding presents. We feel that we are justified in making the statement that we have the best place in town at which to purchase wedding presents. A careful examination of our stock will convince you that we are right.

A. P. HIRZY,

Jeweler and Optician

East Side, Next the Post-Office.

T. B. SCOTT FREE LIBRARY.

—HOURS—

From 2:30 to 6 p. m. & 7 to 8:30 p. m.

Every Day Except Sunday.

From 9 to 12:00 Saturday morning.

Children's Room Closed After 6 O'clock

GEO. W. BAKER & SON.
Licensed Undertakers and Embalmers
105 North Second Street, East Grand Rapids, Wis. Business phone 401 night calls 40.

MILLER & JACOBSON,
Architects and Contractors
Office over Daly Drug store, East Side. Careful attention given to all work in this line

DR. E. L. GRAVES,
Dentist
118 First Street, Cohen Bros. Block. Phone 28

DR. GEO. M. McINTYRE,
Osteopath
Suit 11, Mackinnon Block. Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Evenings by appointment. Telephone 100

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Piano Tuner.
Best of work guaranteed. Call telephone 231 or at the house 467 Third Ave N.

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Practice limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Glasses fitted correctly. Eye and Ear Surgeon to Riverview hospital. Office in Wood county bank building.

J. J. JEFFREY,
Lawyer.
Loans and Collections, Commercial and Probate Law. Office over Gross & Lyons.

DR. D. A. TELFER,
Dentist.
Office over Wood County National Bank on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

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Fatty Felix

The Neenah Daily News has the following to say of Fatty Felix, who appeared in that city recently

"Fatty Felix," a farce comedy constructed from newspaper cartoon, without any serious attempt at a plot, but with a merry jingle of continuous fun throughout, including lively musical specialties was the bill offered at the Neenah theatre, Saturday night. All the comedy team, Chas Hart and Gertrude Gebhert, old favorites were recognized. The cast includes Marie Curran very appropriately termed the "California Nightingale." Miss Curran is now in the cast for the first time, and if her elegant rendition of "I Am Me and the World is Mine" is any criterion, she will certainly "make good." She possesses a rich soprano voice of remarkable range and effectiveness, that cannot fail to please.

Busin...

The annual ... Congregations ... next Friday ... the form of a ... all those wh... whether the ... Supper will ... will be much ... reports by the ...

Fourth ...

Fourth ... Possibly ... ning ... July ... hand ... Rafe... All ... baths ...

Holy com... have taken ... church on S... been postpo... bishop will ...

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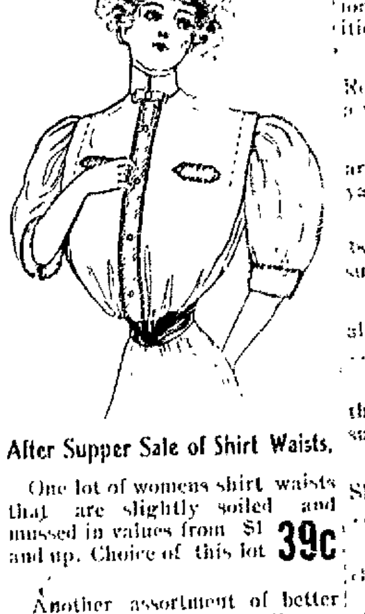
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Everything except what you don... that we sell only shoes that we can r... taking any chances with these.

48 pairs of Ladies White Canvas ... wide lace, cap toe, medium heel, all s...

50 pairs Ladies Vici Kid Blucher ... military heel, light sole, regular $1 50 ...

36 pairs Men's Patent Colt Bluc... London Last, Cap Toe, wide lace, re... values at ...

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